FINAL VERSION OF DISCLOSURE NOTICE

Renewal Premium that is a result results or does not result from a capping procedure employed used by the insured insurer

Scope of Applicability

- (1) Disclosure applies to policies renewed on or after [Enter Date].
- (2) Disclosure applies to authorized insurers with the following these types of personal insurance policies:
 - a. Private passenger automobile coverage;
 - b. Homeowner's Homeowners coverage, including mobile homeowners, manufactured homeowners, condominium owners, and renter's coverage; and
 - c. Dwelling property coverage for owner occupied dwellings only
- (3) Disclosure applies to renewals of policies and will not apply to the purchase of new policies or new insurance applications.
- (4) Exemptions
 - Disclosure does not apply to personal insurance policies for coverage of boats, motorcycles, off-road vehicles, recreational vehicles, antique or collector vehicles, classic vehicles, and specialty vehicles.
 - b. This chapter does not apply to policyholder-initiated changes to insurance coverages, policies, or premiums.
 - c. This chapter does not apply to personal umbrella policies.
 - d. This chapter does not apply to notices required by the Federal Fair Credit Reporting Act (15 U.S.C. 1681 et. seq.).
 - e. Where a usage based or telematics program is being used, if a company has a process for disclosing information to drivers on how their performance is impacting their rate, disclosure is not required. Otherwise, a state may want to consider having these programs included in this disclosure, while keeping within state confidentiality laws.

Notification Thresholds

- (1) Phase One: Beginning [enter date], and effective until [enter date phase one ends expires such as 3 years], insurers must shall reasonably explain provide reasonable explanations for changes in premium for policies as described in the Scope of Availability, upon written request by the policyholder, for any premium increase occurring at renewal.
- (2) Phase Two: Beginning [enter date phase two begins], insurers must shall automatically provide premium change notices, with reasonable explanations and primary factors, disclosing the causes of premium increases for insurance policies for any . Insurers shall provide premium change notices automatically when a renewal will result in a 10 percent premium increase of 10 percent or more, or upon written request by the policyholder for any premium increase occurring at renewal.

Administrative and Notification Requirements

- (1) For the first phase, insurers should notify policyholders of their right to request an explanation for their rate increase in accordance with their jurisdiction's requirements. For example, a state may want to provide guidance that a prominent disclaimer may be at the beginning of required to be included on the first page (for printed notices), or first screen (for electronic notices) and at or near the top of view of renewal notices, and renewal billing statements indicating policyholders receiving an increase to their premiums at renewal can request an explanation by contacting the insurer in writing.
- (2) For the second phase, insurers must automatically send the disclosure notice at least 30 days prior to the renewal date if the policyholder insured receives at least a 10 percent premium increase at renewal. Disclosure notification may be included with the renewal notice or may be sent in a separate mailing, or by email, (if the policyholder insured has elected to receive email notifications). Guidance for prominent disclosure remains the same as in phase 1.

(3) For both phases:

- a. Insurers should include a statement in notifications and/or explanations that the policyholder may contact their insurer to request additional information about premium increases.
- b. Insurers should respond to a policyholder's an insured's written request for explanation of premium change no later than 30 calendar days from the receipt of the written request.
- c. Subsequent Requests from a policyholder an insured for subsequent additional information should be responded to no later than 20 calendar days. Insurers should make every effort to respond prior to the renewal date. However, there is no expectation that the premium due date will be altered.
- (4) The effective date of Receipt and response will be in accordance with each jurisdiction's requirements. For instance, receipt and response dates may be indicated by either postmark or electronic timestamp, in accordance with each jurisdiction's requirements.
- (5) Insurers should include their contact information in all premium change notifications and explanations to policyholders and may include the producer's (if any) contact information.
- (6) Insurers should provide premium change notifications and explanations to policyholders in writing. Explanations or notices may be sent by via postal mail or electronically.

Communication Standards

(1) Insurers should provide sufficient information, including primary factors, in terms understandable to an average policyholder. Primary factors include:

- a. Auto-related factors: change in car garaging location, driving record, miles driven, number of drivers, and number of vehicles,
- b. Property related factors: change in age, location, and value,
- c. Demographic factors: change in age, credit history, education, gender, marital status, and occupation,
- d. Other factors: change in claims history, discounts, fees and surcharges, premium capping, automatic inflationary increases, and updates to an insurer's rate plan changes.
- e. Factors not listed above as primary are considered as optional factors. Insurers may include additional optional factors not listed in this section, if applicable to the premium increase.
- (2) For the second phase, insurers must shall include the primary factors in the premium change notice processed for renewals, if applicable to the premium increase, with any premium change notices processed for renewals.
- (3) If insurers include composite rating variables in their premium change explanation, the premium increase attributed to the composite rating variables should be explained.
- (4) If insurers use estimated dollars, a reasonable explanation should be provided about on the degree of accuracy the estimated dollars achieve, as specifically applied to that policy and premium increase.
- (5) Insurers may include premium change explanations for all premium increases beyond those required.
- (6) If an insurer already has a premium increase notification process acceptable to the State's regulator, the regulator may it could be allowed the insurer to continue to use the process that is in place.

