TITLE INSURANCE (C) TASK FORCE

Title Insurance (C) Task Force, Nov. 18, 2024, Minutes Updated Survey of State Insurance Laws Regarding Title Data and Title Matters report (Attachment One)

Draft: 11/26/24

Title Insurance (C) Task Force Denver, Colorado November 18, 2024

The Title Insurance (C) Task Force met in Denver, CO, Nov. 18, 2024. The following Task Force members participated: Eric Dunning, Chair (NE); Kevin Gaffney, Vice Chair, and Emily Brown (VT); Lori K. Wing-Heier represented by Sian Ng-Ashcraft (AK); Mark Fowler represented by Erick Wright (AL); Barbara D. Richardson represented by Tom Zuppan (AZ); Karima M. Woods represented by Angela King and Pratima Lele (DC); Michael Yaworsky represented by Joe Hart (FL); Doug Ommen represented by Mathew Cunningham (IA); Dean L. Cameron represented by Shannon Hohl (ID); Holly W. Lambert represented by Ronda Ankney (IN); Vicki Schmidt represented by Julie Holmes (KS); Timothy J. Temple represented by Chuck Myers (LA); Marie Grant represented by William Fawcett (MD); Mike Causey represented by Robert Croom (NC); Jon Godfread represented by Blaine Bergstedt (ND); Alice T. Kane represented by Tim Vigil (NM); Judith L. French represented by Timothy Schirmer (OH); Glen Mulready represented by Erin Wainner (OK); Michael Humphreys represented by Michael McKenney (PA); Elizabeth Kelleher Dwyer represented by Patrick Smock and Beth Vollucci (RI); Michael Wise represented by Karl Bitzky (SC); Larry D. Deiter represented by Tony Dorschner (SD), and Scott A. White represented by Angela Crooker (VA).

1. Adopted its Summer National Meeting Minutes

Hohl made a motion, seconded by Commissioner Gaffney, to adopt the Task Force's Aug. 14 minutes (see NAIC Proceedings – Summer 2024, Title Insurance (C) Task Force). The motion passed unanimously.

2. Adopted the Survey of State Insurance Laws Regarding Title Data and Title Matters

Commissioner Gaffney made a motion, seconded by Hart, to adopt the updated *Survey of State Insurance Laws Regarding Title Data and Title Matters* report (Attachment One). The motion passed unanimously.

3. Heard an Update from NAIC Government Relations Staff on Recent Federal Activities

Alexander Swindle (NAIC) said the federal government has been increasingly active in the title insurance space, particularly with initiatives that address housing affordability and regulatory reform. As the new administration transitions there will be new priorities. The Biden Administration's affordable housing strategy this past year brought increased scrutiny to the title space. In March, the Federal Housing Finance Agency (FHFA) announced a title pilot program that replaces lender title policies with a waiver, reflecting the administration's plan to explore alternatives to traditional insurance.

In May, when Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (Freddie Mac) expanded its program to bypass title insurance and allow attorney opinion letters (AOLs) to replace them, it came with resistance from several lawmakers. Rep. Andrew Garbarino (R-NY) notably introduced his bipartisan bill, the Protecting America's Property Rights Act (H.R. 5837), with 15 cosponsors that would require title insurance on all Federal National Mortgage Association (Fannie Mae) and Freddie Mac loans. Additionally, congressional staff and Rep. Emanuel Cleaver (D-MO) reached out to the NAIC last spring with concerns about title alternatives and AOLs. AOLs, especially United Wholesale Mortgage's program, have been being used and heavily marketed in more states, including Florida, Pennsylvania, and Texas, in particular. The NAIC continues to engage with Capitol Hill staff and educate them on title insurance.

The Consumer Financial Protection Bureau (CFPB) first considered a ban on charging homebuyers for lender title insurance last spring. In June, they requested public comment on fees imposed in residential mortgage transactions, including title insurance. It closed in August and received 974 comments. Many were from settlement services professionals and industry associations. If CPFB decides to move forward on any regulatory changes, they will issue proposed rules for public comment. No further action is likely to be taken in the new administration.

FHFA Director Sandra Thompson was expected to testify before the House Committee on Financial Services this past September. Unfortunately, due to an injury, she has postponed most events. However, with the new administration and cabinet, there likely is not time left in her appointment for her to testify. While she technically has until the end of 2026 in her term, the U.S. Supreme Court ruled that it was unconstitutional to restrict the president's ability to remove the FHFA director in 2021. There will be new FHFA and CFPB appointees with the new administration.

In addition to a second Trump administration, there will be a new Republican majority in the Senate and House of Representatives. Cabinet picks are still being announced and will need Senate confirmation, but a strong departure from the Biden administration's work in the housing and title insurance space should be expected. When it comes to housing affordability, President Trump is less focused on closing costs than the Biden Administration. He favors a deregulatory approach that could include reviewing how current building regulations drive up costs. He also is interested in opening portions of federal lands for construction. Though not directly controlled by the president, he has promised to work on lowering mortgage rates to remove barriers for buyers. He also links illegal immigration with rising housing costs and believes his deportation proposal could bring a better supply/demand balance to the market.

Right now, the rumor is that the industry is urging President-Elect Trump to privatize Fannie and Freddie in the reconciliation budget package next year. Rep. Andy Barr (R-KY), who might be the next House Financial Services Committee chair, is interested in the idea, but it still could face some hurdles. If privatized, it could lead to more competition and innovation in the title insurance market. However, the change in risk could increase premiums and change demand depending on how the privatization would play out. Allies of the president are reportedly discussing ways to end government control of Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac by possibly bypassing Congress and working through the U.S. Department of the Treasury (Treasury Department). The discussions have included the idea of having the Treasury Department provide partial guarantees for some of Fannie and Freddie's loans, known as a standby guarantee. However, it is worth noting that efforts to privatize Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac have been attempted before, including under Trump's first administration, but all attempts have so far been unsuccessful.

4. Heard an Update on Metrics for the Academy's Title-Related Research

Steven Jackson (American Academy of Actuaries—Academy) said the goals of the Academy's research is to 1) examine the patterns and trends in title insurance expenses prior to the issuance of policies, 2) examine the patterns both across companies and over time, and 3) identify areas, if possible, where the industry might find ways to reduce costs without reducing the quality of their service (for example, by appropriate uses of new technologies). The first phase will rely on annual statement data for direct operations and agents' data from three states to identify potential areas where reductions in expenses seem likely. The second phase will rely on additional data and conversations with industry participants and stakeholders to examine potential reductions in more detail.

The general strategy for the first phase is to examine variation in levels and composition of expenses in 2023 and over time for a) total expenses, b) expenses per policy, c) insured value per dollar of expense, d) personnel as a share of total expenses, and e) surveys, examinations, and abstracts as a share of total expenses. Once differences

are observed, possible sources for differences will be examined. Potential sources include a) market conditions, b) commercial versus residential policies, c) original financings versus refinancings, d) size of insured amounts, e) geography, by state, and f) urban versus rural. Where unexplained differences exist, potential efficiency improvements and savings to consumers from best practices will be examined more closely.

Phase one data sources for direct operations will come from the following annual statement pages: 1) operations and investment exhibit—part 3: expenses for 2001–2023, 2) schedule T for 2010–2023, 3) exhibit of premiums and losses for 2010–2023, 4) operations and investment exhibit—Part 1a: summary premiums written for 2010–2023.

In the first phase, data sources for direct, affiliated, and non-affiliated agencies will come from state agency data calls from Washington (aggregate summaries by region), New Mexico (income and expenses by agency), and Texas. The Academy's next steps are to continue the review of data and then begin a systematic analysis of data. The initial results are expected by the 2025 Spring National Meeting and completion of the first phase is anticipated by the 2025 Summer National Meeting. The Academy seeks feedback on additional metrics that would be useful and what factors might account for variations in the company.

Cunningham asked if the slide with total expenses over time suggests that if competition goes away, the expenses go up. Jackson said the graph on the slide shows the expenses of two companies being added together, presumably the number of policies being added together, so there was no real change in the expense per policy.

McKenney said it appears that, when one goes from county to county, some of the documentation is electronic, and some of it must be accounted for through investigation at the county recorder of deeds. He said it would be interesting to know how this is impacting expenses because if it is driving expenses up, this could necessitate a change to reduce costs. Jackson said this is the next area the Academy would like to study. However, they have not yet found a metric available that measures the percentage of counties or states that have digitized.

Commissioner Gaffney asked if various buckets are used to measure the market conditions. Jackson said the initial metric examines simple title insurance marketing conditions. The analysis will examine if expenses go up when the housing market is growing more rapidly. It will use housing market metrics from external data on a state level. Commissioner Gaffney stated that the Academy may be able to use states that have passed legislation on the digitization of title records to assess the impact of technology. Jackson said the timing of when the legislation was passed would be an important component. Commissioner Gaffney asked if there is a way to assess if title insurance complexity has changed. Jackson said some combination of commercial versus residential and size of financing would likely help assess complexity. He said the Academy would look for data sources to help assess this issue.

Hart asked if the graph of total expenses over time indicated the bottom half of companies have total expenses of zero. Jackson said it indicates they have less than \$25,000 in expenses. Hart noted the top quarter of companies have average expenses of \$1.2 million and asked what caused the discrepancy. Jackson said the Academy is still investigating this, but consolidation in 2013-2015 is having some impact on the 75th percentile line. The bottom lines are primarily driven by companies that are doing most of their work through indirect operations. For some analysis, the Academy may need to only look at companies (in terms of number of policies) through direct operations because then the bottom lines would move up.

Hohl said it would be helpful to look at staffing levels. She would like to understand if smaller rural counties in Idaho are able to keep expenses down due to having only one or two title staff. Jackson said he believes the Academy has data to assess this and will verify it.

5. Heard an Update on Aug. 29, 2024, OAG Settlements with Four Title Firms

Lele stated that the District of Columbia Department of Insurance, Securities, and Banking (DISB) is the regulatory agency that issues title company and producer licenses and reviews title insurance forms. It does not have regulatory authority over real estate agents or transactions. Accordingly, its regulatory oversight is limited. In late fall of 2022, a title insurance producer and owner of a settlement company approached DISB regarding the establishment of certain affiliated business arrangements and joint ventures that were operating in the district. The complaint alleged that these entities were established for the sole purpose of steering or referring consumers to certain settlement companies in which they had an ownership interest. In return, they would compensate those real estate agents with kickbacks for the business that they generated. In addition to the allegations of kickbacks and steering, this behavior may have precluded consumers from shopping for the best price, as agents steered consumers to only those vendors in which they had a financial incentive and ultimately received compensation based on referral volume or value. It was alleged that this conduct resulted in District consumers paying an inflated price for title and settlement services. At the time the complaint was made, the title producer owner provided the department with supporting documentation and information.

DISB learned shortly thereafter that this individual simultaneously approached the Office of the Attorney General for the District of Columbia (OAG) with identical complaint documentation and information. In response, DISB conducted a review of supporting documentation of the complaint and interviewed some market participants. The department also contacted these affiliated business arrangements directly and sent written inquiries regarding their general operation referral structure, incentive programs, members, and financial arrangements.

The department confirmed that real estate agents at these joint ventures were also licensed in the district to sell title insurance policies and all of the agents within those joint ventures were licensed as well. The department did not receive any consumer complaints related to the cost of title insurance premiums. There also were no allegations made regarding improper reduction in insurance rates or credits in exchange for using a particular settlement company.

In August 2023, DISB started to hold discussions with the OAG and learned that it was conducting a comprehensive investigation related to these affiliated business arrangements. DISB does not regulate the formation of affiliated businesses. The OAG enforces many of the district's laws, including its consumer protection, antitrust, rental housing, and civil rights laws. Violations of other statutes and regulations that govern consumer merchant transactions can separately constitute a violation of the district's Consumer Protection Procedures Act. Therefore, OAG often has overlapping enforcement authority with district regulatory agencies, such as DISB.

While OAG and District regulatory agencies often collaborate in areas of common interest, the OAG is an independent executive agency with separate enforcement powers and decision-making processes. The OAG has the authority to file enforcement actions as lawsuits directly in court as opposed to administrative proceedings. When the OAG takes enforcement action, it can seek a variety of remedies, including injunctive relief, restitution, economic damages, civil penalties, and attorney's fees. Subsequently, in September 2024, the OAG announced settlement agreements with these title companies that ultimately totaled \$3.8 million.

