Chapter 11

Appointments

An appointment is a registration with the state insurance department that a producer is acting on behalf of an insurer. The *Producer Licensing Model Act* (#218) contains several sections related to appointments. Section 14 of Model #218 establishes the requirement that a producer acting as an agent of an insurer must have an appointment. This is an optional provision and applies only in those states that require appointments. Section 15 of Model #218 establishes a procedure for the reporting of appointment terminations. The Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act (GLBA), as modified in 2015, prohibits any state other than a producer’s home state from imposing any appointment requirements upon a member of the National Association of Registered Agents and Brokers (NARAB).

In 2002, the Producer Licensing (EX) Working Group adopted a uniform appointment process. The full text is included in the Appendices and is available on the Working Group’s web page. This process is referred to in the Uniform Licensing Standards (ULS). The key elements include:

1. States should allow the electronic filing of appointments and appointment terminations. Paper filings are discouraged.
2. States should establish a billing system for payment by insurers of initial appointments.
3. States shall allow insurers to select the effective date of the initial appointment.
4. States shall require insurers to follow a prescribed timeline to file appointments.
5. States shall require only one appointment or termination form or transaction per producer per company. At this writing, appointments by company group are not available.
6. States shall require insurance companies to submit terminations to the insurance department in accordance with the requirements of Section 15 of Model #218.
7. States shall require that, if a producer is terminated for cause, the insurer must submit supporting documentation. Any information received by the insurance department must remain confidential in accordance with Section 15 of Model #218.

In states that renew appointments, the key elements include:

1. States shall provide or publish a pre-renewal notice to insurers informing them that appointment renewals are imminent.
2. At the time for renewal, a state will deliver an invoice. The invoice may not be altered, amended, or used for appointing or terminating producers.
3. Insurers shall return the invoice and the payment to the department or its designee.
4. States shall establish a dispute resolution process to accommodate errors after the fact.

Appointment Terminations

Section 15 of Model #218 imposes a requirement on insurers to report terminations of producer appointments. Section 15 requires that the insurer report a termination within 30 days of its occurrence. If a termination is for any of the reasons listed in Section 12, License Denial, Non-Renewal or Revocation of Model #218, insurers are required to submit a detailed report to the state and a copy of the report to the producer. Section 15(E) grants immunity from civil liability for good-faith reporting to insurers and state insurance regulators. Reports filed under Section 15 are considered confidential.

**Recommended Best Practices for State Insurance Regulators**

- Automatically terminate appointments if a license goes inactive for any reason.
- Eliminate fees for appointment terminations and instead assess all charges at the time of an appointment. This will eliminate delays in cancellations.
- Do not require an appointment as a condition of licensure. Model #218 and the ULS provide that a producer can hold a license without holding an active appointment.
• Require only one appointment or termination form or transaction for each company for each producer per state.
• Sub-appointments and Business Entity appointments are discouraged.
• Immediately accept terminations for cause and refer them for investigation. States should follow the procedures as outlined in Model #218. No advance notice should be required to the producer or the state insurance department.
• Use electronic filing for appointments, terminations and renewals, to the extent possible, to eliminate delays and increase efficiency.