

Market Conduct Annual Statement
Life & Annuities Data Call & Definitions

Lines of Business: Individual Life Cash Value Products
 Individual Life Non-Cash Value Products
 Individual Indexed Fixed Annuities
 Individual Other Fixed Annuities
 Individual Indexed Variable Annuities
 Individual Other Variable Annuities

Reporting Period: January 1, 2021 through December 31, 2021

Filing Deadline: April 30, 2022

Contact Information

MCAS Administrator	The person responsible for assigning who may view and input company data.
MCAS Contact	The person most knowledgeable about the submitted MCAS data. This person can be the same as the MCAS Administrator.
MCAS Attestor	The person who attests to the completeness and accuracy of the MCAS data.

Life and Annuity Product Types

Product Identifiers	Explanation of Product Identifiers
ICVP	Individual Life Cash Value Products (Includes Variable Life, Universal Life, Variable Universal Life, Term Life with Cash Value, Whole Life, & Equity Index Life)
INCVP	Individual Life Non-Cash Value Products (Any life insurance policy that does not contain a cash value element)
IFA	Individual Fixed Annuities (Includes Equity Index Annuity Products)
IIFA	Individual Indexed Fixed Annuities
IOFA	Individual Other Fixed Annuities
IYA	Individual Variable Annuities
IIVA	Individual Indexed Variable Annuities
IOVA	Individual Other Variable Annuities

Schedule 1A—Life Interrogatories

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ID	Description	Comments
1A-01	Individual Life Cash Value – Does the company have data to report for this product type?	Yes/No
1A-02	Individual Life Non-Cash Value – Does the company have data to report for this product type?	Yes/No
1A-03	Is there a reason that the reported Individual Life Cash Value information may identify the company as an outlier or be substantially different from previously reported data (such as assuming, selling or closing blocks of business; shifting market strategies; underwriting changes, etc.)	Yes/No
1A-04	If yes, add additional comments	Comment
1A-05	Is there a reason that the reported Individual Life Non-Cash Value information may identify the company as an outlier or be substantially different from previously reported data (such as assuming, selling or closing blocks of business; shifting market strategies; underwriting changes, etc.)	Yes/No
1A-06	If yes, add additional comments	Comment
1A-07	Does the company use third party administrators (TPAs) for purposes of supporting the individual life business being reported?	Yes/No
1A-08	If yes, provide the names and functions of each TPA.	Comment
1A-09	Individual Life Cash Value comments	Comment
1A-10	Individual Life Non-Cash Value comments	Comment

Schedule 1B—Individual Life Cash Value (ICVP) and Non-Cash Value (INCVP) Products

ID	Description
1B-11	Number of New Replacement Policies Issued During the Period (Include only the number of replacement insurance policies issued)
1B-12	Number of Internal Replacements Issued During the Period
	Number of External Replacements Issued During the Period
1B-13	Number of External Replacements of Unaffiliated Company Policies Issued During the Period.
1B-14	Number of External Replacements of Affiliated Company Policies Issued During the Period.
1B-15	Number of Policies Replaced Where Age of Insured at Replacement was <65 (Only applies to ICVP)
1B-16	Number of Policies Replaced Where Age of Insured at Replacement was Age 65 and Over (Only applies to ICVP)
1B-17	Number of Policies Surrendered Under 2 Years from Policy Issue (Only applies to ICVP)
1B-18	Number of Policies Surrendered Between 2 Years and 5 Years of Policy Issue (Only applies to ICVP)

