

Questions for Consultation on Issues Paper on roles and functioning of Policyholder Protection Schemes (PPSs)

Thank you for your interest in the public consultation on the Issues Paper on roles and functioning of Policyholder Protection Schemes (PPSs). The Consultation Tool is available on the IAIS website.

Please do not submit this document to the IAIS. All responses to the Consultation Document must be made via the Consultation Tool to enable those responses to be considered.



Consultation questions

	General comments on the Issues Paper
	Global Comment: Throughout the paper, "PPS" and "PPSs" are used to refer to "Policyholder Protection Scheme" and "Policyholder Protection Schemes" respectively. This reads a bit awkwardly. To streamline these references, on the acronym page (pg. 5) include one definition that covers the singular and plural and use "PPS" throughout the paper.
	Pg. 5: PPS – Policyholder Protection Scheme(s)
	Global Comment: We understand IAIS convention does not use the oxford comma for lists, but in some cases in this paper the oxford comma is used for lists. Please review for consistency with IAIS formatting.
	Global Comment: For some of the example boxes throughout the document there are awkward breaks and spaces between the jurisdiction and example. Please review and clean up formatting.
1	Global Comment : need to review the use and formatting of em-dashes for consistency; see for example, paras 37, 40, 53, 110 and the blue box after 124.
2	General comments on Section 1 Introduction
3	General comments on Section 1.1 Objectives and background
4	Comments on Paragraph 1
5	Comments on Paragraph 2
6	Comments on Paragraph 3
7	Comments on Paragraph 4
8	Comments on Paragraph 5
9	Comments on Paragraph 6
10	General comments on Section 1.2 Terminology
	Comments on Paragraph 7
11	2 nd sentence, use of "best practices" may not be consistent with how previous IAIS papers review to examples – as these are self-reported and not verified, perhaps prefer to them as "examples of practices within those jurisdictions."
12	Comments on Paragraph 8
13	Comments on Paragraph 9



14	Comments on Paragraph 10
15	Comments on Paragraph 11
16	General comments on Section 1.3 Inputs
17	Comments on Paragraph 12
18	General comments on Section 1.4 Structure
	Comments on Paragraph 13
19	Fix typo in the first sentence – "reminder" should be "remainder"
20	Comments on Paragraph 14
21	General comments on Section 2
22	General comments on Section 2.1 Overview
23	Comments on Paragraph 15
24	Comments on Paragraph 16
25	Comments on Paragraph 17
26	Comments on Paragraph 18
27	Comments on Paragraph 19
28	General comments on Section 2.2 Functions of PPSs
	Comments on Paragraph 20
	Not all frameworks are necessarily national; suggest:
	Depending on national jurisdictional frameworks, PPSs could fulfil various functions in
29	different stages of recovery and resolution.
30	Comments on Paragraph 21
31	Comments on Paragraph 22
32	Comments on Paragraph 23
33	Comments on Paragraph 24
34	General comments on Section 2.3 Intervention by PPSs
35	General comments on Section 2.3.1 Recovery phase
36	Comments on Paragraph 25
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	Comments on Paragraph 26
	In the blue box, for the UK example, while the first sentence may be true, it does not seem necessarily relevant for what this example is illustrating – suggest deleting. In the last sentence, rather than say "currently" which will lose meaning as the paper ages, suggest noting the year this legislation is proposed, or alternatively revise to:
37	Currently, the UK has no statutory resolution regime for insurers. As proposed, the Financial Services Compensation Scheme (FSCS) would make the following tools are available to a firm in recovery: In addition, proposed legislation currently in Parliament (as of [insert publication date of paper, or substitute with a reference to the adoption date if and when legislation is adopted]) would provide the option for writedown with a top-up by the Financial Services Compensation Scheme (FSCS).
38	Comments on Paragraph 27
39	Comments on Paragraph 28
40	General comments on Section 2.3.2 Resolution phase
41	Given how other parts of the paper note how the scope, role, functions, etc. of a PPS can vary, it seems a bit odd to say a "PPS could intervene in all situations, albeit in different ways." Is it really <i>all</i> situations? Suggest considering clarifying the intended point here.
42	Comments on Paragraph 30
	Comments on Paragraph 31
	Suggested revisions to the 2 nd sentence:
43	Alternatively, under open firm bail-in (see Paragraph 24), the insurance contracts will be continued with the same insurer which has been allowed to restart its operations.
	Comments on Paragraph 32
	Suggested revisions to the 1 st sentence, replace the comma with a semi-colon:
	The nature of a PPS intervention would also differ depending on the products being offered by the insurer; these can be either products with long term protections (typically life policies) or products with short term protection (typically non-life policies).
	Suggested revisions to the 2 nd sentence, replace the comma with a semi-colon and fix grammar and capitalization:
44	For life products, claims payments likely need to be continueing over longer periods; Ffor non-life products, payments might be necessary for only a short period (eg 30 or 60 days) so that the policyholder has sufficient time to find another insurer.