Kenneth Trepeta (Real Estate Services Providers Council—RESPC) stated that RESPC is concerned with the OAG's action because it was outside of 30 years' worth of practices. Thus, it has raised concerns among members who endeavor to be in compliance with affiliated business arrangements. Insurance commissioners and regulators should work with the industry to ensure compliance on these issues.

Having no further business, the Title Insurance (C) Task Force adjourned.

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NAIC Title Insurance (C) Task Force

Survey of State Insurance Laws Regarding Title Data and Title Matters

December 2024

The Title Insurance (C) Task Force conducted a survey of each jurisdiction's laws and regulations regarding title insurance. The Task Force specified in its 2024 charges it would update the *Survey of State Insurance Laws Regarding Title Data and Title Matters*. The survey's intent is to be a tool for state insurance regulators and interested parties to gain insight into the regulation of title insurance. The Task Force members enhanced the survey and sent it out for completion in December 2024. Respondents were the insurance department or other jurisdictional agency responsible for title agents or title insurance as appropriate in each jurisdiction. The information in this document contains the results of the survey. The initial responses were provided in Microsoft Forms and then summarized in the following tables. Each jurisdiction is given an opportunity to review the data for accuracy. Requests for revisions can be sent to Anne Obersteadt at aobersteadt@naic.org.

DISCLAIMER

THE DATA REFLECTED IN THIS REPORT WAS VOLUNTARILY SUBMITTED BY STATE INSURANCE DEPARTMENTS. THE NAIC DOES NOT GUARANTEE THE TRUTH, ACCURACY, QUALITY OR COMPLETENESS OF THE DATA AND IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR ERRORS, OMISSIONS OR RESULTS OF FURTHER USE OF THE DATA. THE DATA SUBMITTED MAY REFLECT ONLY THE OPINIONS OF INDIVIDUAL RESPONDENTS TO AN INFORMAL SURVEY. THE SURVEY RESULTS DO NOT CONSTITUTE A BINDING LEGAL OR REGULATORY OPINION.

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	1. From w	1. From which of these title participants is the state department/division authorized to require?					
	Title Insurers	Title Agents	Attorneys	Abstractors	Escrow/ Settlement Agents	N/A	Other
AL	X						
AK	X						
AS						X	
ΑZ	X	X					
AR	X	X					
CA	X	X			X		
CO	X	X					
CT	X	X					
FL	X	X					
GA	X						
ID	X	X					
IN	X	X		X	X		
KS	X	X			X		
LA						X	
ME	X	X	X				
MD	X	X	X		X		
MA	X						
MI	X	X					
MN	X	X		X	X		
MS						X	
MO	X					- 11	
MT	X	X	X				Any in vilation of MCA § 33-1-311 (4), MCA § 33-1-315, and ARM 6.6.2202 (15)
NE	X	X		X	X		(- /
NV	X	X					
NM	X	X			X		
NC	X						
ND	X						
ОН	X	X					Title Ins. Marketing Reps
OK	X	X					
OR	X	- 11					
PA	X	X					
PR	X	X					
RI	X	X		1		1	
SC	X	71	+				
TN	X	X				†	
TX	X	X			X	†	
UT	X	X	X	1	X	†	Title Ins. Marketing Reps
VT	X	X	X		Λ	+	The ms. Marketing Reps
VA	Λ	X	Λ		X		
WA	X	X			Λ	+	
WV	X	Λ		1		+	+
		v		1		+	+
WI	X	X X				 	
WY	X	X		<u> </u>		1	

	2. From w	hich of thes	e title partici	pants is the st	ate departi	ment/division authorized to require title
	insurers to	o obtain the	participant's	data and repo		
	Title	Title	Attorneys	Escrow/	N/A	Other
	Insurers	Agents		Settlement		
				Agents		
AL					X	
AK	X					
AS					X	
AZ		X		X		
AR	77	X		-		
CA	X	37		X		
CO		X		X	37	
CT	37	V			X	
FL	X	X		+		
GA	X				V	
ID IN		X		X	X	
KS	X	Λ ·		Λ	1	
LA	Λ				X	
ME	X	X	X		Λ	
MD	A	X	X	X	1	
MA	X	71	<u> </u>	A		
MI	71	X	+			
MN	X	- 11				
MS					X	
МО	X	X				
MT					X	
NE	X	X		X		
NV	X	X				
NM	X	X		X		
NC	X					
ND	X					
OH	X	X				
OK	X				1	
OR	X				<u> </u>	
PA	X	X		1	ļ	
PR		X		<u> </u>	 	Anyone involved in insurance
RI				1	X	
SC	X	***		1	1	
TN	X	X		37	<u> </u>	
TX	X	X		X	 	A normal name of the Co
UT						Annual report requirements for agency title insurance producers
VT		-		+	X	agency due insurance producers
VA	X	X		X	Λ	
WA	Λ	Λ		Λ	X	
WV				+	X	

	2. From wh	2. From which of these title participants is the state department/division authorized to require title				
	insurers to	obtain the pa	articipant's d	lata and repor	t it to the st	ate?
	Title	Title	Attorneys	Escrow/	N/A	Other
	Insurers	Agents		Settlement		
				Agents		
WI						Title insurers/agents may be
**1						indirectly required
WY	X	X				

	3. Comments regarding the state's general authority to collect agent data:
AL	N/A
AK	3 AAC 27.340 requires title insurance limited producers to provide the title insurance company with all data necessary for the title insurance company to comply with the requirements under 3 AAC 27.320(c)(3).
	Collection of agent data is not usually asked for unless there is suspicion or report of activity not complying with statute or regulation. Then A.S. 21.27.020 provisions requiring the Director to know if someone was trustworthy would trigger a request.
AS	ASCA Title 29.0205 list the authority of the Insurance Commissioner.
AZ	The Department has authority to request information from title insurers and agents. Escrow/Settlement agents are regulated by the Financial Institutions Division of the Department. Arizona does not have abstractors.
AR	The Department is authorized by statute to collect data from title agents pursuant to Ark. Code Ann. 23-64-512 and 23-104-406.
CA	CA Code of Regulations, Title 10 sections 2355.1 and 2355.2 approved in August of 2009, require title insurers to submit a statistical plan and income report. CA Code of Regulation, Title 10 section 2355.4 authorizes rating examinations of title insurers, title agents and controlled escrow companies. Insurance Code Section 730 et. seq. provides exam authority.
СО	C.R.S. 10-1-108(5)-Duties of Commissioner-Conduct investigations and examinations.
СТ	Under Conn. Gen. Stat. (CGS) section 38a-16, the Insurance Commissioner is authorized to conduct investigations under Title 38a and pursuant to such investigation, the Commissioner may issue "data calls, subpoenas, administer oaths"
FL	Section 627.782, F.S., provides specific authorization for the Office of Insurance Regulation (OIR) to collect data from both agnecies and insurers. Section 627.8437, F.S., states that the Department of Financial Services shall suspend, revoke or refuse to renew and license an agency that fails to timely submit data as required. Rules 69O-186.013 and 69O-186.014, F.A.C. outline the data required
GA	Title insurers are required to file their forms but are not required to file rates and rules.
ID	§ 41-2705(6), Idaho Code, insurers & agents; § 41-2710(7), Idaho Code, examination of agents.
IN	IC 27-7-3. Chapter 3, Abstract and Title Insurance

3. Comments regarding the state's general authority to collect agent data: - K.S.A. 40-103: the Commissioner has general supervision, control and regulation of companies or persons involved in transacting insurance business in the state. - K.S.A. 40-952(c): Agents/agencies must file rates and charges for cost of title insurance included in premium, and any fees charged for non-insurance-related services, e.g., closing/escrow costs, document prep, etc., if handle title work in counties with over 10K in population. - Bulletin 1980-31: Also must file a U & U filing if vary from rates or other charges filed with the Department due to a unique or special situation presenting higher risks or need for additional services. - K.S.A. 40-1137(d): Must file by January 30 an annual audit of escrow/settlement/closing account done by a CPA or insurer with which the agent/agency has a licensing agreement. - K.S.A. 40-1138(b): A title insurance agent must make available all books and records relating to escrow, settlement and closing business upon request. - K.S.A. 40-4090(a)(17): All licensed agents must respond to inquiries from the Commissioner within 15 days LA N/A ME Data would be collected from attorneys in their capacity as title agents. MD Annotated Code of Maryland and Insurance Article. While the Department of Insurance's regulation of title insurance is primarily limited to the solvency of the title insurance companies, applicable Massachusetts law (see M.G.L. c. 175, §§ 114, 116 & 116A) does provide the Commissioner of Insurance with the authority to examine title insurens licensed to do business in Massachusetts. We have not, however, historically used this authority to gather agent data under its general authority through MCL 500.249. MN 600.11 (exams/market analysis). MS N/A MO Section 374.190, RSMo; Section 374.205, RSMo; Section 381.023.4, RSMo A title insurance producer shall keep books of account, records, and vouchers pertaining to any escrow, closing, settlement, or title indemnification busi		
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3. Comments regarding the state's general authority to collect agent data:
Every title insurer holding a Certificate of Authority from the Oklahoma Department of Insurance shall conduct a policy inventory audit, in accordance with its accepted company practice, of each of its licensed agents periodically, but at least every two years. Such policy inventory audit is defined as an audit of the unused forms in the possession of each of its licensed title insurance agents so as to determine that all used policy forms have been reported to the title insurer. A report of each such audit shall be made to the Oklahoma Insurance Department in writing in a form acceptable to the Insurance Commissioner. Interested parties may upon request obtain a copy of an approved title policy inventory audit report form from the Oklahoma Insurance Department per OAC 365-20-3-5. All licensed insurers and HMOs are subject to Annual Statement Filings including annual reporting and premium tax remittance per Oklahoma Title 36 O.S. § 624.
Title agent data can be collected as part of a targeted exam during market analysis.
Statutes require title agents to give the Commissioner access to all agent books and records and to maintain the same in such a manner that the Commissioner or his representative may determine compliance with the law. See 40 P.S. § 910-27. Title agents must also respond in writing to inquiries from the Commissioner. See 40 P.S. § 910-28. Violations of these provisions are punishable by license revocation. Finally, our statute provides that a title insurer shall have access and a right to copy all of an agent's files and records related to its business in a form acceptable to the insurer, and the Commissioner shall have access to all files, accounts and records of the title agent in a form usable by the Commissioner. See 40 P.S. § 910-26.1(6).
Sections 2.030(12), 2.110 and 2.120 of the Puerto Rico Insurance Code
R.I. Gen. Laws Chapters 27-13.1, 27-71
South Carolina does not have authority to collect agent data
Tennessee law, T.C.A. 56-35-101 et seq. and 56-35-201 et seq., include general rulemaking authority so that rules can be promulgated to require agent data collection by title insurance companies, title insurance agents, and title insurance agencies; however, Tennessee law does not currently have any substantive requirements for the collection of agent data.
Texas Insurance Code – Sec. 2703.153
Utah has broad authority to collect relevant information from any Department licensee. Utah Code Section 31A-2-202.
N/A
Chapter 18 of the Code of Virginia allows for collection of data/documentation. https://law.lis.virginia.gov/vacode/title38.2/chapter18/
Washington's general authority to collect title insurance agent data is located in three sections of insurance laws in the Revised Code of Washington (RCW), including RCW 48.17.595, 48.29.017, and 48.29.147. Washington also has rules regulating title insurance agent data in the Washington Administrative Code (WAC) under WAC 284-29-160, 284-29-320, 284-29A-010, 284-29A-040, 284-29A-080, 284-29A-100, and 284-29A-110. See also - Market conduct oversight - Chapters 284-37 WAC and 48.37 RCW.
N/A
The Commissioner has broad authority to collect information from title insurers and agents pertaining to their title insurance business under s. 601.42, Wis. Stat.
Wyoming generally has authority to request data from insurers and agents under its general examination statutes. See, W.S. 26-2-109, 26-2-116 through 26-2-124.

