Welcome to the Title Insurance (C) Task Force

- All audio will be muted upon entry
- Prior to speaking, unmute both Webex & cell phone
- If joined by phone, press*6 to mute/unmute your line.
- ☐ Use "Chat" for questions, comments or assistance
- ☐ Tech Help: MeetingTechHelp@naic.org or 866-874-4905
- ☐ The meeting is being recorded





Date: 7/12/21

Virtual Meeting

(in lieu of meeting at the 2021 Summer National Meeting)

TITLE INSURANCE (C) TASK FORCE

Tuesday, July 13, 2021

2:00 - 3:30 p.m. ET / 1:00 - 2:30 p.m. CT / 12:00 - 1:30 p.m. MT / 11:00 a.m. - 12:30 p.m. PT

ROLL CALL

Judith L. French, Chair	Ohio	Troy Downing	Montana
David Altmaier, Vice Chair	Florida	Bruce R. Ramge	Nebraska
Lori K. Wing-Heier	Alaska	Barbara D. Richardson	Nevada
Peni Itula Sapini Teo	American Samoa	Marlene Caride	New Jersey
Karima M Woods	District of Columbia	Russell Toal	New Mexico
Colin M. Hayashida	Hawaii	Mike Causey	North Carolina
Vicki Schmidt	Kansas	Jessica K. Altman	Pennsylvania
James J. Donelon	Louisiana	Raymond G. Farmer	South Carolina
Kathleen A. Birrane	Maryland	Larry D. Deiter	South Dakota
Grace Arnold	Minnesota	Michael S. Pieciak	Vermont
Chlora Lindley-Myers	Missouri	Scott A. White	Virginia

NAIC Support Staff: Anne Obersteadt/Aaron Brandenburg

AGENDA

Consider Adoption of its June 7, 2021, E-Vote Minutes
 Director Judith L. French (OH)

Attachment 1

- 2. Discuss Comments Received on the Revisions to the *Title Insurance Consumer* Shopping Tool Template Director Judith L. French (OH)
- Attachment 2
- 3. Consider Adoption of the Revisions to the *Title Insurance Consumer Shopping Tool Template Director Judith L. French (OH)*
- 4. Hear a Presentation on business email compromises and other cybercrimes

 Amanda Fritz (Federal Bureau of Investigation— FBI)
- 5. Hear from State Insurance Regulators about Title Insurance Fraud Trends in their Respective States— *Michelle Rafeld (OH); Stephanie Noren (OR);*Dennis Wright (AL); Marjorie Thompson/Carrie Couch (MO); Mickey VanCuren (NM);

 Steven Giampaolo, JD/Staff (CO); Open to All Others
- 6. Discuss Any Other Matters Brought Before the Task Force
 Director Judith L. French (OH)

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Consider Adoption of its June 7, 2021 E-Vote Minutes— *Director Judith L. French*

Attachment 1



Draft: 7/12/21

Title Insurance (C) Task Force E-Vote June 7, 2021

The Title Insurance (C) Task Force conducted an e-vote that concluded June 7, 2021. The following Task Force members participated: Judith L. French, Chair, represented by Michelle Brugh Rafeld (OH); David Altmaier, Vice Chair, represented by Anoush Brangaccio (FL); Peni Itula Sapini Teo (AS); Karima M. Woods represented by Angela King (DC); Colin M. Hayashida represented by Martha Im (HI); Vicki Schmidt represented by Heather R. Droge (KS); James J. Donelon represented by Warren Byrd (LA); Chlora Lindley-Myers represented by Carrie Couch (MO); Grace Arnold represented by Paul Hanson (MN); Troy Downing (MT); Mike Causey represented by Tim Johnson (NC); Russell Toal represented by Jennifer Catechis (NM); Jessica K. Altman represented by Mark J. Lersch (PA); and, Scott A. White represented by Mike Beavers (VA).