45	Comments on Paragraph 33
	Comments on Paragraph 34
	The 1 st sentence is awkwardly written and its intent is unclear; consider revising.
	Last sentence, for consistency with usual IAIS phrasing, suggest:
<mark>46</mark>	It should be noted that not necessarily all jurisdictions have resolution frameworks that fully observe comply with ICP 12, and given their resolution frameworks or have comprehensive PPSs in place.
47	General comments on Section 3
	Comments on Paragraph 35
48	Typo: "The This 2013 Issues Paper"
49	Comments on Paragraph 36
50	Comments on Paragraph 37
51	General comments on Section 3.1 Scope of coverage
52	Comments on Paragraph 38
53	Comments on Paragraph 39
	Comments on Paragraph 40
<mark>54</mark>	Footnote 17 appears to have an unnecessary paragraph break after the first sentence.
55	Comments on Paragraph 41
56	Comments on Paragraph 42
57	General comments on Section 3.2 Limits on compensation
58	Comments on Paragraph 43
59	Comments on Paragraph 44
	Comments on Paragraph 45
	Second sentence, if the practice is done in multiple jurisdictions, singling out one jurisdiction seems odd, so would suggest deleting "(eg in Canada)". If this is unique to Canada, then suggest using a sentence structure more common to other IAIS material:
<mark>60</mark>	In Canada, the It may also happen (eg in Canada) that a PPS has some form of a "circuit breaker" where the level of protection may depend on the level of difficulty the provided protection would cause to the other industry players.



61	Comments on Paragraph 46
	Comments on Paragraph 47
62	Consider capitalizing the first word of each bullet.
	Comments on Paragraph 48
	Third sentence, if the practice is done in multiple jurisdictions, singling out one jurisdiction seems odd, so would suggest deleting "(eg in Canada)". If this is unique to Canada, then suggest using a sentence structure more common to other IAIS material:
<mark>63</mark>	In Canada, It may also happen (eg in Canada) that the PPS is allowed to provide higher compensation than the pre-set limit, in cases where it appreciates that observing the pre-set limit would constitute a hardship case.
64	Comments on Paragraph 49
65	Comments on Paragraph 50
66	General comments on Section 3.3 Method of compensation
67	Comments on Paragraph 51
68	Comments on Paragraph 52
69	Comments on Paragraph 53
70	Comments on Paragraph 54
71	Comments on Paragraph 55
72	General comments on Section 3.4 Eligible policyholders and claimants
	Comments on Paragraph 56
	In the blue box, suggest the text could be streamlined as follows:
73	In connection with the issue indicated in the preceding paragraph, In the United States takes a related, but different approach under which most non-life PPSs have "high net worth" exclusions. These exclude a small number of wealthy individuals who are deemed to be sophisticated purchasers, but operate primarily to exclude larger commercial policyholders. A common threshold is \$50 million, but some states draw the line as low as \$10 million.
74	Comments on Paragraph 57
	Comments on Paragraph 58
75	In the 3 rd sentence the use of the word "devastated" is a bit loaded. Consider changing to something more neutral, such as "unduly impacted."