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1B-19	Number of Policies Surrendered Between 6 Years and 10 Years of Policy Issue (Only applies to ICVP)
1B-20	Number of Policies Surrendered More Than 10 Years from Policy Issue (Only applies to ICVP)
1B-21	Total Number of Policies Surrendered During the Period (Only applies to ICVP)
1B-22	Number of Policies Surrendered with a Surrender Fee (Only applies to ICVP)
1B-23	Number of Policies Issued During the Period where age of insured at issue was <65 (Only applies to ICVP)
1B-24	Number of Policies Issued During the Period where age of insured at issue was Age 65 and over (Only applies to ICVP)
1B-25	Total Number of New Policies Issued by the Company During the Period
1B-26	Number of Policies Applied for During the Period
1B-27	Number of Free Looks During the Period
1B-28	Number of Policies In-Force at the End of the Period (The number of active policies that the company has outstanding at the end of the reporting period)
1B-29	Dollar Amount of Direct Premium During the Period
1B-30	Dollar Amount of Insurance Issued During the Period (Face Amount)
1B-31	Dollar Amount of Insurance In-Force at the End of the Period (Face Amount)
1B-32	Number of Complaints Received Directly from Any Person or Entity Other than the DOI
1B-33	Number of Death Claims Closed With Payment, During the Period, Within 30 Days From the Date the Claim was Received (Include claims where the final decision was payment in full, and full payment was made within 30 days from when the claim was received)
1B-34	Number of Death Claims Closed With Payment, During the Period, Within 31-60 Days From the Date the Claim was Received (Include claims where the final decision was payment in full, and full payment was made within 31-60 days from when the claim was received)
1B-35	Number of Death Claims Closed With Payment, During the Period, Beyond 60 Days From the Date the Claim was Received (Include claims where the final decision was payment in full, and full payment was NOT made within 60 days from when the claim was received)
1B-36	Number of Death Claims Closed With Payment, During the Period, Within 30 Days From the Date of Due Proof of Loss (Include claims where the final decision was payment in full, and full payment was made within 30 days from when the date of due proof of loss occurred)
1B-37	Number of Death Claims Closed With Payment, During the Period, Within 31-60 Days From the Date of Due Proof of Loss (Include claims where the final decision was payment in full, and full payment was made within 31-60 days from when the date of due proof of loss occurred)
1B-38	Number of Death Claims Closed With Payment, During the Period, Beyond 60 Days From the Date of Due Proof of Loss (Include claims where the final decision was payment in full, and full payment was NOT made within 60 days from when the date of due proof of loss occurred)
1B-39	Number of Death Claims Denied, Resisted or Compromised During the Period
1B-40	Number of Death Claims Closed with Payment During the Period, which Occurred within the Contestability Period

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1B-41	Number of Death Claims Denied During the Period, which Occurred within the Contestability Period
1B-42	Total Number of Death Claims Received During the Period (Include any claim received during the period as determined by the first date the claim was opened on the company system)
1B-43	Number of Lawsuits Open at the Beginning of the Period
1B-44	Number of Lawsuits Opened During the Period
1B-45	Number of Lawsuits Closed During the Period
1B-46	Number of Lawsuits Closed During the Period with Consideration for the Customer
1B-47	Number of Lawsuits Open at the End of the Period

Schedule 2A—Annuity Interrogatories

ID	Description	Comments
	Individual Fixed Annuities—Does the company have data to report for this product type?	Yes/No
2A-01	Individual Indexed Fixed Annuities – Does the company have data to report for this product type?	Yes/No
2A-02	Individual Other Fixed Annuities – Does the company have data to report for this product type?	Yes/No
	Individual Variable Annuities—Does the company have data to report for this product type?	Yes/No
2A-03	Individual Indexed Variable Annuities – Does the company have data to report for this product type?	Yes/No
2A-04	Individual Other Variable Annuities – Does the company have data to report for this product type?	Yes/No
2A-05	Is there a reason that the reported Individual (Indexed or Other) Fixed Annuities information may identify the company as an outlier or be substantially different from previously reported data (such as assuming, selling or closing blocks of business; shifting market strategies; underwriting changes, etc.)	Yes/No
2A-06	If yes, add additional comments	Comment
2A-07	Is there a reason that the reported Individual (Indexed or Other) Variable Annuities information may identify the company as an outlier or be substantially different from previously reported data (such as assuming, selling or closing blocks of business; shifting market strategies; underwriting changes, etc.)	Yes/No
2A-08	If yes, add additional comments	Comment
2A-09	Does the company use third party administrators (TPAs) for purposes of supporting the individual annuity business being reported?	Yes/No
2A-10	If yes, provide the names and functions of each TPA.	Comment
2A-11	Individual Fixed Annuities comments	Comment

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2A-12	Individual Variable Annuities comments	Comment
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Schedule 2B—~~Individual Fixed Annuity (IFA) and Individual Variable Annuity (IVA) Products-Individual Indexed Fixed Annuities (IIFA), Individual Other Fixed Annuities (IOFA), Individual Indexed Variable Annuities (IIVA), and Individual Other Variable Annuities (IOVA)~~