1. Exposed the Proposed Revisions to the Title Insurance Consumer Shopping Tool Template.

The Task Force considered exposing revisions to the *Title Insurance Consumer Shopping Tool Template*. The revisions include questions and answers about title insurance-related fraud topics, including, but not limited to, closing protection letters and wire fraud. The motion passed, with a majority of the members voting in favor of exposing the document.

A majority of the Task Force members voted in favor of exposing revisions to the *Title Insurance Consumer Shopping Tool Template* with a public comment period ending July 5 (Attachment A). The motion passed.

Having no further business, the Title Insurance (C) Task Force adjourned.

Discuss Comments Received on Revisions to the Title Insurance Consumer Shopping Tool Template — *Director Judith L. French*

Attachment 2



How to Buy Title Insurance in [Insert State]

This guide:

- Covers the basics of title insurance.
- Explains the need for title insurance.
- Offers tips to shop for title insurance and closing services.
- Gives you questions you should ask before you buy title insurance.

[Name] [Superintendent of Insurance] [DOI Logo]

[DOI Website Address]

Drafting Note: This template has been developed for state departments of insurance who are interested in providing a consumer education publication regarding title insurance. The template was developed as a comprehensive guide that can be edited/personalized to meet the individual needs of a state.

Table of Contents

Introduction	Page 3
Buying or Refinancing a Property	Page 3
What is Title Insurance, and What Does it Cover?	Page 4
Two Types of Title Insurance—Owner's and Lender's Policies	Page 4
What Doesn't Title Insurance Cover?	Page 4
Who Sells Title Insurance?	Page 5
The Right to Choose Your Own Title Agent/Company	Page 5
Who Pays for Title Insurance?	Page 5
What Does Title Insurance Cost?	Page 6
Ask if You're Eligible for Discounts	Page 6
The Difference Between Title and Homeowners Insurance	Page 6
Questions to Ask Before You Buy Title Insurance	Page 6
The Real Estate Closing	Page 7
Closing Agents	Page 8
Questions to Ask When You Choose a Closing Agent	Page 8
Closing Protection	Page 8
Shop Around for Title Insurance and Closing Services	Page 8
Cost Comparison Chart	Page 9
Final Tips to Remember	Page 10
How to File a Title Insurance Claim	Page 10
The [INSERT DOI NAME] is Here to Help	Page 10
Other Resources Available	Page 11

Disclaimer:

The information included in this publication is meant to serve as a guide and is not a substitute for legal or professional advice. Please contact a professional if you have any questions.

Introduction

A real estate transaction may be one of the largest investments you'll ever make. Because the decisions you make when you buy or refinance a home can have effects for years to come, it's important to take time to learn about the process so you can make good decisions.

You may want to hire a licensed professional to help you with the many steps to buy or refinance a home or piece of property. Before you agree to do business with anyone, however, be sure the individual is qualified and licensed.

Buying or Refinancing a Home or Property

So you're ready to buy or refinance a home or piece of property. Now what?

If you've found the perfect home or property and the seller has accepted your offer, the next steps will most likely be:

- You'll get a loan from a mortgage lender.
- A professional will inspect and appraise the home or property.
- You'll choose an individual or business, known as a closing agent, to organize and finalize your real
 estate transaction
- You'll choose a "closing date" to sign paperwork and take ownership of your new home.
- You'll buy homeowners insurance through a licensed property and casualty insurance agent.
- You'll decide if you need flood and/or earthquake insurance, which you can buy through a licensed
 property and casualty agent.
- You'll decide if you'll need title insurance, which you can buy through a licensed title agent or company.
- A professional may "survey" the property. A survey is a professional drawing of the property's boundaries. It also shows where a home is located on the property.
- You may be able to buy a home warranty that covers the mechanical breakdown of individual parts of
 a home, such as the electrical and plumbing systems. A warranty doesn't cover the home's structure,
 may or may not cover appliances, ends at a specific point in time (for example, one year) and has
 exclusions and limitations that you should review. Home warranties might not be regulated as insurance
 in your state.
- A final walk through of the home you're buying will be scheduled.
- You'll sign legal paperwork to finalize your new loan.