	4. Does the state department/division	5. Does the state	6. How would data reported to the state
	currently collect data from title agents?	department/division	insurance department/division by title
		aggregate or compile	agents, attorneys, abstractors and
		data collected from title	escrow/settlement agents be handled?
		agents?	
AL	No	N/A	N/A
AK	Yes, on an ad hoc basis	No	It depends on the type of data collected
AS	No, but we have the authority to do so if needed	N/A	N/A
ΑZ	Yes, on an ad hoc basis	Yes	It depends on the type of data collected
AR	Yes, on an ad hoc basis	No	It depends on the type of data collected
CA	Yes, on an ad hoc basis	Yes	Kept confidential
CO	Yes, on an ad hoc basis	Yes	It depends on the type of data collected
CT	No	N/A	Kept confidential
FL	Yes, on a regular basis	Yes	Kept confidential
GA	No	No	Open to public disclosure
ID	Yes, on an ad hoc basis	No	It depends on the type of data collected
IN	Yes, on a regular basis	Yes	Kept confidential
KS	Yes, on a regular basis Yes, on a regular basis	No	Open to public disclosure
LA	No	N/A	N/A
ME	Yes, on an ad hoc basis	No	Kept confidential
MD	Yes, on a regular basis	Yes	Kept confidential
MA	No	N/A	N/A
MI	Yes, on an ad hoc basis	No	Kept confidential
MN	Yes, on an ad hoc basis	N/A	It depends on the type of data collected
MS	No	No	N/A
МО	No	N/A	Kept confidential
MT	No, but we have the authority to do so if needed	Yes	It depends on the type of data collected
NE	Yes, on an ad hoc basis	No	Open to public disclosure
NV	No	No	Kept confidential
NM	Yes, on a regular basis	Yes	It depends on the type of data collected
NC	No	No	N/A
ND	No	N/A	N/A
ОН	Yes, on a regular basis	Yes	Open to public disclosure
OK	Yes, on a regular basis	No	It depends on the type of data collected
OR	No	No	Kept confidential
PA	Yes, on an ad hoc basis	Yes	It depends on the type of data collected
PR	Yes, on an ad hoc basis	N/A	It depends on the type of data collected
RI	Yes, on an ad hoc basis	No	It depends on the type of data collected
SC	No	No	N/A
TN	No	No	It depends on the type of data collected
TX	Yes, on a regular basis	Yes	Open to public disclosure
UT	Yes, on a regular basis	No	It depends on the type of data collected
VT	No	No	N/A
VA	Yes, on a regular basis	No	Kept confidential
WA	Yes, on a regular basis	Yes	Kept confidential
WV	No	No	N/A
WI	Yes, on an ad hoc basis	N/A	It depends on the type of data collected
WY	No	No	It depends on the type of data collected

	11/18/2-
	7. By what legal protection is the data reported kept confidential?
AL	Alabama Code
AK	A.S. 21.06.060 covers what is held confidential and what is an exception. Title insurance companies or agents are not specifically addressed. Rate filings, as to statement and justification for them, is open to public inspection under A.S. 21.66.380. Under A.S. 21.66.460(c), information required for escrow, settlement, and closing charges filed under schedule in the section are available to the public, if requested.
AS	American Samoa Code
AZ	Arizona Revised Statutes (ARS) 20-157.01 provides that materials provided to the Department as part of an examination are confidential and not subject to disclosure. For escrow agents information "shall be prohibited from using or releasing said information except in the proper performance of the Deputy Director's or Agency's duties."
AR	Arkansas law protects information that is part of an examination or active and open investigation.
CA	Statutory authority, both regulatory and non-regulatory, and general state law as applicable.
СО	Confidential Treatment and Confidentiality of Records-C.R.S. 10-3-808 and 10-3-1709
СТ	CGS section 38a-16 (a)(2) provides that data provided in response to a data call under that section shall not be subject to disclosure under the CT Freedom of Information Act.
FL	Section 626.84195, F.S. addresses the confidentiality of information supplied by title insurance agencies and insurers. The information is considered proprietary business information and is exempt from Florida's public records laws.
GA	Filed through SERFF. System can be amended to not allow public access.
ID	Idaho Code
IN	Market Regulation Laws
KS	N/A
LA	N/A
ME	Market regulation laws
MD	Market Regulation Laws
MA	N/A
MI	MCL 500.222, 500.226, 500.1246
MN	Minn. § Stat. 13.39, Minn. Stat. § 13.41, Minn. Stat. § 60A.03, Minn. Stat. § 60A.031
MS	Mississippi does not have statutory authority to collect data from title agents.
МО	Section 374.070, RSMo, Section 374.071, RSMo, Missouri Regulation 20 CSR 500-7.070(2)
MT	There is a constitutional presumption that all documents in the hands of public officials are subject to public inspection.
NE	Neb. Rev. Stat. 44-5906(8)(a); 44-1997(4); 44-5906(8)(a)
NV	NRS 692A.117. NRS 6798. 190(5).(6U7) The Commissioner may classify as confidential documents obtained or received on the express condition that they remain confidential.
NM	Statutory Authority
NC	N/A
ND	NA
ОН	Data collected as a result of an annual review is public information. Information can only be kept confidential if it falls into an exception of Ohio's public records law.

	11/10/24
	7. By what legal protection is the data reported kept confidential?
OK	Data collected in response to a complaint, as part of an investigation, or any financial exam or market conduct survey is confidential by law. Data collected in a policy inventory audit and annual financial statements are public information by law.
OR	Market analysis examination statutes
PA	Generally, information submitted to the Department is considered public unless it is exempt from public disclosure under Pennsylvania's Right-to-Know Law or other applicable statute. See 65 P.S. §§ 67.101 - 67.3104. The person or entity submitting the information must typically assert a claim that the information submitted is exempt from disclosure under one of the exceptions to public disclosure such as that for trade secrets or confidential proprietary financial information.
PR	All data collected is presumed to be public information subject to public inspection except for those specific cases provided by law or that are privileged among other reasons stated on Section 2.090 of Puerto Rico Insurance Code
RI	If requested in an examination it would fall under the exclusion from public access in our examination statute. If requested in another manner it would fall under our general access to public records statute and depend upon the information requested.
SC	Title data is not regularly collected, but the Department has the authority to request it from insurers. Confidential data requested by the Department is statutorily protected.
TN	N/A
TX	N/A
UT	Utah's Government Records Access and Management Act, Utah Code Sections 63G-2-101, et seq. is similar to the Freedom of Information Act. Additionally, data is protected under Utah Code Sections 31A-2-204, 31A-4-113.5, 31A-5-701, 31A-16-109, 31A-16a-108, 31A-16b-106, 31A-17-517, 31A-17-608, 31A-23a-104.
VT	N/A
VA	Vrginia Code
WA	Data reported is protected by statute, kept confidential, and not subject to the state's Public Records Act (Ch. 42.56 RCW), unless the Insurance Commissioner finds, after notice and hearing with affected parties, it is in the public interest to disclose the information (RCW 48.29.018). RCW 48.17.595(6) also provides industry participants with confidentiality protections in certain circumstances.
WV	N/A
WI	In general, all records held by the Office of the Insurance Commissioner (OCI) are subject to inspection under Wisconsin's open records law found in s. 19.35 (1), Wis. Stat., unless the record falls within the scope of one of the numerous exceptions. In addition, OCI has specific authority to withhold certain records under s. 601.465, Wis. Stat, and s. Ins 6.13, Wis. Adm. Code.
WY	Wyoming Public Records Act, W.S. 16-4-201 et seq. Other sections of the insurance code may be applicable depending on the type of data.

11/10/2
8. Statutes and regulations regarding confidentiality and public disclosure of title data:
Ala. Code Section 27-2-24(g) [General Examination Authority; Confidentiality]
A.S. 21.06.060; A.S. 21.66.380; A.S. 21.66.460(c)
ASCA. Title 29.0211,.0212,0213
Arizona Revised Statutes (ARS) 20-157.01 and 20-158(F), ARS 6-837, 832, and 6-860
Ark. Code Ann. 23-61-103(d)(2), 23-15-208, and 23-103-411
Insurance Code Sections 730 et. seq. (including 735.5), 12370-12377, 12389-123897, 1215 et. seq. and 12919; Civil Code Sections 3426 et. Seq. (Uniform Trade Secret Act); Government Code Section 6254(d) (portion of the Public Records Act).
C.R.S. 10-3-808 and 10-3-1709
CGS section 38a-16 (a)(2)
Section 626.84195, F.S.
O.C.G.A. 33-7-8 defines title insurance and lists it as a line of insurance subject to regulation. O.C.G.A. 33-9-3(a)(6) exempts title insurers from having to file rates and rules. O.C.G.A. 33-24-2(4) exempts title insurance policies from certain provisions such as cancellation.
Title 74, Chapter 1, Idaho Code, the Idaho Public Records Act § 41-2710(7), Idaho Code.
IC 27-7-3-15.5
N/A
N/A
24-A M.R.S. § 216
MD Ins Code § 2-209 Public Information Act
N/A
MCL 500.249, 500.1246, 500.222, 500.226
Minn. § Stat. 13.39, Minn. Stat. § 13.41, Minn. Stat. § 60A.03, Minn. Stat. § 60A.031
N/A
Section 374.070, RSMo, Section 374.071, RSMo, Missouri Regulation 20 CSR 500-7.070(2)
(Great Falls Tribune v. MT Public Service Commission, 2003 MT 359, P 54, 319 Mont. 38, P 54, 82 P.3d 876, P 54). ¶¶ 56 – A non-human entity must make a prima facie case showing that data is confidential.
Neb. Rev. Stat 44-1997(4); 44-5906(8)(a); Neb. Rev. Stat. 84-712 - 84-712.09
NRS 692A.117. 679B.190(5),(6),(7)
New Mexico's Inspection of Public Records Act. 14-2-1 et. seq. NMSA; 59A-30A-16 NMSA
N/A
N.D.C.C. 44-04-18.4
Ohio Revised Code Sections 149.43, 3901.045, 3901.075, 3901.36, 3901.48, and 3905.24
36 O.S. § 306 (A), 36 O.S. § 309.4(F), OAC 365:25-7-81, OAC 365-20-3-5, 36 O.S. § 624
The market analysis statute states that data collected in an exam is confidential.
65 P.S. §§ 67.101 - 67.3104
Section 2.090 Puerto Rico Insurance Code
R.I. Gen. Laws §§ 27-13.1-5, 27-71-8, and 38-2-2

	8. Statutes and regulations regarding confidentiality and public disclosure of title data:
SC	S.C. Code Ann. 38-13-140, Director may request information and all replies are strictly confidential. Section 38-13-160, Confidentiality of special reports.
TN	There are no specific statutes or regulations regarding confidentiality and public disclosure of title data; however, T.C.A. 10-7-501 et seq. pertains to what records, on a statewide basis, may be kept confidential and excluded from the public record. T.C.A. 56-1-420 keeps certain insurance company actuarial information confidential, and T.C.A. 56-6-120 keeps investigation information related to insurance companies or agents confidential.
TX	Texas Insurance Code, 2602.011(c), 2651.155, 2651.205(a)(2), 2651.206(a)(4); Form T-1 Conditions 6. (b); Form T-1R Conditions 3.c; Form T-2 Conditions 6.(b); Form PPT-1 Conditions 5; Forms PPT-5, PPT-6, PPT-7 Conditions and Stipulations E.5; Forms PPT-8 and PPT-9 Conditions and Stipulations E.6; Forms PPT-10, PPT-11, and PPT-12 Conditions and Stipulations 5.
UT	Utah Code Sections 63G-2-101, et seq., 31A-2-204, 31A-4-113.5, 31A-5-701, 31A-16-109, 31A-16a-108, 31A-16b-106, 31A-17-517, 31A-17-608, 31A-23a-104
VT	N/A
VA	55.1-1016 of the Code of Virginia
WA	RCW 48.17.595(6) and 48.29.018.
WV	W.Va. Code 33-2-9 for the confidentiality of data collected during examination or analyses of a regulated entity.
WI	ss. 19.35 and 19.36, Wis. Stat. s. 601.465, Wis. Stat, and s. Ins 6.13, Wis. Adm. Code
WY	W.S. 16-4-201 et seq.