ID	Description
2B-13	Number of New Replacement Contracts Issued During the Period (Include only the number of replacement annuity contracts issued)
2B-14	Number of Internal Replacement Contracts Issued During the Period
	Number of External Replacement Contracts Issued During the Period
2B-15	Number of External Replacements of Unaffiliated Company Contracts Issued During the Period.
2B-16	Number of External Replacements of Affiliated Company Contracts Issued During the Period.
2B-17	Number of Contracts Replaced Where Age of Annuitant at Replacement was < 65
2B-18	Number of Contracts Replaced Where Age of Annuitant at Replacement was 65 to 80
2B-19	Number of Contracts Replaced Where Age of Annuitant at Replacement was > 80
2B-20	Number of New Immediate Contracts Issued During the Period
2B-21	Number of New Deferred Contracts Issued During the Period Where Age of Annuitant was < 65
2B-22	Number of New Deferred Contracts Issued During the Period Where Age of Annuitant was 65 to 80
2B-23	Number of New Deferred Contracts Issued During the Period Where Age of Annuitant was > 80
2B-24	Total Number of New Deferred Contracts Issued by the Company During the Period
2B-25	Number of Contracts Surrendered Under 2 Years from Issuance
2B-26	Number of Contracts Surrendered Between 2 Years and 5 Years of Issuance
2B-27	Number of Contracts Surrendered Between 6 years and 10 Years of Issuance
2B-28	Number of Contracts Surrendered Over 10 Years from Issuance
2B-29	Total Number of Contracts Surrendered During the Period
2B-30	Total Number of Contracts Surrendered with a Surrender Fee
2B-31	Number of Contracts Applied for During the Period
2B-32	Number of Free Looks During the Period
2B-33	Number of Contracts In-Force at the End of the Period (The number of active contracts that the company has outstanding at the end of the reporting period)
2B-34	Dollar Amount of Annuity Considerations During the Period
2B-35	Number of Complaints Received Directly From Any Person or Entity Other than the DOI
2B-36	Number of Lawsuits Open at the Beginning of the Period
2B-37	Number of Lawsuits Opened During the Period
2B-38	Number of Lawsuits Closed During the Period

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2B-39	Number of Lawsuits Closed During the Period with Consideration for the Customer
2B-40	Number of Lawsuits Open at the End of the Period

Schedule 2C—Annuity Attestation

By completing the attestation information, those named understand, agree and certify on behalf of the named company that:

1. They are authorized to submit the Market Conduct Annual Statement on behalf of the named company and to bind the company to the statements in this attestation;
2. They are knowledgeable of the information required to be provided in the Market Conduct Annual Statement filed by this company and have reviewed this filing;
3. To the best of their knowledge and belief, this filing represents a full and accurate statement of the information required to be provided in the Market Conduct Annual Statement pursuant to the applicable instructions; and
4. They are aware that the state insurance department(s) receiving the data may initiate regulatory action as authorized by law in a specific jurisdiction if the data submitted in the MCAS is inaccurate, incomplete, or found to be materially false, misleading or omissive.
5. They affirm that the company is able to accurately trace the data as reported to its source within the company and if necessary, recreate the MCAS results as reported in this filing.

NOTE: The company must provide the name for at least two individuals who are able to attest that the criteria listed above have been met, and attest to the overall accuracy of the MCAS filing. Both attestors should have participated in the review and validation of the filing. We recommend that one person be the individual with operational responsibility for the source data such as a responsible individual from claims, underwriting or compliance. We recommend that the second person should be a responsible IT person that participated in the creation of the data in the filing.

ID	Description
2C-41	First Attestor Information (First Name, Middle Name, Last Name, Suffix, Title)
2C-42	Second Attestor Information (First Name, Middle Name, Last Name, Suffix, Title)
2C-43	Overall Comments for the Period

In determining what business to report for a particular state, all companies should follow the same methodology/definitions used to file the Financial Annual Statement (FAS) and its corresponding state pages and in accordance with each applicable state’s regulations.

Definitions:

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Annuity – A contract under which an insurance company promises to make a series of periodic payments to a named individual in exchange for a premium or a series of premiums. Data is being requested for individual annuities only; data for group annuity contracts are not being requested.

Annuity Considerations – Funds deposited to or used to purchase annuity contracts issued by the company. For the purpose of this statement, annuity considerations should be determined in the same manner used for the state pages of the company's financial annual statement. Do not report "Other Considerations" or "Deposit-Type Contract" considerations. MCAS requires that you report only allocated considerations on contracts that have a mortality or morbidity risk.

Cash Value Product – A life insurance policy that generates a cash value element. Term life policies with cash value are considered cash value products.

Claim – A request or demand for payment of a loss that may be included within the terms of coverage of an insurance policy. Claims with multiple beneficiaries should be counted as one claim. If a single insured dies and has multiple policies (for individual life products), a claim should be reported for each of the insured's policies (for example, if an insured had 3 individual life policies (2 cash value products and one non-cash value product), 3 claims would be reported (2 claims under schedule 1B ICVP and 1 claim under schedule 1B INCVP.)