If you're refinancing your home or property:

- You'll get a new loan from a mortgage lender.
- A professional may inspect and appraise your home or property.
- You'll give the lender information about your homeowners, flood and/or earthquake insurance coverage.
- You'll decide if you need title insurance, which you can buy from a licensed title agent or company.
- A closing date will be selected.
- You'll sign legal paperwork to finalize your new loan.

When you buy or refinance a home or piece of property, you'll need to decide whether to buy title insurance.

What is title insurance? Why do you need it? This guide will answer those questions and more.

What is Title Insurance, and What Does it Cover?

A title documents your legal ownership or interest in property.

Title insurance is an insurance policy that covers *past* title problems that come up *after* you buy or refinance a property.

Lost, forged or incorrectly filed deeds, property access issues and liens on a property are just a few of the title problems that could come up after you buy or refinance a home or piece of land.

For example, if you received a letter telling you there's an unpaid mortgage on the property you just bought, you could submit a claim to your title insurance company. The title insurance company would pay the legal costs to settle the dispute and/or to resolve the problem.

Without title insurance, you might have to pay all of the legal costs to settle the dispute. And if you lose the dispute, you could lose money, the equity you have in your home, and possibly ownership.

Two Types of Title Insurance—Owner's and Lender's Policies

There are two types of title insurance policies:

- An Owner's Policy
- A Lender's Policy

An *owner's policy* protects *you* for the full price you paid for the home plus legal costs if a past title or ownership issue comes up after you buy your home. An owner's policy is issued for the amount you paid to buy your home, and the policy will cover you as long as you own an interest in the property. You are not required to purchase an owner's policy, but if you choose not to, you may lose the money you've paid for your home.

If a basic owner's policy doesn't cover a specific title issue, often you can add coverage, known as a *policy endorsement*. For example, if you're buying a new home and the owner's policy doesn't cover claims (often known as a mechanic's lien) filed by a contractor (often known as a mechanic's lien), you can add a policy endorsement to ensure you are covered. Some endorsements are free while others can be added for an additional fee.

An *enhanced owner's policy*, which has a higher level of coverage than a standard owner's policy, also may be available in your area. Enhanced owner's policies cost about 20% more than a standard owner's policy, but they cover extra risks. An enhanced owner's policy also may continue to provide coverage after a property has been transferred.

If you borrow money to buy your home or property, your lender is likely to require you to buy a *lender's policy*. A lender's policy only protects *the lender* if a title or ownership problem comes up after the property is purchased. A lender's policy is issued for the amount of the mortgage, and the coverage goes down as you pay down your loan. Unlike an owner's policy, the lender's policy ends when you pay off your mortgage. You may be expected to pay the premium for a lender's policy.

Because a lender's policy only protects the lender from title problems, you'll also need an owner's policy if you want to protect yourself.

What Doesn't Title Insurance Cover?

Title insurance policies do not cover ownership issues that come about after you've bought a home.

For example, if your neighbor builds a fence on your property after you've bought your home, your title insurance policy will not cover the costs to settle the dispute.

DRAFT: 3-23-215-25-21

Commented [MBR1]: Incorporated change suggested by Joe Petrelli of Demotech for readability. Also, most title insurance policies don't cover issues such as easements, boundary line disputes, zoning violations and air or mineral rights.

Your title insurance policy may spell out other issues that won't be covered. And if there's a title issue specific to the home you're buying or refinancing, your title policy may not cover it. Ask for a list of what will and will not be covered, and be sure to read your policy.

Who Sells Title Insurance?