76	Comments on Paragraph 59
77	General comments on Section 3.5 Treatment of unearned premiums
78	Comments on Paragraph 60
	Comments on Paragraph 61
	Similar to the comment for paragraph 47, consider capitalizing the first word of each bullet.
	Following the bullets, suggest it would read better as:
	In this case, unearned premiums amount to 50 million CUs 50; outstanding claims amount to 80 million CUs 80
	OR
<mark>79</mark>	In this case, unearned premiums amount to million CUs 50 million; outstanding claims amount to million CUs 80 million
	General comments on Section 3.6 Cross-border issues of coverage: home- and host-jurisdiction principles
80	Graph on pgs. 25-26, consider numbering or naming the graph. In the first diagram, add a bit more space to the depiction of "Policyholders of Insurer A domiciled in B."
81	Comments on Paragraph 62
82	Comments on Paragraph 63
	Comments on Paragraph 64
	Suggested revisions to the 3 rd sentence:
83	Recent examples of failures in the EU suggest, however, that even with a host-jurisdiction principle, the treatment of policyholders of a failed insurer may still be highly dependent on the jurisdiction where the failed insured was headquartered (the "home" jurisdiction), notably because the liquidation laws that will apply are those of the home jurisdiction, and liquidation laws sometimes very vary markedly diverge across jurisdictions.
84	Comments on Paragraph 65
85	Comments on Paragraph 66
86	Comments on Paragraph 67
87	Comments on Paragraph 68
88	Comments on Paragraph 69



Comments on Paragraph 71
General comments on Section 4
Comments on Paragraph 72
General comments on Section 4.1 Sources for PPS funding
Comments on Paragraph 73
Comments on Paragraph 74
Comments on Paragraph 75
Comments on Paragraph 76
Comments on Paragraph 77
Comments on Paragraph 78
General comments on Section 4.2 Ex-ante, ex-post and hybrid funding
Comments on Paragraph 79
Comments on Paragraph 80
General comments on Section 4.3 Determining the levy level for insurers
Comments on Paragraph 81
Comments on Paragraph 82
Comments on Paragraph 83
Comments on Paragraph 84
As written, the 1 st sentence is a bit speculative, suggest the following revisions:
As price is one of the most important factors in choosing an insurer, competition may creates incentives for insurers to price their products aggressively, potentially assuming risks that threaten the firm's financial soundness.
Comments on Paragraph 85
In the blue box, UK example, FSCS is already spelled out on page 13 so can just use the acronym here.
General comments on Section 4.4 Differences between resolution funds and PPSs



111	Comments on Paragraph 87
112	Comments on Paragraph 88
113	Comments on Paragraph 89
114	General comments on Section 5
	Comments on Paragraph 90
<mark>115</mark>	Second sentence, not clear what "prescriptions" means in this context – suggest considering a better word choice. Perhaps "conditions of coverage"?
116	General comments on Section 5.1 ICPs and PPS disclosure
117	Comments on Paragraph 91
118	Comments on Paragraph 92
119	General comments on Section 5.2 Disclosure considerations relevant to PPS
120	Comments on Paragraph 93
121	Comments on Paragraph 94
122	Comments on Paragraph 95
123	Comments on Paragraph 96
124	Comments on Paragraph 97
125	Comments on Paragraph 98
	Comments on Paragraph 99
	Suggested revisions to the 1 st and 2 nd sentences:
	The PPS should, through its public disclosure programme, build credibility with policyholders and stakeholders through an active communication process that is effective at different levels of stakeholders, eg insurers, consumers and intermediaries. The public disclosure programme may consider a tailored approach for the various classes of stakeholders.
126	
127	Comments on Paragraph 100
128	Comments on Paragraph 101
	Comments on Paragraph 102
129	Suggested revision to the 2 nd sentence to eliminate redundancy:



	In the event of an insurer failure the PPS or an empowered authority, liquidator or court appointee should notify policyholders as expeditiously and appropriately as possible of the role of the PPS and how protection will be provided, via media such as press releases, print advertising, websites and other media outlets.
130	General comments on Section 6
131	Comments on Paragraph 103
132	Comments on Paragraph 104
133	General comments on Section 6.1 Cooperation and coordination between PPSs
	Comments on Paragraph 105
	As not all PPSs are necessarily national, suggest:
134	Where this activity is material, cooperation and coordination between national PPSs across jurisdictions are essential,
135	Comments on Paragraph 106
136	Comments on Paragraph 107
	Comments on Paragraph 108
	As not all insurance is necessarily issued at national level, suggest:
137	ie where the domestic PPS covers policies issued by domestic insurers both at national level-within the jurisdiction and abroad
138	Comments on Paragraph 109
	Comments on Paragraph 110
	In the blue box, while the European Union example has interesting information, it does
139	not seem particularly relevant given the focus is on coordination and cooperation. Suggest considering whether there is a more relevant place for this example.
140	General comments on Section 6.2 Cooperation and coordination between a PPS and a supervisor/resolution authority
141	Comments on Paragraph 111
142	Comments on Paragraph 112
143	Comments on Paragraph 113
144	Comments on Paragraph 114
145	Comments on Paragraph 115
146	Comments on Paragraph 116



