













practical expedient is that less than 50% of the original principal relies on sale or refinancing risk. In some cases, this has been phrased in the inverse, that all interest and more than 50% of the original principal must be satisfied by the contractual cash flows at investment acquisition for the investment to qualify under the practical expedient. These two phrasings would be expected to have the same meaning, but for the avoidance of doubt, the standard should be interpreted that any outstanding amounts that rely on sale or refinancing at maturity, whether characterized as principal or accrued interest, must be less than 50% of the original principal in order to qualify under the practical expedient.

**8. Q – When do non-bond debt securities need to be assessed for admittance based on underlying collateral? [SSAP No. 21, paragraph 22]**

8.1 A – All debt securities that do not qualify as bonds, regardless of the reason for which they do not qualify, shall be assessed as to the primary source of repayment. If the primary source of repayment is derived through underlying collateral, then the collateral must qualify as an admitted asset in order for the non-bond debt security to be admitted. For example, if the source of repayment is derived from mortgage loans, and the structure failed because it did not reflect a creditor relationship, have substantive credit enhancement or meaningful cash flows, the debt security is permitted to be admitted if the mortgage loans would have qualified as admitted assets if held directly. If the source of repayment is derived from railcar leases, and the structure failed because it did not reflect a creditor relationship, have substantive credit enhancement or meaningful cash flows, the debt security shall be nonadmitted as directly held railcars would not qualify as admitted assets.

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