Yearly rate filings and forms of policies to be written are collected and retained. A.S. 21.66.080 requires an annual statement of all assets and liabilities and all title premiums received during the preceding calendar year. A.S. 21.66.085 allows the Director to require quarterly financial statements Also, the Director is authorized to examine the books, accounts, assets, and title plants of a company authorized to write title insurance in Alaska to determine there is no impairment of capital and the company has complied with the provisions of the title insurance chapter. See A.S. 21.66.120. Title insurance limited producers must keep records in accordance with A.S. 21.66.280 and the Director may inquire into them under A.S. 21.66.290 and 21.66.330. Rate filings by title insurance companies are required under A.S. 21.66.270 as 3 AAC 27.320 for minimum ratemaking standards and 3 AAC 27.330 for required reports and rate filing. See also 3 AAC 27.350 for short-term rates. N/A Underwriting, claims handling, and operational data which includes procedures and policyholder data for market conduct exams. For escrow agents, an audit of the escrow, account servicing, and subdivision trust activities of the escrow agent to determine if significant deficiencies in the design or operation of the internal control structure of the escrow agent would adversely affect the agent's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial statements. The Department receives and reviews the annual statutory audits performed by title insurers. It may collect other data, such as closing files and policy records during an investigation. Data collected may include a review of the books, records, accounts, rates, charges, fees, rating plans, rating systems, underwriting rules, policy forms. It may also include loss or expense experience and the data, statistics, or information collected or used in determining or establishing the rates, charges, fees, rating plans,		9. What kind of data is collected and how is it used?
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Underwriting, claims handling, and operational data which includes procedures and policyholder data for market conduct exams. For escrow agents, an audit of the escrow, account servicing, and subdivision trust activities of the escrow agent to determine if significant deficiencies in the design or operation of the internal control structure of the escrow agent would adversely affect the agent's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial statements. The Department receives and reviews the annual statutory audits performed by title insurers. It may collect other data, such as closing files and policy records during an investigation. Data collected may include a review of the books, records, accounts, rates, charges, fees, rating plans, rating systems, underwriting rules, policy forms. It may also include loss or expense experience and the data, statistics, or information collected or used in determining or establishing the rates, charges, fees, rating plans, rating systems, underwriting rules or policy forms. Statistical plans and financial data reports may also be collected. Data collected is to aid in the administration of rate regulatory laws. Affiliated Business Arrangement Disclosure, late premium remittances, trust account discrepancies, title agent terminations and new agent appointments. EL Revenues; expenses and losses. The data is used in the analysis of title insurance rates, title search costs, and the condition of the title insurance industry in the state. GA Forms are reviewed for compliance with state laws Complaint information, title and escrow rates, and any related data, including, but not limited to, examinations, investigations, or audits. N Please see IC 27-7-3-15.5 Insurers must submit policy forms for review and approval. Forms are reviewed by policy examiners. Insurers, agencies, and agents must file title rates they will use, as well as other fees and charges for services provided. Rates and fees	AK	requires an annual statement of all assets and liabilities and all title premiums received during the preceding calendar year. A.S. 21.66.085 allows the Director to require quarterly financial statements. Also, the Director is authorized to examine the books, accounts, assets, and title plants of a company authorized to write title insurance in Alaska to determine there is no impairment of capital and the company has complied with the provisions of the title insurance chapter. See A.S. 21.66.120. Title insurance limited producers must keep records in accordance with A.S. 21.66.280 and the Director may inquire into them under A.S. 21.66.290 and 21.66.330. Rate filings by title insurance companies are required under A.S. 21.66.370. See 3 AAC 27.320 for minimum ratemaking standards and 3 AAC 27.330 for required reports and rate filing. See also 3 AAC 27.350 for short-
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COLLECT Other data, such as closing files and policy records during an investigation. Data collected may include a review of the books, records, accounts, rates, charges, fees, rating plans, rating systems, underwriting rules, policy forms. It may also include loss or expense experience and the data, statistics, or information collected or used in determining or establishing the rates, charges, fees, rating plans, rating systems, underwriting rules or policy forms. Statistical plans and financial data reports may also be collected. Data collected is to aid in the administration of rate regulatory laws. Affiliated Business Arrangement Disclosure, late premium remittances, trust account discrepancies, title agent terminations and new agent appointments. The Data is only collected in connection with an investigation of a title insurer or title agent. Revenues; expenses and losses. The data is used in the analysis of title insurance rates, title search costs, and the condition of the title insurance industry in the state. Forms are reviewed for compliance with state laws Complaint information, title and escrow rates, and any related data, including, but not limited to, examinations, investigations, or audits. Please see IC 27-7-3-15.5 Insurers must submit policy forms for review and approval. Forms are reviewed by policy examiners. Insurers, agencies, and agents must file title rates they will use, as well as other fees and charges for services provided. Rates and fees are accessible to the public and posted publicly on the Department's website. Escrow audit reports are required annually if agent/agency is performing escrow, settlement or closing services. Unique and unusual filings, if premiums or rates charged vary from those on file with the Department. Controlled/associated business reports.	AZ	data for market conduct exams. For escrow agents, an audit of the escrow, account servicing, and subdivision trust activities of the escrow agent to determine if significant deficiencies in the design or operation of the internal control structure of the escrow agent would adversely affect the agent's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data consistent with the assertions of
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Complaint information, title and escrow rates, and any related data, including, but not limited to, examinations, investigations, or audits. Please see IC 27-7-3-15.5 Insurers must submit policy forms for review and approval. Forms are reviewed by policy examiners. Insurers, agencies, and agents must file title rates they will use, as well as other fees and charges for services provided. Rates and fees are accessible to the public and posted publicly on the Department's website. Escrow audit reports are required annually if agent/agency is performing escrow, settlement or closing services. Unique and unusual filings, if premiums or rates charged vary from those on file with the Department. Controlled/associated business reports.	FL	•
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LA N/A	KS	examiners. Insurers, agencies, and agents must file title rates they will use, as well as other fees and charges for services provided. Rates and fees are accessible to the public and posted publicly on the Department's website. Escrow audit reports are required annually if agent/agency is performing escrow, settlement or closing services. Unique and unusual filings, if premiums or rates charged vary
	LA	N/A

	9. What kind of data is collected and how is it used?							
ME	We have not collected data from title agents. We have the authority to do so, however, and would collect data for whatever purpose was necessary to enforce the Maine insurance laws.							
MD	The Commissioner may examine the accounts, records, documents and transactions of licensees for the purpose of determining compliance with Maryland Insurance Laws.							
MA	N/A							
MI	Ad hoc, as needed, use varies.							
MN	Data relating to compliance issues. It is collected and used in investigations and examinations.							
MS	N/A							
МО	We collect supplement data from title insurers. It is used to compile reports based on direct written premium, direct premium earned, incurred losses, paid losses, and loss ratio in order to monitor the Missouri market.							
MT	MCA § 33-1-311 (4). The Commissioner may conduct investigations of insurance matters. MCA § 33-1-401. Examination of insurers et seq. MCA § 33-25-302. Disapproval of agency contracts.							
NE	Neb. Rev. Stat. 44-1993 (2) & (4); 44-19.112(3); 44-19.114(14)							
NV	N/A							
NM	Revenue/expense for setting title insurance rates, claims history, escrow procedures, and data related to complaints.							
NC	N/A							
ND	N/A							
ОН	Ohio collects data related to the annual review of escrow accounts, interest on trust accounts, affiliated business arrangements, errors and omissions insurance, and surety bond coverage. The data is used to determine compliance with Ohio's title insurance laws. Data may also be collected as part of a market conduct or financial exam to determine compliance with Ohio's insurance laws.							
OK	Every title insurer holding a Certificate of Authority from the Oklahoma Department of Insurance shall conduct a policy inventory audit, in accordance with its accepted company practice, of each of its licensed agents periodically, but at least every two years. Such policy inventory audit is defined as an audit of the unused forms in the possession of each of its licensed title insurance agents so as to determine that all used policy forms have been reported to the title insurer. A report of each such audit shall be made to the Department in writing in a form acceptable to the Insurance Commissioner. Interested parties may, upon request, obtain a copy of an approved title policy inventory audit report form from the Department per OAC 365-20-3-5. All licensed insurers and HMOs are subject to annual statement filings, including annual reporting and premium tax remittance, per Oklahoma Title 36 O.S. § 624.							
OR	Annual statement data is collected from insurers. No data is collected from title agents.							
PA	The Department does not regularly collect data from the title industry. In 1984 and 1993, the Department conducted studies of agent commissions. In 2010, it conducted a study of the expense component of title insurance rates. In order to perform the 2010 study, title agent information was required from title insurers in 2009.							
PR	The Department collects title insurance information from insurers and title agents on an ad hoc basis. Information is also obtained from title insurers from regular examinations and from its annual and quarterly financial statements.							

	9. What kind of data is collected and how is it used?						
RI	Rhode Island is completing a project on title insurance currently. It questioned 20 agents as part of that process and asked questions about disclosure and marketing. It also sent a series of interrogations to 11 title insurers and asked for considerably more, including loss ratios, policy count, oversight of agents and more.						
SC	Under South Carolina Code Ann. 38-13-80, every insurer must file a statement showing the business standing and financial condition of the insurer with the Department annually.						
TN	The Department currently collects rate information filed by title insurance companies and also collects annual financial statements filed by title insurance companies. The data is used to ensure rates are actuarially justified and to ensure that the title insurance company is financially secure for purposes of licensure.						
TX	Income, expenses, losses, number of claims, and number of policies are collected for setting premium rates.						
UT	Regarding title insurers, data is collected about their financial condition and used to promote their solvency. Regarding title agents, data is collected concerning their qualifications for a license and their compliance with market conduct laws. The Department also collects data regarding the operations of title insurers, agencies and agents for the purpose of imposing assessments that fund the Department's regulatory activities.						
VT	No data is collected. Title agents are licensed and those licenses are subject to approval when renewed.						
VA	Real Estate Settlement Agents (RESA) annual audit from title settlement agencies are reviewed for compliance with regulations and Code of Virginia. Market conduct examinations are reviewed for financial stability.						
WA	Policy counts and costs to issue policies are collected. Additionally, aggregate data are published and could be used for ratemaking.						
WV	Data is not collected from title agents, attorneys, abstractors and escrow/settlement agents.						
WI	The Department has broad authority to collect any kind of information from title insurers and agents relating to their title insurance business. Generally, information is collected in relation to filed complaints or as a filing requirement.						
WY	No data is currently being collected.						

	10. If the number of po	licies issued is collected,	how are	they separated?
	Policies issued are separated by standard title policies and enhanced title policies	Policies issued are not separated	N/A	Other
AL			X	
AK		X		
AS			X	
ΑZ		X		
AR		X		
CA			X	
СО			X	
CT			X	
FL				Other
GA		X		
ID			X	
IN				Policy Type: None, Owners, Lenders, Both
KS			X	
LA			X	
ME			X	
MD	X			
MA			X	
MI			X	
MN			X	
MS			X	
MO		X		
MT	X			
NE			X	
NV			X	
NM	X			
NC			X	
ND			X	
ОН	X			
OK			X	
OR			X	
PA				Number of policies is reported annually by a title insurance rating organization in its annual statistical report and available for public view using SERFF.
PR			X	
RI	X			
SC			X	
TN			X	
TX			X	
UT			X	
VT			X	
VA			X	
WA		X		
WV			X	
WI			X	
WY			X	