147	Comments on Paragraph 117
148	Comments on Paragraph 118
149	Comments on Paragraph 119
150	Comments on Paragraph 120
151	Comments on Paragraph 121
	Comments on Paragraph 122
	Typically Issues Papers avoid wording that suggests setting requirements – suggest revising the wording, in particular to avoid the use of "must":
152	Supervisors and The sharing of confidential information is important to enable supervisors, resolution authorities need to share confidential information with and PPSs for any of them to fulfil their respective responsibilities effectively., and Therefore, jurisdictions should consider whether the governing laws must clearly delineate when and how confidential information can be shared, and what obligations must be assumed by the recipient of the information.
	Comments on Paragraph 123
	Typically Issues Papers avoid wording that suggests setting requirements – suggest revising the wording, in particular to avoid the use of "must".
153	In particular, it could be useful for there must to be explicit legal authority for the supervisor and/or resolution authority to have the discretion to share confidential information about insolvent and impaired insurers with a PPS, but only on and to make this discretion explicitly subject to the condition that the PPS is bound by the same obligations of professional secrecy that apply to the supervisor and/or resolution authority. Confidentiality protocols may also be embedded in the internal operating documents of the PPS.
	Comments on Paragraph 124
154	In the blue box, while the Canada example has interesting information, only the end of the second paragraph seems particularly relevant to the topic of coordination and cooperation. Suggest moving the remainder to a more appropriate place such as Section 2.3, where the powers of a PPS and the timing of intervention are discussed.
155	General comments on Section 7
156	General comments on Section 7.1 Other mechanisms aimed at protecting policyholders in the event of an insurer failure
157	Comments on Paragraph 125
158	Comments on Paragraph 126
159	General comments on Section 7.1.1 Preferred claims



160	Comments on Paragraph 127
161	General comments on Section 7.1.2 Tied assets
162	Comments on Paragraph 128
	Comments on Paragraph 129
<mark>163</mark>	Referring to tied assets as an "institution" seems a bit odd; suggest considering different wording to make the intended point clearer.
164	General comments on Section 7.1.3 Segregated assets
165	Comments on Paragraph 130
166	Comments on Paragraph 131
167	Comments on Paragraph 132
168	General comments on Section 7.2 Other protection mechanisms outside of insurers' failure
169	Comments on Paragraph 133
170	General comments on Section 7.2.1 Mechanisms that indemnify the victim when the responsible person is unknown or uninsured
171	Comments on Paragraph 134
	Comments on Paragraph 135
	The example jurisdictions are mentioned in an odd place; suggest this could read better as:
172	Not infrequently (eg France, Italy, Switzerland), the bodies compensating the victims when there is no identified insurer, are the same as those compensating policyholders when an insurer is insolvent (eg in France, Italy, Switzerland). This — which can make sense since, in both cases, it is about compensating victims in the absence of an insurer capable of doing so.
173	General comments on Section 7.2.2 Mechanisms covering catastrophe risks
174	Comments on Paragraph 136
175	General comments on Annex
	Comments on Section 1 Moral hazard
<mark>176</mark>	Suggest revision to the 2 nd sentence of the 2 nd paragraph:



The problem of moral hazard, particularly for larger and more systemic institutions, was illustrated by the behaviour of some market participants in the years preceding the great financial crisis of 2007–09.

Page 46, second paragraph, can remove the period in the quote before footnote 62:

"is not an effective tool ... as it can inflict losses without instilling discipline and may trigger bank runs.""

Page 47, second paragraph, second sentence, the phrase "lay policyholder" is a bit odd; suggest using "average policyholder" or simply "policyholders" in this context. Last sentence, to help improve readability:

This is all the more true in multi-jurisdictional single markets such as the EU or the USA, where a policyholder based in one place (eg in Portugal or in California) is not expected to exert vigilance on the soundness of an insurer headquartered in another place (eg in Finland or in Maine).

177 Comments on Section 2 Safeguards to mitigate moral hazard