Only licensed title insurance companies, agencies and agents can sell title insurance in [INSERT STATE]. **Drafting Note:** If a state permits other individuals and entities to sell title insurance, this sentence should be amended to include those parties.

You can buy title insurance directly from a title insurance company or a title agent who sells title insurance for a company.

The Right to Choose Your Own Title Agent/Company

You have the right to shop for and choose your provider of title insurance and settlement services

A good time to shop for title insurance is when you choose a real estate agent, and a lender has prequalified you for a loan. You'll have an idea of the price you can pay for a home/property and a title insurance agent or company can use that information to estimate your title insurance costs.

There are several ways you can find a title insurance agent or company:

- You can ask the sellers who they used when they bought the home.
- You can check the [INSERT NAME OF DOI] website, [INSERT WEB ADDRESS].
- You can check online for title insurance agents, agencies and companies in your area.
- You can ask for recommendations from your real estate agent, attorney, mortgage lender, financial institution or builder.

If your real estate agent, attorney, builder or lender offers to arrange title insurance for you, or suggests you use a specific title agent or company, ask if they have a business arrangement with the title company or agent they're recommending and if they'll make money from the referral. Federal law requires real estate professionals, title agents and lenders to tell you about any business arrangements they may have.

Also, beware of statements such as:

- "Everyone charges the same price."
- "We'll give you a discount on something else if you use our title agent."
- "If you choose another title agent, your purchase may be delayed."

These types of statements may be used to convince you to give up your right to choose a title agent or company, and you may pay more for title insurance than if you had shopped around.

Who Pays for Title Insurance?

If you're buying a home, who pays for title insurance depends in part on local custom. It may be something, however, that you can negotiate with the seller of the property. When buying a home, be sure to ask your real estate agent what the custom is in your area and if you'll likely be the one to pay for title insurance.

Commented [MBR2]: Deleted reference to phone books based upon 3-23-21 WG discussion on phone books being outdated.

If you're refinancing your home, it'll be your responsibility to buy and pay for the title insurance policy.

A title insurance policy is paid for with a one-time premium payment.

What Does Title Insurance Cost?

The cost of title insurance is usually tied to the value of the home.

If you're buying an owner's policy, the price of your policy will depend on the home's selling price.

The price of title insurance also can include more than just insurance. One cost included in the price is a *title search*. When a title search is conducted, a title agent or company reviews local records, such as deeds, mortgages, wills, divorce decrees, court judgments and tax records looking for any title issues with the property. In [INSERT STATE NAME], a title search must be done before a company can issue a title insurance policy.

If you're buying a lender's policy, the price of title insurance will depend on your loan amount.

Ask if You're Eligible for Discounts

When you buy title insurance, ask if you're eligible for any discounts.

If there was a previous title policy on the home (because the home changed owners or you're refinancing), you may get a discount known as a "reissue rate."

If you decide to buy both an owner's and lender's policy, you may get a discount if you buy both policies together.

The Difference Between Title and Homeowners Insurance

Title insurance is different from homeowners insurance.

- Title insurance protects you against past title problems. Homeowners insurance protects you against
 future issues that cause damage to your home or personal property. Homeowners insurance also limits
 your personal legal responsibility (or liability) if someone is injured while they're on your property.
- Licensed title agents and companies sell title insurance. Insurance agents licensed to sell property, and
 casualty insurance sell homeowners insurance.
- You pay the premium for title insurance with a one-time payment, when you buy or refinance a home.
 A homeowners insurance policy is paid for on an ongoing basis and is up for renewal each year.
- Homeowners insurance does not protect your ownership in the property and does not replace the need for title insurance.