	11/18/24						
	11. Statutes and regulations regarding data collection from title participants:						
AL	N/A						
AK	N/A						
AS	N/A						
AZ	ARS 20-157, 20-1581, 20-1582, 20-1588, 20-1593, 6-837, 6-832, and 6-860						
AR	The Department is authorized by statute to collect data from title agents pursuant to Ark. Code Ann. 23-						
AIX	64-512 and 23-104-406.						
CA	Insurance Code Sections 730 et. seq., 12401.5 and 12414.21. California Code of Regulations Title 10 Sections 2355.1, 2355.2 and 2355.4.						
CO	C.R.S. 10-1-108 and 10-2-804						
CT	N/A						
FL	Section 627.782(8), F.S., Rule 69O-186.013 and 69O-186.014, F.A.C.						
I L	O.C.G.A. 33-7-8 defines title insurance and lists it as a line of insurance subject to regulation. O.C.G.A.						
GA	33-9-3(a)(6) exempts title insurers from having to file rates and rules. O.C.G.A. 33-24-2(4) exempts						
	title insurance policies from certain provisions such as cancellation.						
	Title 41, chapter 27, Idaho Code.						
ID	IDAPA 18.05.01						
IN	IC 27-7-3. Chapter 3 Abstract and Title Insurance						
	K.S.A. 40-955; K.S.A. 40-952(c); K.S.A. 40-1137(d), Bulletin 1989-31; K.S.A. 40-2404(14)(h); K.A.R.						
KS	K.S.A. 40-955; K.S.A. 40-952(c); K.S.A. 40-1137(d), Bulletin 1989-31; K.S.A. 40-2404(14)(n); K.A.R. 40-3-43; K.A.R. 40-3-52						
LA	La.R.S. 22:529						
ME	24-A M.R.S. § 220, if regulated by the Bureau of Insurance						
	The Maryland Insurance Administration may collect data from officers, employees and representatives						
MD	of insurers and producers pursuant to the Annotated Code of Maryland, Insurance Article, Title 2,						
IVID	Subtitle 1, 2 and 2-206.						
MA	N/A						
MI	MCL 500.222, 500.249, 500.438, 500.1246, 500.2028						
MN	N/A						
MS	N/A						
MO	N/A						
MT	MCA § 33-1-311 (4); MCA § 33-1-401; MCA § 33-25-302.						
IVI I	In addition to the aforemetioned, Nebraska Administrative Code Title 210 Chapter 34 ["Title						
NE	Insurance"], section 006.03						
NV	NRS 692A.260. NRS 6798.120, NRS 6798.140, NRS 6798.340						
NM	New Mexico Insurance Code 59A-1-1 et. seq.; 58-28-1 et. seq.; 13.14.1 et. seq. NMAC						
NC	N/A						
ND	N/A						
	Ohio Revised Code Sections 3901.011, 3901.045, 3901.075, 3901.36, 3901.48, and 3905.24, and						
ОН	3953.33. Ohio Administrative Code 3901-7-01						
OK	36 O.S. § 306 (A), 36 O.S. § 309.4(F), OAC 365:25-7-81, OAC 365-20-3-5, 36 O.S. § 624						
OR	ORS 731.752 through 764						
PA	40 P.S. §§ 910-26.1(6), 910-27, 910-28, 910-46, 910-47						
PR	N/A						
RI	R.I. Gen. Laws Chapters 27-13.1 and 27-71						
SC	N/A						
50	14.44						

	11. Statutes and regulations regarding data collection from title participants:				
TN	N/A				
TX	Texas Insurance Code Chapter 2703, Subchapter D				
UT	Utah Code Sections 31A-2-202, 31A-4-113.5, 31A-5-701, 31A-16-109, 31A-16a-108, 31A-16b-106, 31A-17-517, 31A-17-608, 31A-23a-104.				
VT	N/A				
VA	38.2-4606 of the Code of Virginia				
WA	RCW 48.17.595, 48.29.017, and 48.29.147. WAC 284-29-160, 284-29-320, 284-29A-010, 284-29A-040, 284-29A-080, 284-29A-100, and 284-29A-110. See also, Market conduct oversight, Chapters 284-37 WAC and 48.37 RCW.				
WV	N/A				
WI	The Commissioner has broad authority to collect information from title insurers and agents pertaining to their title insurance business under s. 601.42, Wis. Stat.				
WY	N/A				

	12. Which processes does the state insurance department/division regulate if a title insurance policy is issued?						
	Risk Transfer	Policy Production/ Issuance	Title Search or Abstract	Examination of Title	Escrow & Closing	N/A	
AL	X						
AK	X	X	X	X			
AS						X	
ΑZ	X	X	X	X	X		
AR	X	X	X	X			
CA	X	X	X	X	X		
CO		X	X	X	X		
CT	X	X					
FL	X	X	X	X			
						X	
GA ID	X	X	X	X	X		
IN		X	X	X	X		
KS			X	X	X		
LA	X				X		
ME	X	X					
MD	X	X		X	X		
MA		11				X	
MI	X	X	X	X	X	71	
MN	X	X	71	71	X		
MS	X	71			71		
MO	X	X	X	X	X		
MT	- A	X	X	X	X		
NE		X	X	X	X		
NV	X	X	X	X	X		
NM	Λ	X	X	X	X		
NC	X	Λ	Λ	Λ	Λ		
ND	X	X					
OH	X	X					
	X	X					
OK OR	X	X	X	X			
	X	X	Λ	Λ			
PA	A	A				v	
PR		v				X	
RI		X					
SC		X		37	37		
TN	37	X	37	X	X		
TX	X	X	X	X	X		
UT	X	X	X	X	X		
VT	X	X			***		
VA	_	X			X		
WA	X	X	X	X	ļ		
WV	X	X					
WI	X	X					
WY	X	X	X	X	X		

	NO title insurtransaction if services are n	ocesses does the rance policy is in title insurance in tot insurance pro- e is included in	ssued? (Some s involved ma oducts and the	14. Does the department set requirements for standard and/or enhanced title policies?		
	Title Search or Abstract	Examination of Title	Clearing of Title Defects	Escrow & Closing	N/A	
AL					X	Yes, for standard and enhanced policies
AK					X	N/A
AS					X	Yes, for standard and enhanced policies
ΑZ				X		N/A
AR					X	N/A
CA	X	X	X	X		N/A
CO					X	Yes, for standard and enhanced policies
CT					X	N/A
FL					X	N/A
GA					X	N/A
ID	X	X	X	X	71	N/A
IN	A	Λ	Λ	X		Yes, for standard and enhanced policies
KS				Λ	X	N/A
LA					X	N/A
ME					X	N/A
	X	V	X	V	Λ	
MD		X	A	X	37	Yes, for standard and enhanced policies
MA					X	N/A
MI					X	N/A
MN				X	**	N/A
MS					X	N/A
MO					X	Yes, for standard and enhanced policies
MT	X	X	X	X		Yes, for standard and enhanced policies
NE				X		Yes, for standard and enhanced policies
NV	X	X	X	X		N/A
NM				X		Yes, for standard and enhanced policies
NC					X	N/A
ND					X	N/A
OH					X	N/A
OK					X	Yes, for standard and enhanced policies
OR					X	N/A
PA					X	N/A
PR					X	Yes, for standard and enhanced policies
RI					X	N/A
SC					X	N/A
TN					X	N/A
TX					X	N/A
UT	1				X	Yes, for standard and enhanced policies
VT	+				X	Yes, for standard and enhanced policies
VA				X	71	N/A
WA				/1	X	N/A
WV	+				X	N/A
WI	+				X	Yes, for standard and enhanced policies
WY					X	Yes, for standard and enhanced policies Yes, for standard and enhanced policies

	15. For which processes does the state department/division regulate the pricing if a title insurance					le insurance	
	policy is iss Risk Transf		Title Search or Abstract	Examination of Title	Clearing of Title Defects	Escrow & Closing	N/A
ΑT	v	Issuance					
AL AK	X	X	X	X			
AS		A	A	Λ			X
AS AZ	X	X	X	X		X	A
AR	A		A	Λ		Λ	X
CA	X	X	X	X	X	X	Λ
CO	A	X	X	X	X	X	
CT	X	X	A	Λ	Λ	Λ	
FL	X	X	+	X	X		
GA	A	A		Λ	A		X
ID	X	X	X	X	X	X	1
IN	X	X		<u> </u>	71	A	
KS	1	71					X
LA	X	X	+				71
ME	X	X	1				
MD	11	X					
MA		12					X
MI	X	X	X	X			
MN	X	X					
MS							X
MO	X						
MT		X	X	X	X	X	
NE							X
NV	X	X	X	X	X	X	
NM		X	X	X	X		
NC	X						
ND	X	X					
ОН	X	X					
OK							X
OR	X	X	X	X	X		
PA	X	X	X	X	X	X	
PR							X
RI		X					
SC	X	X					
TN		X					
TX	X	X	X	X	X	X	
UT	X						
VT	X	X					
VA							X
WA	X	X	X	X	X		
WV	X	X					
WI	X	X					
WY		X					

	16. Which	16. Which processes are included in the title rates?					
	Risk	Policy		Examination	Clearing of	Escrow &	N/A
	Transfer	Production/	or Abstract	of Title	Title	Closing	
		Issuance			Defects		
AL	X	X					
AK	X	X	X	X	X	X	
AS							X
ΑZ	X	X	X	X		X	
AR	X						
CA	X	X	X	X	X	X	
CO	X	X	X	X	X	X	
CT	X	X					
FL	X	X		X	X		
GA							X
ID	X	X	X	X	X		
IN	X	X					
KS	X	X	X	X	X		
LA	X	X	X	X	X		
ME	X	X					
MD	X	X			X		
MA							X
MI	X	X	X	X			
MN	X	X					
MS							X
MO	X						
MT		X	X	X	X	X	
NE	X	X	X	X	X	X	
NV	X	X	X	X	X		
NM		X	X	X	X		
NC	X	X	X	X	X	X	
ND	X	X					
ОН	X	X					
OK							X
OR	X	X	X	X	X		
PA	X	X	X	X	X	X	
PR							X
RI		X					1
SC	X	X					
TN	X	X		X			
TX	X	X	X	X	X	X	1
UT	X	X	X	X	X		
VT	X	X					1
VA		X					
WA	X	X	X	X	X		1
WV	X	X					
WI	X	X					
WY		X					

	17. Are rates required to be filed with the state department/ division?	18. How does the state department/division regulate title insurance rates?	
AL	Yes	Prior approval	
AK	Yes	Prior approval	
AS	Yes	Prior approval	
ΑZ	Yes	File and use	
AR	No	Rates are not regulated for title insurance	
CA	Yes	File and use	
CO	Yes	File and use	
CT	Yes	Prior approval	
FL	No	Promulgate rates	
GA	No	Rates are not regulated for title insurance	
ID	Yes	File 30 days in advance of use to allow for comments and objections	
IN	Yes	Prior approval	
KS	Yes	File and use	
LA	Yes	Prior approval	
ME	Yes	File and use	
MD	Yes	File and use	
MA	No	Rates are not regulated for title insurance	
MI	Yes	File and use	
MN	Yes	File and use	
MS	Yes	File and use	
MO	Yes	Prior approval	
MT	Yes	Prior approval	
NE	Yes	Prior approval	
NV	Yes	Prior approval	
NM	Yes	Promulgate rates	
NC	Yes	File and use	
ND	Yes	File and use	
ОН	Yes	Prior approval	
OK	No	Rates are not regulated for title insurance	
OR	Yes	Prior approval	
PA	Yes	Title insurance rate filings are generally subject to a File & Use standard (see 40 P.S. § 910-37(d)) unless they are consent-to-rate filings, for which Use and File applies (see 40 P.S. § 910-37(g)). The Department typically issues affirmative approvals of filings that are not consent-to-rate filings. It is not uncommon for insurers and rating organizations to submit filings with proposed effective dates that negate the File & Use standard and instead require the Department's approval (see 40 P.S. § 910-37(d)).	
PR	Yes	Prior approval	
RI	Yes	File and use	
SC	Yes	Prior approval	
TN	Yes	Prior approval	

	17. Are rates required to be filed with the state department/ division?	18. How does the state department/division regulate title insurance rates?
TX	N/A	Promulgate rates
UT	Yes	File and use
VT	Yes	use and file
VA	Yes	File and use
WA	Yes	Prior approval
WV	Yes	File and use for commerical if not disapproved in 30 days
WI	Yes	File and use unless the rate is exempt from the filing requirement under s. Ins. 6.78, Wis. Adm. Code
WY	Yes	Prior approval