[REMOVED THIS EXAMPLE:]

<u>Phase 2: Auto/Homeowners Insurance Premium Increase Notice Example</u> Your auto/homeowners insurance premium is increasing.

Your current premium is \$1,175.

Your renewal premium is \$1,250.

Here are the major reasons for this increase in your premium, along with the dollar impact of each of those reasons:

Reasons for your premium increase and the dollar impact

Reason 1 raised your premium \$A

- Reason 2 raised your premium \$B
- Reason 3 raised your premium \$C
- Reason 4 raised your premium \$D
- Reason 5 raised your premium \$E

Please call your agent or our Customer Service Representative at (xxx) xxx xxxx with any questions.

[MODIFIED THE NEXT TWO EXAMPLES TO APPLY TO CAPPING AND NONCAPPING:]

Phase 2: Auto Insurance Policy Premium Increase Notice Example

Your auto insurance policy premium is increasing.

Your current auto insurance policy premium [for what period] is \$1,175 [how often].

Each insurer files a rating plan with the state insurance department for their approval.

According to the rating plan we filed with your state, your anticipated renewal policy premium is would increase to \$2,121 the next time you renew your policy, which is scheduled for [date].

[If the policy premium is capped, a statement such as the following must be included:]

However, the next time you renew your policy your premium <u>increase</u> will be limited to only \$88, resulting in a renewal premium of \$1,257.

Your policy premium will continue to increase with each of the next [how many] renewals until it reaches \$2,121.

Remember that there also are other rate factors that could cause reasons your auto insurance premium to could change in the future. For example, if you change your coverage, or if your personal and/or driving characteristics change, (such as your age* or number of any accidents or violations in the household), your policy premium could increase or decrease from the premium amounts stated above. [States that use drivers experience instead of age should substitute accordingly.]

Here are the major factors reasons for this increase in your policy premium, along with the dollar impact of each of those reasons:

Reasons Factors for your policy premium increase and the dollar impact

- Reasons Factor 1 raised your premium \$A
- Reasons Factor 2 raised your premium \$B
- Reasons Factor 3 raised your premium \$C
- Reasons Factor 4 raised your premium \$D

• Reasons Factor 5 raised your premium \$E

Please call your agent or our Customer Service Representative at (xxx) xxx-xxxx with any questions.

<u>Phase 2: Homeowner's Insurance Policy Premium Increase Notice</u> Example

Your homeowners homeowner's insurance policy premium is increasing.

Your current homeowners homeowner's insurance policy premium [for what period] is \$1,175 [how often].

Each insurer files a rating plan with the state insurance department for their approval.

According to the rating plan we filed with your state, your anticipated renewal policy premium is would increase to \$2,121 the next time you renew your policy, which is scheduled for [date].

[If the policy premium is capped, a statement such as the following must be included:]

However, the next time you renew your policy your premium <u>increase</u> will be limited to only \$88, resulting in a renewal premium of \$1,257.

Your policy premium will continue to increase with each of the next [how many] renewals until it reaches \$2,121.

Remember that there also are other rate factors that could cause reasons your homeowners homeowner's insurance premium to could change in the future. For example, if you change your coverage, or if your personal and/or property risk characteristics change, (such as claims filed, age of the home and/or roof, location, and the coverage A value, etc.) your policy premium could increase or decrease from the premium amounts stated above. [States may want to modify language to reflect their specific exposures, such as wildfires or other catastrophe exposures.]

Here are the major factors reasons for this increase in your policy premium, along with the dollar impact of each of those reasons:

Reasons Factors for your policy premium increase and the dollar impact

- Reasons Factor 1 raised your premium \$A
- Reasons Factor 2 raised your premium \$B

- Reasons Factor 3 raised your premium \$C
- Reasons Factor 4 raised your premium \$D
- Reasons Factor 5 raised your premium \$E

Please call your agent or our Customer Service Representative at (xxx) xxx-xxxx with any questions.