It does not include events that were reported for "information only" or an inquiry of coverage since a claim has not actually been presented (opened) for payment.

Claim Closed with Payment – A claim where the final decision was payment of the claim.

Complaint – any written communication that expresses dissatisfaction with a specific person or entity subject to regulation under the state's insurance laws. An oral communication, which is subsequently converted to a written form in order to be analyzed and acted upon, will meet the definition of a complaint for this purpose.

Include:

- Any complaint regardless of the subject of the complaint (claims, underwriting, marketing, etc.)
- Complaints received from third parties

Contestability Period – The period of time before a policy's incontestability clause becomes effective. During this period, a company may contest a claim based upon material misrepresentation or concealment during the policy application process. The contestability period is usually 2 years.

- Do not report claims on guaranteed issue life policies
- Do not report claims that are contested after the incontestability clause is in effect.

Conversion – The process by which a policyholder exercises his/her right under the policy contract to exchange a policy without submitting evidence of insurability. In most cases this involves exchanging a term policy for a permanent policy (e.g., whole life insurance, universal life, variable.)

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Corporate Owned Life Insurance – Insurance on the life of an individual, paid for by the company, with the company being a beneficiary under the policy. Corporate Owned Life Insurance policies are included in the scope of this statement and should be reported in the applicable schedule.

Date Claim Received – The date the company, or a third party acting on the company’s behalf, is notified of the claim.

Date of Due Proof of Loss – The date the company received the necessary proof of loss on which to base a claim determination.

Denied Claim - A claim where a demand for payment was made but payment was not made under the contract.

Direct Written Premium – The actual amount of direct premiums written during the reporting period and should be determined in the same manner used for the financial annual statement. Data for subject business reported by the company on the financial annual statement should be reported for the purposes of this project regardless of any 1) reinsurance agreements or 2) arrangements to administer the business that may exist with another insurer. (See also: “Life Insurance Premium” and “Annuity Considerations”)

External Replacement - An external replacement is when the policy and/or annuity to be replaced was issued by another company.

External Replacement of Affiliated Company Policies – An external replacement of an affiliated company policy is when the policy and/or annuity to be replaced was issued by a company affiliated to the MCAS reporting company.

External Replacement of Unaffiliated Company Policies – An external replacement of an unaffiliated company policy is when the policy and/or annuity to be replaced was issued by a company not affiliated to the MCAS reporting company.

Face Amount – Sum of insurance provided by a policy at death or maturity. In determining the face amount to be reported, companies should follow the same methodology/definitions used to file the financial annual statement and its corresponding state pages. For example, the face amount would include the basic policy plus any riders or amounts for policies with increasing death benefits if these amounts in addition to the basic policy are reported on the company’s financial annual statement.

Fixed Annuity – An annuity under which the insurer guarantees that at least a defined amount of monthly annuity benefit will be provided for each dollar applied to purchasing the annuity.

Free Look – A set number of days provided in an insurance or annuity contract that allows time for the purchaser to review the contract provisions with the right to return the contract for a full refund of all monies paid. Report the number of policies or contracts that were returned by the owner under the free look provision during the period, regardless of the original issuance date.

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Count any policy returned under the Free Look provision even if an alternative policy was ultimately purchased by the insured.

Immediate Annuity – An annuity (either fixed or variable) that begins its payment stream to the policyholder within 12 months after a single premium is paid. Immediate annuities are included within the scope of this statement and should be reported as a new immediate contract issued when issued during the reporting period. In addition, immediate annuities still in force at the end of the period should be included as well.

Individual Indexed Fixed Annuity – A fixed annuity whose accumulation or policy value is, in whole or in part, linked to an index or indices and offers principal protection. Indexed fixed annuities include equity indexed annuities or fixed indexed annuities that offer principal protection through a 0% floor feature.

Individual Indexed Variable Annuity – A variable annuity whose accumulation or policy value is, in whole or in part, linked to an index or indices and may offer some principal protection. Variable indexed annuities include buffer annuities or registered index-linked annuity that offer some principal protection but do not provide a guaranty against loss of principal.

Internal Replacement - An internal replacement is when the policy and/or annuity to be replaced was also issued by your company.

Issued During the Period - Report the number of policies that have an issue date within the reporting period.

- When reporting the policies/contracts that are broken out by the age of the insured or annuitant
 - for joint policies/contracts, use the age of the oldest insured or annuitant for determining the age category
- Internal and external replacements should be reported as new policies or contracts issued during the reporting period as well as reported in the number of internal and external replacements.