	19. Does the state	20. What is the statutory standard for title rate adequacy?
	department/division require	20. What is the statutory standard for thic rate adequacy:
	title agents to file their fees for	
	processes which are not	
	included in the title rate?	
AL	No	Rates are not excessive, inadequate or unfairly discriminatory
AK	Yes	Rates are not excessive, inadequate or unfairly discriminatory
AS	Yes	At the discretion of the Commissioner
AZ	No	Rates are not excessive, inadequate or unfairly discriminatory
AR	No	Title insurance rates are unregulated
CA	Yes	Rates are not excessive, inadequate or unfairly discriminatory
CO	Yes	Rates are not excessive, inadequate or unfairly discriminatory
CT	No	Rates are not excessive, inadequate or unfairly discriminatory
FL	No	Rates are not excessive, inadequate or unfairly discriminatory
GA	No	Title insurance rates are unregulated
ID	Yes	Rates are not excessive, inadequate or unfairly discriminatory
IN	No	Rates are not excessive, inadequate or unfairly discriminatory
KS	Yes	Title insurance rates are unregulated
LA	No	Rates are not excessive, inadequate or unfairly discriminatory
ME	No	Rates are not excessive, inadequate or unfairly discriminatory
MD	No	Rates are not excessive, inadequate or unfairly discriminatory
MA	N/A	N/A
MI	No	Rates are not excessive, inadequate or unfairly discriminatory
MN	No	Rates are not excessive, inadequate or unfairly discriminatory
MS	Yes	Title insurance rates are unregulated
MO	N/A	Rates are not excessive, inadequate or unfairly discriminatory
MT	No	Rates are not excessive, inadequate or unfairly discriminatory
NE	No	Title insurance rates are unregulated
NV	Yes	Rates are not excessive, inadequate or unfairly discriminatory
NM	No	Rates are not excessive, inadequate or unfairly discriminatory
NC	N/A	Rates are not excessive, inadequate or unfairly discriminatory
ND	No	Rates are not excessive, inadequate or unfairly discriminatory
ОН	No	Rates are not excessive, inadequate or unfairly discriminatory
OK	No	Title insurance rates are unregulated
OR	No	Rates are not excessive, inadequate or unfairly discriminatory
PA	No	Rates are not excessive, inadequate or unfairly discriminatory
PR	Yes	Rates are not excessive, inadequate or unfairly discriminatory
RI	Yes	Rates are not excessive, inadequate or unfairly discriminatory
SC	No	Rates are not excessive, inadequate or unfairly discriminatory
TN	No	Rates are not excessive, inadequate or unfairly discriminatory
TX	No	Rates must be reasonable to the public and non-confiscatory to
171	110	the title insurers and title agents
UT	No	Rates are not excessive, inadequate or unfairly discriminatory
VT	No	Rates are not excessive, inadequate or unfairly discriminatory
VA	No	Title insurance rates are unregulated
WA	Yes	Rates are not excessive, inadequate or unfairly discriminatory
WV	N/A	Rates are not excessive, inadequate or unfairly discriminatory
WI	No	Rates are not excessive, inadequate or unfairly discriminatory
WY	No	Rates are not excessive, inadequate or unfairly discriminatory

	21. Are forms required to be filed with the state department/division?	22. How does the state department/division regulate title insurance policy forms and endorsements?
AL	Yes	Same as all other insurance policy forms and endorsements
AK	Yes	In A.S. 21.66.450, all forms of title policies and other contracts of title insurance proposed to issue in Alaska must be filed before issuance 31 days prior. If after 30 days it is presumed approved.
AS	Yes	Discretion of the Commissioner
ΑZ	Yes	File and Use 30 Day Hold ARS 20-1591
AR	Yes	File and Approve
CA	Yes	File and Use. The Department looks at the forms for clarity, to make sure that the coverage is indeed title insurance, to make sure there is no undue discrimination, and try to make sure there are not mistakes.
CO	No	N/A
СТ	Yes	See CGS section 38a-422 for Policy Form Standards and CGS 38a-423. Under CGS 38a-423 disclosure of a buyer's title policy needs to be waived, in writing, by the buyer if the buyer chooses not to purchase an owner's title policy.
FL	Yes	Section 627.777, F.S., requires that all forms must be filed with and approved by the Office of Insurance Regulation prior to use.
GA	Yes	O.C.G.A. 33-24 has provisions for form requirements for all types of insurance
ID	Yes	Forms and endorsements filed 30 days in advance of use to provide opportunity for comments and objections.
IN	Yes	Indiana Department of Insurance Company Compliance Division
KS	Yes	Admitted title companies must file through SERFF every manual of classification, rules and rates, every rating plan, every rate card and every modification of any of those. Policy forms are reviewed by policy examiners.
LA	Yes	Forms are subject to review and prior approval
ME	Yes	File and Use
MD	Yes	Pursuant to 11-404, the insurer must file the forms and they are deemed approved if not disapproved by the Commissioner.
MA	No	The Division of Insurance does not regulate title insurance forms and endorsements.
MI	Yes	All forms and endorsements are filed in SERFF. The title analysts ensure the forms comply with statute.
MN	Yes	Prior Approval
MS	Yes	File and Use
МО	Yes	Missouri Regulation 20 CSR 500-7.060 and 20 CSR 500-7.130 Section 381.085, RSMo

	21. Are forms required to be filed with the state department/division?	22. How does the state department/division regulate title insurance policy forms and endorsements?
МТ	Yes	An insurance policy or annuity contract form, certificate, enrollment form, application form, printed rider or endorsement form, or form of renewal certificate may not be delivered or issued for delivery in Montana unless the form has been filed and approved by the commissioner [MCA § 33-1-501 (1)].
NE	Yes	See Neb. Rev. Stat. 44-1998. Form filing. (1)(a) A title insurer or rate service organization shall not deliver or issue for delivery or permit any of its title insurance agents to deliver in this state any form, in connection with title insurance business written, unless it has been filed and approved by the Director or thirty days have elapsed and it has not been disapproved. The waiting period may be extendednot to exceed thirty days if the Director gives written notice within such waiting period (b) Forms shall not (i) be unjust, unfair, or inequitable, (ii) be misleading, be deceptive, or encourage misrepresentation of the coverage, (iii) be contrary to public policy, or (iv) provide coverage that is of such a limited nature so as to be contrary to public interest. (2) Forms covered by this section shall include: (a) Title insurance policies, including standard form endorsements; and (b) Title insurance commitments. (3) After notice and opportunity to be heard are given to the title insurer or rate service organization which submitted a form for approval, the Director may withdraw approval of the form on finding that the use of the form is contrary to the legal requirements applicable at the time of withdrawal. The effective date of withdrawal of approval shall not be less than ninety days after notice of withdrawal is given. (4) An approved title insurance policy form or endorsement providing coverage for which no identifiable premium is assessed shall be incorporated into every applicable title insurance policy. The title insurer shall disclose any additional coverage to the insured. The provisions of this section shall not operate to eliminate any underwriting standard of conditions (5) Any term or condition related to insurance coverage provided by an approved title insurance policy or any exception to the coverage, except those ascertained from a search and examination of records relating to a title or an inspection or survey of a property to be insured, may only be included in the title in
NV	Yes	Prior Approval
NM	Yes	A hearing is held to determine the need for specific forms and endorsements. The hearing also determines the risks involved.
NC	Yes	NCGS 58-3-150 requires the submissions and approval of all forms.
ND	Yes	Prior Approval
ОН	Yes	Prior approval of forms and endorsements required
OK	No	N/A
OR	Yes	ORS 742.003

	21. Are forms required to be filed with the state department/division?	22. How does the state department/division regulate title insurance policy forms and endorsements?	
PA	Yes	They are subject to the Department's prior approval in accordance with 40 P.S. § 477b.	
PR	Yes	The Actuarial Division received standard forms and endorsement (ALTAS forms) that are reviewed prior to its approval. The Division reviews that the forms and endorsements comply with Puerto Rico's Insurances Code, particularly with the jurisdiction required on appraisal process in law and regulation.	
RI	Yes	R.I. Gen. Laws § 27-2.6-17	
SC	Yes	We review them as prior approval.	
TN	Yes	Title insurance companies are not required to file policy forms and endorsements.	
TX	N/A	The Department of Insurance promulgates title insurance policy forms and Endorsements.	
UT	Yes	The Commissioner may prohibit the use of a form at any time upon a finding that: (i) the form: (A) is inequitable; (B) is unfairly discriminatory; (C) is misleading; (D) is deceptive; (E) is obscure; (F) is unfair; (G) encourages misrepresentation; or (H) is not in the public interest; (ii) the form provides benefits or contains another provision that endangers the solidity of the insurer; (iii) the form is an insurance policy or application for an insurance policy, that fails to conspicuously provide: (A)the exact name of the insurer; and (B) the state of domicile of the insurer filing the insurance policy or application for the insurance policy; (iv) the form violates a statute or a rule adopted by the commissioner; or (v) the form is otherwise contrary to law.	
VT	Yes	Prior Approval	
VA	Yes	All forms customarily used by any title insurance company or agent of shall be filed with the Commission.	
WA	Yes	Prior Approval	
WV	Yes	Forms and endorsements must be filed for approval pursuant to WV Code 33-6-8.	
WI	Yes	Forms must be filed with the Commissioner 30 days before use.	
WY	Yes	Prior Approval	

	23. Is the state department/division authorized to regulate the percentage of premium that title agents retain?	24. Is there a statutory standard for determining that percentage?
AL	No	N/A
AK	No	No
AS	Yes	No
ΑZ	No	N/A
AR	No	N/A
CA	Yes	No
CO	No	No
CT	No	Yes
FL	Yes	Yes
GA	No	N/A
ID	No	No
IN	No	N/A
KS	No	N/A
LA	No	No
ME	No	N/A
MD	No	N/A
MA	N/A	N/A
MI	No	N/A
MN	No	N/A
MS	No	No
MO	N/A	N/A
MT	Yes	No
NE	No	No
NV	No	N/A
NM	Yes	Yes
NC	No	N/A
ND	Yes	No
ОН	No	N/A
OK	No	N/A
OR	No	N/A
PA	No	N/A
PR	Yes	The Actuarial Division reviews that the rate is in accordance with the rate priorly approved by the Office for the rest of the title insurers.
RI	No	No
SC	Yes	Yes
TN	No	N/A
TX	Yes	The Department sets premium rates, which must be reasonable to the public and non-confiscatory to title insurers and title agents.
UT	No	N/A
VT	Yes	No
VA	No	No
WA	No	N/A
WV	No	N/A
WI	No	N/A
WY	No	N/A

l			
A.S. 21.66.390 Making of rates, A.S.			
on, A.S. 21.66.420 False or			
nents, 3 AAC 27.320 Minimum			
ng, 3 AAC 27.340 Other			
Short-term rates. See also A.S.			
12401-1240.10.10, 12404-12413.5			
404, 10-11-108 and Regulation 8-1-1			
GS section 38a-418 for Premium			
al of forms			
5.01.012 and 18.05.01.013.			
0-1134			
22:1468; La.R.S. 22:861			
Rating.			
N/A			
MCL 500.7310, 500.7312, 500.7313, 500.2401			
Minnesota Statutes, chapter 70A			
Miss. Code Ann. Sections 83-15-1 through 83-15-11			
Missouri Regulation 20 CSR 500-7.100 and 20 CSR 500-7.130 Section 381.085, RSMo; Section 381.171, RSMo; Section 381.181, RSMo			
sioner. Title form regulation – MCA §			
r withdrawal of approval –			
1998.			
egulation, see ORS 742.003.			
es, and Forms for the writing of title			
Cur			

	25. Statutes and regulations regarding title rate and form regulation.
VT	VSA 8 Section 3541 and 8 VSA Section 4688 as well as Regulation I-2010-03 Section 8
VA	38.2-4606 of the Code of Virginia
WA	Rates - Chapter 48.29 RCW - Including RCW 48.29.005, 48.29.010, 48.29.040, 48.29.140, 48.29.143, 48.29.147, 48.29.148, 48.29.149, and 48.29.400-470. Chapter 284-29A WAC. Forms - RCW 48.29.015, 48.29.017, 48.29.147, 48.29.148, 48.29.400, and 48.29.470. WAC 284-29-120, 284-29A-020, and 284-29A-130.
WV	33-6-8 Forms; 33-20-1, et seq., Rates
WI	Ch. 625 and s. 631.20, Wis. Stat., and ss. Ins 3.32, 6.05, 6.06, 6.07, 6.78 and 6.785, Wis. Adm. Code.
WY	W.S. 26-23-325, 326, 328 and 329

	26. Which processes are, or can be, performed by title insurers?						
	Risk Transfer	Policy Production /Issuance	or Abstract	Examination of Title	Title Defects	Escrow & Closing	N/A
AL	X	X	X	X	X	X	
AK	X	X	X	X	X	X	
AS							X
ΑZ	X	X	X	X	X	X	
AR							X
CA	X	X	X	X	X	X	
CO	X	X	X	X	X	X	
CT	X	X					
FL	X	X	X	X	X	X	
GA	X	X	X	X	X		
ID	X	X					
IN	X	X	X	X	X	X	
KS	X	X	X	X	X	X	
LA	X	X				X	
ME	X	X	X	X	X	X	
MD	X	X	X	X	X	X	
MA	X	X					
MI	X	X	X	X	X	X	
MN	X	X	X	X	X	X	
MS			X	X	X		
МО	X	X	X	X	X	X	
MT		X	X	X	X	X	
NE	X	X	X	X	X	X	
NV	X	X	X	X	X	X	
NM	X	X	X	X	X	X	
NC	X	X	X				
ND	X	X	X	X	X	X	
ОН	X	X	X	X	X	X	1
OK	X	X					1
OR	X	X	X	X	X	X	1
PA	X	X	X	X	X	X	
PR	X	X	X	X	X	X	1
RI	X	X	X	X	X	X	
SC	X	X					
TN	X	X	X	X		X	
TX	X	X					
UT	X	X	X	X	X		1
VT	X	X					1
VA		X					
WA	X	X	X	X	X	X	
WV	X	X					
WI	X	X	X	X			1
WY	X	X	X	X	X	X	