Questions to Ask Before You Buy Title Insurance

When you shop for title insurance, be sure to ask the title agent or company the following questions:

- How long have you been licensed to sell title insurance in [INSERT STATE]?
- What title insurance company do you sell policies for?
- Are title insurance premiums regulated in [INSERT STATE]?
- Are any discounts available?
- Are you related or affiliated in any way with my real estate agent, mortgage lender, builder, or attorney?
- Will anyone be paid a referral fee or commission or be compensated if I buy title insurance from you or a company you represent?
- In addition to title insurance premiums, what other fees and charges will I pay?
- What policy endorsements are available?
- Do you charge a cancellation fee if I don't buy title insurance from you after you do a title search?

DRAFT: 3-23-21<u>5-25-21</u>

• Will I need to pay for a survey before you can sell me title insurance?

The Real Estate Closing

The last step to buying or refinancing a home / property is known as the closing.

Shortly after the seller accepts your offer to buy their home or the lender approves your refinancing, a closing date will be set.

A closing can be done in person, electronically or by mail. As part of the closing, you'll be asked to sign the legal paperwork required to finalize the real estate transaction. On the day of the closing, you (as well as the seller) will be expected to pay any money owed.

If an in person closing is scheduled, expect the closing to last an hour or two. In addition to you, the seller, real estate agent(s), attorney, title agent and lender may attend the closing.

Make sure you understand what you're being asked to sign.

During the closing, you'll be signing documents that are legal binding contracts. Take time to understand what they mean. If you don't understand something, ask someone to explain it to you, or ask for time to contact a trusted friend, family member, attorney or advisor for help.

One document you'll be asked to review and sign is the *closing disclosure*. The closing disclosure shows all of the money to be paid to complete the transaction. Some of the costs listed on the closing disclosure will include:

- Outstanding mortgages to be paid.
- Money to be exchanged between the buyer and seller.
- The amount of the new loan(s).
- Loan origination charges.
- Property appraisal fees.
- Credit report fees.
- Real estate agent fees.
- Tax preparation fees.
- TProperty taxes owed.
- Escrow funds.
- Title insurance premiums.
- Courier fees.
- Settlement or closing fees.
- Closing protection fees.
- · Document or recording fees.

Federal law gives you the right to see the closing disclosure at least three business days before closing. It's highly recommended that you ask for a copy of the closing disclosure ahead of time so you have a chance to review it and ask questions.

If everything isn't in order by your scheduled closing date, your closing date may be moved to another date.

After the closing, you'll be given copies of all the documents you signed.

Commented [MBR3]: Joe Petrelli of Demotech recommended this be updated to reflect Real Estate Taxes owed. In discussing as a working group, group determined addition of the word property would be helpful.

Closing Agents

Closing agents handle real estate closings and coordinate all of the steps required to make the real estate transaction official. They're responsible for getting mortgage and loan pay-off amounts from the seller's lender(s) and the amount of property taxes owed. They also give instructions to the buyer and seller, hold money until the home's title is transferred, prepare documents for the buyer and seller to sign, pay out money owed and file documents with the county recorder, who updates records to show a property has changed owners.

Some title agents do more than just sell title insurance. They also conduct real estate closings by serving as a closing agent. Their responsibilities as a closing agent are separate from what they to do as a title agent.

Other professionals, such as attorneys, also can be closing agents.

Just as you have the right to choose a title agent or company, you also have the right to choose your closing agent.

Questions to Ask When You Choose a Closing Agent

When you choose a closing agent, be sure to ask the following questions:

- Can you give me a list of all the fees and charges I would pay if you were my closing agent?
- What fees and charges are negotiable?
- Are your closing staff licensed title insurance agents?
- How and when do you conduct closings?
- Who will handle my closing?
- When will you give me a copy of the settlement statement? 1
- Do you have references or testimonials available?
- Do you offer closing protection coverage?
- · How much does closing protection cost?

Closing Protection Letters

Title insurance doesn't protect the lender or buyer against mistakes made during the closing, or if money is stolen or paid to the wrong parties. For an added fee, title insurance agents and companies that conduct real estate closings offer closing protection letters. If you buy a closing protection letter, the title insurance company will reimburse you for any money you lose from negligence, fraud, theft of funds or errors the closing agent made. Without this, you'd have to sue the agent to get back any money lost.