Lawsuit—An action brought in a court of law in which one party, the plaintiff, claims to have incurred a loss as a result of the action of another party, the defendant.

For purposes of reporting lawsuits for Life & Annuities products:

- Include only lawsuits brought by an applicant for insurance, a policyholder or a beneficiary as a plaintiff against the reporting insurer or its agent as a defendant;
- Include all lawsuits, whether or not a hearing or proceeding before the court occurred;
- Do not include arbitrations of any sort;
- If one lawsuit seeks damages under two or more policies or contracts, count the number of policies or contracts involved as the number of lawsuits. For example, if one lawsuit seeks damages under three policies or contracts, count the action as three lawsuits;

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- If one lawsuit has two or more complainants, report the number of complainants as the number of lawsuits. For example, if one lawsuit has two complainants, report two lawsuits. If the lawsuit is a class action, see instructions for treatment of class action lawsuits;
- Report a lawsuit in the jurisdiction in which the policy or contract was issued with the exception of class action lawsuits;
- Treatment of class action lawsuits: Report the opening and closing of a class action lawsuit once in each state in which a potential class member resides.
- Include an explanatory note with your submission stating the number of class action lawsuits included in the data and the general cause of action.

Lawsuits Closed During the Period with Consideration for the Consumer—A lawsuit closed during the reporting period in which a court order, jury verdict, or settlement resulted in payment, benefits, or other thing of value, i.e., consideration, to the applicant, policyholder, or beneficiary in an amount greater than offered by the reporting insurer before the lawsuit was brought.

Life Insurance Premiums – Funds used to purchase life insurance products issued by the company. Exclude Group Life and Credit Life premiums. For the purpose of this statement, life insurance premiums should be determined in the same manner used for the state pages of the company's financial annual statement.

NAIC Company Code – The five-digit code assigned by the NAIC to all U.S. domiciled companies which file a Financial Annual Statement with the NAIC.

NAIC Group Code – The code assigned by the NAIC to identify those companies that are a part of a given holding company structure. A zero indicates that the company is not part of an insurance holding company.

Non-Cash Value Product – A life insurance policy that does not contain a cash value element. Do not include life insurance covering only Accidental Death and Dismemberment (AD&D.)

Policies/Contracts Applied For – Applications for life insurance or annuities that are submitted to the company which have or will result in a formal offer of an insurance or annuity contract or a formal declination of the application by the company. Applications that are declined by a broker-dealer or producer and never reviewed by the company are not included in this count.

Replacement Policy – A policy and/or annuity contract application received by your company that is intended to replace an existing policy and/or annuity contract according to each state's definition of a replacement. This may include both external and internal replacements according to each state's replacement law.

Include:

- loan purchases, if the original policy is surrendered,
- surrenders, if a replacement policy is issued in conjunction with the surrender
- 1035 exchanges

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Do not include:

- policy conversions
- exchanges of a group policy for an individual policy

Resisted Claim – A claim is considered resisted when it is in dispute and not resolved on the financial statement date for the reporting period. Where the company is holding up payment for sufficient evidence or where a beneficiary has made a claim and then withdraws it, such items should be considered as in the course of settlement.

Surrendered Policy/Contract – A life insurance policy or annuity contract terminated at the request of the policy owner. It does not include life insurance policies or annuity contracts not taken or cancelled during the free look period. For annuities, systematic withdrawals (the withdrawal of a certain amount on a predetermined periodic basis for deferred annuities) and partial withdrawals should not be reported as “surrenders” for this statement.

Term Life Insurance – Life insurance that provides a death benefit if the insured dies during the specified period.

Universal Life Insurance – A form of whole life insurance that is characterized by flexible premiums, flexible face amounts and flexible death benefit amounts and its unbundling of the pricing factor.

Variable Annuity – An annuity under which the amount of the contract’s accumulated value and the amount of the monthly annuity benefit payment fluctuate in accordance with the performance of a separate account.

Variable Life Insurance – A form of whole life insurance under which the death benefit and the cash value of the policy fluctuate according to the investment performance of a separate account.

Variable Universal Life Insurance – A form of whole life insurance that combines the premium and death benefit flexibility of universal life insurance with the investment flexibility and risk of variable life insurance.

Withdrawal – For annuity contracts, see Surrendered Policy/Contract.

Whole Life Insurance – Life insurance that provides lifetime insurance coverage. Whole life insurance policies generally build cash value and cover a person for as long as he or she lives if premiums are paid as required. It would include life insurance policies that start accumulating cash value once the insured reaches a certain age as specified in the terms of the policy.