	27. Which processes are, or can be, performed by title agents?						
	Risk Transfer	Policy Production/Is suance		Examination of Title	Title Defects		N/A
AL		X	X	X	X	X	
AK		X	X	X	X	X	
AS							X
ΑZ	X	X	X	X	X	X	
AR	X	X	X	X	X	X	
CA	X	X	X	X	X	X	
СО		X	X	X	X	X	
CT			X	X	X	X	
FL		X	X	X	X	X	
GA		X	X	X	X	X	
ID		X	X	X	X	X	
IN		X	X	X	X	X	
KS	X	X	X	X	X	X	
LA	X	X	X		X	X	
ME	X	X	X	X		X	
MD		X	X	X	X	X	
MA							X
MI	X	X	X	X	X	X	
MN		X	X	X	X	X	
MS			X	X	X		
MO		X	X	X	X	X	
MT		X	X	X	X	X	
NE	X	X	X	X	X	X	
NV		X	X	X	X	X	
NM		X	X	X	X	X	
NC							X
ND		X					
ОН	X	X	X	X	X	X	
OK		X	X			X	
OR		X	X	X	X	X	
PA		X	X	X	X	X	
PR			X	X			
RI		X	X	X	X	X	
SC			X	X	X	X	
TN			X	X		X	
TX		X	X	X	X	X	
UT		X	X	X	X	X	
VT		X	X	X	X	X	
VA		X	X	X			
WA	X	X	X	X	X	X	
WV							X
WI		X	X	X		X	
WY		X	X	X		X	1

	28. What ty	28. What types of title insurance and closing activities are required to be performed within the state			ithin the state?		
	Risk Transfer	Policy Production/ Issuance	Title Search or Abstract	Examination of Title	Clearing of Title Defects	Escrow & Closing	N/A
AL			X	X			
AK			X	X			
AS							X
AZ		X				X	
AR							X
CA			X	X	X	X	
CO							X
CT							X
FL							X
GA		X	X	X	X	X	
ID							X
IN							X
KS			X	X			
LA	X	X	X	X	X		
ME	X	X					
MD		X					
MA							X
MI							X
MN							X
MS							X
МО							X
MT							X
NE							X
NV						X	
NM							X
NC	X	X	X	X	X	X	
ND			X	X			
ОН							X
OK		X	X	X	X		
OR		X			X	X	
PA							X
PR	X	X	X	X	X	X	
RI							X
SC						X	
TN							X
TX		X				X	
UT						X	
VT		X	X	X	X	X	
VA						X	
WA							X
WV							X
WI							X
WY							X

	29. Can a title policy be prepared (search, abstract, commitment, etc.) by an entity located outside of
	the state?
AL	Yes
AK	A.S. 21.66.270 requires title insurance limited producers to be residents of this state, thus a search,
AS	abstract, and commitment is done in this state. No
AS AZ	Yes. Statute does not expressly address to allow or prohibit.
AR	No
CA	No No
CO	Yes
CT	Yes
FL	Yes
GA	N/A
ID	Yes, but the entity must be licensed in Idaho. § 41-2710, Idaho Code
IN	Yes
KS	Yes
LA	No No
ME	Yes, if licensed in Maine.
MD	Yes
MA	N/A
MI	Yes
MN	Yes
MS	N/A
МО	Yes
MT	Yes
NE	Yes
NV	Yes
NM	Yes
NC	Yes
ND	Yes
ОН	Yes
OK	No
OR	Yes
PA	Yes
PR	No
RI	Yes
SC	Yes
TN	Yes
TX	A title agent in Texas must sign.
UT	The title search, abstract and commitment can be prepared out of state, however, it must be issued
	through a Utah Title Agency.
VT	Yes
VA	Yes
WA	Yes
WV	N/A. In West Virginia, only licensed attorneys can provide a title opinion.
WI	Yes
WY	It depends on the type of activity.

	30. Can a title policy be issued	31. Can closing be performed	32. Are there any requirements
	by an entity located outside the		for a licensed entity to have
	state?	the state?	physical offices or perform
			activities within the state?
AL	Yes	Yes	Yes
AK	Yes	Yes	Yes
AS	No	No	Yes
ΑZ	No	No	Yes
AR	No	N/A	Yes
CA	Yes	No	Yes
CO	Yes	Yes	No
CT	Yes	N/A	No
FL	Yes	Yes	Yes
GA	Yes	No	No
ID	No	Yes	No
IN	Yes	Yes	No
KS	Yes	Yes	N/A
LA	No	No	Yes
ME	Yes	Yes	No
MD	Yes	Yes	N/A
MA	Yes	N/A	Yes
MI	Yes	Yes	No
MN	Yes	Yes	No
MS	N/A	N/A	No
MO	Yes	Yes	N/A
MT	Yes	Yes	No
NE	Yes	Yes	No
NV	Yes	No	Yes
NM	Yes	Yes	No
NC	Yes	No	Yes
ND	Yes	No	No
OH	Yes	Yes	No
OK	No	N/A	Yes
OR	Yes	Yes	No
PA	Yes	Yes	No
PR	No	No	Yes
RI	Yes	Yes	No
SC	Yes	No	Yes
TN	Yes	N/A	No
TX	No	N/A	Yes
UT	No	No	Yes
VT	Yes	No	No
VA	Yes	Yes	No
WA	Yes	Yes	Yes
WV	N/A	Yes	N/A
WI	Yes	Yes	No
WY	N/A	Yes	Yes

	· · · · ·
	33. Description of requirements for a licensed entity to have physical offices or perform activities within the state.
	*
AL	Ala. Code Section 27-25-4.1(b)(2): "[Title agent must be] a bona fide resident and citizen of this state or is a full-time employee of a duly licensed title insurance agent whose principal place of business is physically located in this state."
AK	A.S. 21.09.010 states an insurer may not transact business in this state without a certificate of authority. It also is required to have an office or a representative. A.S. 21.66.200 requires a title insurance company to own and maintain in the recording district in which its principal office in the state is located a title plant consisting of adequate maps and fully indexed records showing all instruments of record affecting all land within the recording district for a period of at least 25 years immediately before the date a policy of title insurance is issued by title insurance company. It also has to own and maintain and addition title plant for each additional recording district in which it or its agent maintains and office to transact title business. A.S. 21.66.240 addresses the requirements of title plants. It also allows for different title insurers to contract together to maintain a title plant.
AS	
ΑZ	ARS 20-1575, 6-834
AR	Ark. Code Ann. 23-103-403(b), 23-103-409(4), and 23-64-220(a)(1)
CA	All UTCs must be domestic stock corporations.
СО	
CT	
FL	The trust account used by a title agent to deposit escrow funds must be with a financial institution located in the State of Florida or a financial institution that has at least one branch in the state.
GA	
ID	
IN	
KS	
LA	An agency title insurance producer shall be a Louisiana entity whose principal place of business is physically located in Louisiana or a foreign entity registered to do business in Louisiana whose principal place of business in Louisiana is suitable for conducting the business of title insurance or closings. (La.R.S. 22:513 (C)(1)
ME	
MD	
MA	See MGL c 175, s 116A. Company must be admitted to transact business under c. 175, s. 47 (11), which is for title insurance.
MI	
MN	
MS	
МО	
MT	
NE	
NV	Title agents must have a physical office in the state.
NM	
NC	Closing attorney must be licensed to practice law in North Carolina (see NCGS 58-26-1).
ND	

	33. Description of requirements for a licensed entity to have physical offices or
	perform activities within the state.
ОН	
OK	Every policy of title insurance must be countersigned by person, partnership, corporation, or agency actively engaged in the real estate title business and maintaining an office in the state.
OR	
PA	
PR	Section 9.340 Puerto Rico Insurance Code
RI	
SC	Closings must be completed by a South Carolina licensed attorney.
TN	
TX	Title agents must have an office within the state.
UT	Utah Code Section 31A-23a-406: "the individual title insurance producer or agency title insurance producer shall maintain a physical office in Utah staffed by a person with an escrow subline of authority who processes the escrow."
VT	
VA	
WA	RCW 48.29.020(2) requires title insurers to own or lease and maintain a complete set of tract indexes of the county in this state in which its principal office is located. RCW 48.29.190 and WAC 284-29-160 require title insurers to maintain records within this state, unless otherwise approved by the Insurance Commissioner.
WV	
WI	
WY	Nonresidents are not eligible for licensing as title insurance agents or agencies.

	34. Is there a statutory	35. Statutory requirement for an attorney opinion letter concerning
	requirement for an attorney	the title examination for the issuance of a title insurance policy.
		the title examination for the issuance of a title hisurance policy.
	opinion letter concerning the	
	title examination for the	
	issuance of a title insurance	
	policy?	
AL	No	
AK	No	
AS	N/A	
ΑZ	No	
AR	No	
CA	No	
CO	No	
CT	No	
FL	No	
GA	N/A	
ID	No	
IN	N/A	
KS	No	
		La.R.S. 22:513.1 requires every title policy and mortgage to include
T .	***	the name bar roll of the attorney licensed to practice law in Louisiana
LA	Yes	who provided the title opinion upon which the title insurance policy is
		based.
ME	No	
MD	N/A	
MA	N/A	
MI	No	
MN	No	
MS	No	
MO	N/A	
MT	No	
NE	No	
NV	No	
NM	No	
NC	No	
ND	No	
ОН	No	
		Pursuant to 36 O.S. § 5001 and OAC 365:20-3-3, title insurer's must
OK	Yes	attach to the policy an opinion of title covering the insured real property issued by an attorney licensed in the State of Oklahoma.
OR	N/A	rrj assets of an anisme, needed in the state of chanonia.
PA	N/A	
PR	No	
RI	N/A	
SC	No	
	No	
TN	INO	

	34. Is there a statutory requirement for an attorney opinion letter concerning the title examination for the issuance of a title insurance policy?	35. Statutory requirement for an attorney opinion letter concerning the title examination for the issuance of a title insurance policy.
TX	N/A	
UT	Yes	There is a bulletin indicating AOLs can not be used. Also, 31A-23a-406, indicates an owner's policy or lender's policy must be issued on a split close or one on a single close.
VT	No	
VA	N/A	
WA	No	
WV	Yes	WV Code 33-11A-11(c)
WI	No	
WY	Yes	No title insurance policy shall be written unless it is based upon adequate evidence of the current condition of title certified in writing as of the date of the policy by a person duly authorized under W.S. 33-2-101 to act as a title abstractor in the county where the property is situated, or based upon the opinion of an attorney authorized to practice law in this state as to the condition of the title following a review by the attorney of pertinent title records of abstracts. See W.S. 26-23-308

	36. Is there a statutory standard for the information contained in a title examination?	
AL	No	
AK	Yes	A.S. 21.66.170 requires title insurance company, through a licensed title insurance limited producer, conduct a reasonable search and examination of the title, a determination of insurability of title in accordance with the title insurance company's established underwriting practices.
AS	Yes	ASCA. Title 29.1508
ΑZ	Yes	ARS 20-1562(10)
AR	Yes	Minimum search requirements found in Ark. Code Ann. 23-103-408; Policyholder rights and disclosure found in Ark. Code Ann. 23-103-413
CA	Yes	12340.10, 12340.11
CO	N/A	
CT	No	
FL	No	
GA	N/A	
ID	Yes	§§ 41-2708(1)(b) and 41-2708(2), Idaho Code.
IN	No	
KS	Yes	K.S.A. 40-235(b) requires a reasonable search and examination of the title to the property to be conducted and a determination made of the insurability of title and the risk in accordance with sound underwriting practices. A search must be conducted of all applicable records of the county, state and federal offices in which the real estate is located as may pertain to the marketability of title for a minimum period of the lesser of 25 years or from the date of the previously issued title insurance policy. K.S.A. 40-1134 also contains requirements for inclusion of information regarding public improvement or special benefit districts which may be able to impose assessments upon the real estate.
LA	Yes	La.R.S. 22:512 (22)(b)(vi)
ME	No	
MD	N/A	
MA	N/A	
MI	N/A	
MN	No	
MS	No	
MO	Yes	Missouri Regulation 20 CSR 500-7.200 Section 381.071, RSMo
MT	Yes	MCA § 33–25–214 (1). A title insurer may not issue a title insurance policy unless it, its title insurance producer, or an approved attorney has conducted a reasonable search and examination of the title and made a determination of insurability of title in accordance with sound underwriting practices. ARM 6.6.2201. Liens, Encumbrances, and Standards of Insurability.
NE	N/A	
NV	No	
NM	Yes	13.14.1 et. seq. NMAC and 59A-30-1 et. seq.