If you buy closing protection coverage, be sure to ask for a copy of the closing protection letter for your records.

Drafting Note: States who do not require closing protection should delete this section.

Shop Around for Title Insurance and Closing Services

As rates and fees for title insurance and closing services may vary, you should shop for title insurance and closing services. Use the chart that follows to learn how much you'll be charged for certain rates, fees and services.

Cost Comparison Chart

	Company Name	Company Name	Company Name
Title Insurance			
Premium Price (Lender's Title Policy)	\$	<u> </u>	\$
Premium Price (Owner's Title Policy)	\$	\$	\$
Endorsement Price	\$	\$	\$
Title Search Fee	\$	\$	\$
Closing Protection Letter	\$	\$	\$
Deed Preparation Fee	\$	\$	\$
Other	\$	\$	\$
Other	\$	\$	\$
Total:	\$	\$	\$
	Company Name	Company Name	Company Name
Closing Costs			
Government Recording Charge	\$	\$	\$
Tax & Other Certifications	\$	\$	\$
Overnight Mail	\$	\$	\$
Wire Fee	\$	\$	\$
Transfer Tax	\$	\$	\$
Notary Fee	\$	\$	\$
Settlement Fee	\$	\$	\$
Document Preparation Fee	\$	\$	\$
Email/Electronic Doc Fee	\$	\$	\$
Other	\$	\$	\$
Other	\$	\$	\$
Total:	\$	\$	\$

Beware Of Real Estate Wire Fraud Schemes

Money often needs to change hands quickly in a real estate transaction. One way to move money quickly is to have a financial institution wire it. Your real estate broker or agent, the title and closing agent, or an attorney will give you the details you need for a wire transfer.

Criminals can hack into professionals' email systems to send emails that look as though they are coming from someone you're working with. The emails can have fake instructions about wiring money for your upcoming closing. If you follow these instructions, your money will go to the scammer's bank account. If that happens, you could lose your money.

To avoid being a victim of real estate wire fraud, you should:

- Call or personally meet with the professionals who will conduct the closing to learn how the closing
 will take place and how funds will be transferred.
- Get the names, telephone numbers, and mailing and email addresses for all of the professionals who
 will be involved with your closing.
- Be suspicious of all telephone or email messages about a change in the closing process. If you get
 such a message, call the professional you're working with. Use the contact information they gave you,
 not the contact information in the message.
- Carefully examine all email addresses and telephone numbers associated with a message about your closing to verify the message really came from an individual you've been dealing with.
- Never respond to a message or click on a link if you're asked to verify or provide bank account information.

Personally speak to the closing agent immediately before and after wiring any money to ensure the funds were received.

What To Do If You Believe You're The Victim of a Real Estate Wire Fraud Scheme

Report suspected wire fraud immediately!

If you suspect you're the victim of real estate wire fraud, it's important to immediately report your suspicions and take the following steps to increase the chances of recovering your money:

- 1) Contact your bank or wire transfer company to report your suspicions and ask for a wire recall.
- 2) Ask your bank to notify the financial institution that received your funds.
- 3) Call your local Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) office and report the crime.
- 4) File a report with the FBI's Internet Crime Complaint Center by visiting www.ic3.gov

Drafting note: States who have Fraud units who investigate real estate wire fraud may wish to add a Step 5. Consumers should contact the Department of Insurance.

Final Tips to Remember

- Deal only with licensed professionals who're in good standing in [INSERT STATE].
- As soon as you make an offer on a house or choose a lender to refinance with, start shopping for title insurance.
- Decide up front who'll pay for the title insurance policies.

