

MEMORANDUM

TO: Commissioner Andrew N. Mais (CT), Chair of the Health Actuarial (B) Task Force and
Fred Andersen (MN), Chair of the Long-Term Care Valuation (B) Subgroup

FROM: Steve Drutz (WA), Chair of the Health Risk-Based Capital (E) Working Group

DATE: Feb. 25, 2022

RE: AG 51 – Asset Adequacy Testing

The Health Risk-Based Capital (E) Working Group established the Health Test Ad Hoc Group in 2018 to review the health test language within the *Annual Statement Instructions* due to inconsistencies in reporting of health business across the different blanks, as well as a significant amount of health business reported on the life and fraternal blank. Currently, a company passes the health test if the following requirements are met:

- The values for the premium and reserve ratios in the Health Statement Test equal or exceed 95% for both the reporting and prior year.

AND

- The entity passing the Health Statement Test is licensed and actively issuing and/or renewing business in five states or less.

AND

- At least 75% of the entity's current year premiums are written in its domiciliary state.

OR

- The values for the premium and reserve ratios in the Health Statement Test equal 100% for both the reporting and prior year, regardless of the number of states in which the entity is licensed.

The intent of the Ad Hoc Group was to evaluate if changes were warranted to the health test because of industry changes since its original development. The Ad Hoc Group has drafted a phase 1 proposal that will delete the requirements for an entity being licensed and actively issuing and/or renewing business in five states or less and at least 75% of the entity's current year premiums being written in their domicile state. The Ad Hoc Group is continuing to evaluate the current 95% premium and reserve ratios.

Through the evaluation and discussion of the 95% reserve ratio, there was a question brought up as to whether an entity would still be required to perform asset adequacy testing of long-term care (LTC)

business if the entity moved from the life blank to the health blank. It is the Ad Hoc Group's understanding that asset adequacy testing is required, regardless of the blank if the criteria for asset adequacy testing are met. The Working Group is asking the Health Actuarial (B) Task Force to consider adding a sentence to *Actuarial Guideline LI—The Application of Asset Adequacy Testing to Long-Term Care Insurance Reserves* (AG 51) that would indicate that regardless of the blank the entity files, asset adequacy testing is required by the entity if the criteria are met.

This clarification would help to make it abundantly clear that all companies with LTC exposure that are subject to asset adequacy testing would still be required to meet these requirements, regardless of the blank they are filing on.

If you have any questions regarding the suggested clarification, please contact Crystal Brown (cbrown@naic.org).

cc: Eric King, Crystal Brown