- Whoever buys the title insurance policy has the right to choose the title agent or title company.
- A professional who recommends a title insurance company or agent to you may receive a commission or referral fee.
- Ask the seller which title insurance company they used.
- Ask friends or family who recently bought a home if they would recommend their title agent/company.
- If you buy an owner's policy, be sure the coverage is equal to the price you paid for your home.
- Comparison shop, and get at least three quotes before you buy title insurance and closing services.
- Ask about available discounts.
- Ask title and closing agents for an itemized list of their fees and charges.
- Ask for a copy of the title commitment at least three weeks before your closing date.
- Know exactly what your title insurance policy will cover.
- If your title agent also will be the closing agent, ask if closing protection coverage is available.
- Ask the closing agent for a settlement statement at least one business day before your scheduled closing.
- Be suspicious of all communications relaying there's been a change to the closing process.
- Knowledge is power, so don't be afraid to ask questions!
- Read and understand all documents before signing them.
- Request copies of all documents.
- Keep a copy of your title insurance policy for as long as you own your property.
- Immediately report suspected real estate wire fraud.

How to File a Title Insurance Claim

If an issue arises about your home's title, contact your title insurance company as soon as possible. If you don't know the name of your title insurance company, check the paperwork you signed when you bought or refinanced your home. You also can contact your title agent or closing agent for help.

The [INSERT DOI NAME] is Here to Help

For more information about buying insurance, please visit [INSERT DOI WEBSITE ADDRESS], or call [INSERT TELEPHONE NUMBER].

As a consumer protection agency, the [INSERT DOI NAME] also can help if you believe an insurance agent or company has misled you or acted improperly.

To file a complaint, please visit our website at [INSERT WEB ADDREESS], or send a written complaint and any supporting documents to:

[DOI Logo]

[DOI Address]
[City, State Zip Code]

[DOI Telephone Numbers]

[DOI Website]

[DOI Facebook / Twitter Contact Information]

Other Resources Available

To verify the license status of the professionals who will be helping you with your real estate transaction, please contact:

> Real Estate Agent [STATE AGENCY NAME]

STATE AGENCY ADDRESS [CITY, STATE & ZIP CODE] [AGENCY WEBSITE]

[AGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER]

Bank/Mortgage Lender [STATE AGENCY NAME]

[STATE AGENCY ADDRESS] [CITY, STATE & ZIP CODE]

[AGENCY WEBSITE]

[AGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER]

Real Estate Appraiser [STATE AGENCY NAME]

[STATE AGENCY ADDRESS] [CITY, STATE & ZIP CODE] [AGENCY WEBSITE]

[AGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER]

[STATE AGENCY NAME] Insurance Agent / Insurance Company [STATE AGENCY ADDRESS] CITY, STATE & ZIP CODE and

[AGENCY WEBSITE] Title Agent

Title Insurance Company [AGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER]

Attorney [STATE AGENCY NAME]

[STATE AGENCY ADDRESS] [CITY, STATE & ZIP CODE]

[AGENCY WEBSITE]

[AGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER]

To find other useful information regarding the home buying process, please contact:

U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development 451 7th Street S.W. Washington, DC 20410 202-708-1112 www.hud.gov

Consumer Financial Protection Bureau P.O. Box 4503 Iowa City, Iowa 52244 855-411-2372 855-237-2392 (Fax) http://www.consumerfinance.gov

National Flood Insurance Program 500 C Street SW Washington, DC 20472 800-621-FEMA www.FloodSmart.gov

[OTHER SOURCE NAME & INFO]

DRAFT: 3-23-215-25-21

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Hear a Presentation on Business Email Compromises and Other Cybercrimes — Amanda Fritz (FBI)





Hear from State Ins. Regulators about Title Ins. Fraud Trends in their Respective States—
Michelle Rafeld (OH); Stephanie Noren (OR);
Dennis Wright (AL); Marjorie Thompson/Carrie
Couch (MO); Mickey VanCuren (NM);
Steven Giampaolo, JD (CO) (tentative); Open to
All Others



Any Other Matters