	36. Is there a statutory	37. Statutory standard for the information contained in a title examination.
	standard for the	,
	information contained	
	in a title examination?	
NC	No	
ND	No	
ОН	No	
OK	N/A	
OR	N/A	
PA	No	
PR	N/A	
RI	N/A	
SC	N/A	
TN	No	
TX	Yes	Texas Insurance Code – Sec. 2704.001 and 2704.002.
UT	Yes	31A-23-406(10) shall conduct a reasonable search
VT	No	
VA	No	
WA	Yes	RCW 48.29.010(3)(g) "Abstract of title" means a written representation, provided under contract, whether written or oral, intended to be relied upon by the person who has contracted for the receipt of this representation, listing all recorded conveyances, instruments, or documents that, under the laws of the state of Washington, impart constructive notice with respect to the chain of title to the real property described. An abstract of title is not a title policy as defined in this subsection.
WV	No	
WI	N/A	
WY	No	

	standard for the	39. Statutory standard for the information contained in a title opinion letter.
	information contained in a title opinion letter?	
AL	N/A	
AK	No	
AS	N/A	
AZ	N/A	
AR	No	
CA	N/A	
СО	N/A	
CT	N/A	
FL	No	
GA	N/A	
ID	No	
IN	N/A	
KS	N/A	
LA	Yes	The information that should be contained in a title opinion is outlined in La.R.S. 22:512 (22).
ME	No	
MD	N/A	
MA	N/A	
MI	No	
MN	No	
MS	No	
МО	N/A	
MT	N/A	
NE	N/A	
NV	No	
NM	No	
NC	N/A	
ND	No	
ОН	No	
OK	Yes	
OR	N/A	
PA	No	
PR	N/A	
RI	N/A	
SC	N/A	
TN	No	
TX	Yes	
UT	No	
VT	No	
VA	N/A	

	38. Is there a statutory standard for the information contained in a title opinion letter?	39. Statutory standard for the information contained in a title opinion letter.
WA	Yes	RCW 48.29.010(3)(f) "Preliminary report," "commitment," or "binder" means reports furnished in connection with an application for title insurance and are offers to issue a title policy subject to the stated exceptions in the reports, the conditions and stipulations of the report and the issued policy, and other matters as may be incorporated by reference. The reports are not abstracts of title, nor are any of the rights, duties, or responsibilities applicable to the preparation and issuance of an abstract of title applicable to the issuance of any report. The report is not a representation as to the condition of the title to real property, but is a statement of terms and conditions upon which the issuer is willing to issue its title policy, if the offer is accepted.
WV	No	
WI	N/A	
WY	Yes	W.S. 26-23-308; W.S. 33-2-101

	40. Are attorneys required to be	41. Are attorneys, not licensed as	42. Does the state
	licensed as title agents in order to		department/division require the
	transact title business	to perform any duties of title	use of attorneys in lieu of title
	in the state?	agents?	agents?
AL	No	Yes, all	No, allowed but not required
AK	Yes	Yes, limited to specific tasks	No, allowed but not required
AS	N/A	N/A	N/A
AZ	Yes	N/A	No, don't allow
AR	Yes	No	No, don't allow
CA	N/A	No	No, don't allow
CO	Yes	N/A	N/A
CT	No	Yes, all	Yes, required
FL	No		
GA		Yes, all	No, allowed but not required
	No	Yes, all	Yes, required
ID	Yes	No	No, allowed but not required
IN	Yes	Yes, limited to specific tasks	No, allowed but not required
KS	Yes	No	No, don't allow
LA	Yes	Yes, limited to specific tasks	N/A
ME	Yes	No	No, allowed but not required
MD	Yes	Yes, limited to specific tasks	No, allowed but not required
MA	N/A	N/A	N/A
MI	Yes	No	No, don't allow
MN	Yes	Yes, limited to specific tasks	No, allowed but not required
MS	No	Yes, all	No, don't allow
MO	Yes	Yes, limited to specific tasks	N/A
MT	No	Yes, limited to specific tasks	No, allowed but not required
NE	Yes	No	No, don't allow
NV	Yes	No	No, don't allow
NM	Yes	No	No, don't allow
NC	No	Yes, all	Yes, required
ND	No	No	No, don't allow
ОН	Yes	No	No, don't allow
OK	No	Yes, limited to specific tasks	No, don't allow
OR	No	N/A	No, allowed but not required
PA	No	Yes, all	No, allowed but not required
PR	Yes	No	No, don't allow
RI	No	Yes, all	No, allowed but not required
SC	Yes	Yes, limited to specific tasks	Yes, required
TN	No	Yes, limited to specific tasks	No, allowed but not required
TX	No	Yes, limited to specific tasks	N/A
UT	No	Yes, all	No, allowed but not required
VT	Yes	Yes, limited to specific tasks	No, don't allow
VA	Yes	No	No, allowed but not required
			-
WA	Yes	Yes, limited to specific tasks	No, don't allow
WV	No	Yes, all	Yes, required
WI	Yes	No	N/A
WY	No	Yes, limited to specific tasks	No, allowed but not required

	43. What roles of	44. Does their role			
	Policy	Review Abstracts	Conduct Closings	Supervise	vary
	Production/	and Provide		Employees Who	geographically
	Issuance	Opinions		Conduct Closings	within the state?
AL	X	X	X	X	No
AK		X	X		Yes
AS					N/A
ΑZ					No
AR					No
CA					No
СО					N/A
CT	X	X	X	X	No
FL	X	X	X	X	No
GA	X	X	X		N/A
ID					No
IN		X			No
KS					N/A
LA		X			No
ME		X	X	X	No
MD		X			No
MA					N/A
MI		X			No
MN		X	X	X	N/A
MS					N/A
MO		X	X		Yes
MT	X				No
NE					N/A
NV					N/A
NM		X	X	X	No
NC		X	X	X	No
ND		X			No
ОН					N/A
OK		X			No
OR					N/A
PA	X	X	X	X	No
PR					N/A
RI		X	X	X	No
SC		X	X		No
TN		X	X	X	N/A
TX		X	X		No
UT	X	X	X	X	No
VT			X	X	No
VA		X	X	X	No
WA			X		No
WV		X	X		No
WI					N/A
WY		X	X	X	No

	45. Which processes are, or can be, performed by attorneys not licensed as title agents?					
	Policy	Title Search or Examination of			Escrow &	N/A
	Production/	Abstract	Title	Title Defects	Closing	
	Issuance					
AL	X	X	X	X	X	
AK		X	X	X	X	
AS						X
AZ						X
AR						X
CA						X
CO		X	X		X	
CT						X
FL	X	X	X	X		
GA	X	X	X	X	X	
ID						X
IN						X
KS		X	X	X	X	
LA		X	X		X	
ME		X	X	X	X	X
MD		X	X	X		
MA						X
MI				X	X	
MN		X	X	X	X	
MS		X	X	X	X	
MO					X	
MT	X					
NE						X
NV						X
NM		X	X	X	X	
NC		X	X	X	X	
ND		X	X			
ОН		X	X	X	X	
OK		X	X	X		
OR			X	X	X	
PA	X	X	X	X	X	
PR		1				X
RI	X	X	X	X	X	
SC		X	X	X	X	
TN		X	X	X	X	
TX			X	X	X	
UT	X	X	X	X	X	
VT		X	X	X	X	
VA		X	X	X		
WA				X	X	
WV		X	X	X	X	
WI			1-2	1		X
WY		X	X	X	X	

	46. Statutes and regulations regarding use of attorneys as title participants:
AL	Ala. Code Section 27-25-3(10)c
AK	N/A
AS	N/A
AZ	N/A
AR	N/A
CA	N/A
CO	N/A
CT	CGS section 38a-402(13) includes the definition of "Title agent".
FL	Section 626.8417(4), F.S.
GA	O.C.G.A. 33-23
ID	N/A
IN	N/A
KS	N/A
LA	La.R.S. 22:512 (22)(b)(vi); La.R.S. 22:513.1
ME	24-A M.R.S. § 1420-H(3)(C) (exemption from producer examination)
MD	Annotated Code of Maryland, Title 10, Subtitle 1, Section 10-125
MA	N/A
MI	N/A
MN	Minnesota Statutes, section 60K.32
MS	83-15-3
MO	Missouri Regulation 20 CSR 700-8 Section 375.015, RSMo and Section 381.115, RSMo
IVIO	
MT	MCA § 33-25-105 (3). Approved attorney means an attorney authorized to practice law in this state, except an agent or employee of a title insurer, whose certification as to the status of the title to real property a title insurer is willing to accept as the basis for issuance of a title insurance policy. MCA § 33-25-401 (2)(b). The following arrangements are not a violation of subsection (2)(a)(ii) – an arrangement by which an attorney or law firm represents a client in a real estate transaction and issues or arranges for the issuance of a policy of title insurance in the transaction directly as insurance producer or through a separate corporate title insurance agency that may be established by that attorney or law firm and operated as an adjunct to the attorney's or firm's law practice.
NE	N/A
NV	N/A
NM	N/A
NC	NCGS 58-26-1
ND	N/A
ОН	N/A
OK	N/A
OR	Attorneys who are licensed as escrow agents through the Oregon Real Estate Agency can perform that function. An attorney can also examine the title records or title report and advise a client.
PA	40 P.S. §§ 910-1 and 910-7
PR	N/A
RI	R.I. Gen. Laws § 27-2.6
SC	N/A
TN	T.C.A. 56-35-111
TX	Texas Insurance Code §§ 2501.003 (2), 2501.003(4), 2501.005(2); 2551.001(e), 2652.003, 2702.053(c); Basic Manual for Rules, Rates, and Forms for the Writing of Title Insurance in the State of Texas, Procedural Rules. P-1 q & s., P-22, P-24, P-44.C.(1), P-45.E., P-69, Section V Exhibits and Forms
UT	Utah Code Section 31A-23a-204; Utah Admin. Code R592-8
	N/A

	46. Statutes and regulations regarding use of attorneys as title participants:		
VA	N/A		
WA	N/A		
WV	33-11A-11 see also WV State Bar Advisory opinions 2001-02, 2003-01, 2006-01 and 2010-002		
WI	N/A		
WY	W.S. 26-23-302(c) and W.S. 26-23-308		

	47. Which processes are, or can be, performed by abstractors?					
	Title Search or		Clearing of Title		N/A	
	Abstract	Title	Defects	Closing		
AL	X					
AK					X	
AS					X	
AZ					X	
AR	X					
CA					X	
CO	X					
CT					X	
FL	X					
GA					X	
ID					X	
IN	X	X				
KS	X	X				
LA	X					
ME	X					
MD	X	1				
MA					X	
MI				X		
MN	X	X	X			
MS	11	12	11		X	
MO					X	
MT					X	
NE	X				11	
NV	11				X	
NM	X	X	X	X	71	
NC	X	TA TA	1	A		
ND	X					
OH	X					
OK	X					
OR OR	A				X	
PA		+			X	
PR		1			X	
RI		1			X	
SC	X	1			Λ	
TN	X	X				
TX	X	^				
	Λ	-			X	
UT		1				
VT	37	37			X	
VA	X	X				
WA	X	-				
WV		-			X	
WI WY	X	1			X	

	Policy					
	Production /Issuance	Title Search or Abstract	Examination of Title	Clearing of Title Defects	Escrow & Closing	N/A
AL					X	
AK						X
AS						X
ΑZ					X	
AR					X	
CA					X	
СО					X	
CT						X
FL					X	
GA	X	X	X	X	X	
ID					X	
IN		X	X	X	X	
KS					X	
LA					X	
ME		X			X	
MD	X	X	X	X	X	
MA						X
MI					X	
MN					X	
MS						X
МО						X
MT					X	
NE					X	
NV					X	
NM	X	X	X	X	X	
NC		X			X	
ND					X	
ОН					X	
OK					X	
OR	1				X	
PA	1				1	X
PR	1				1	X
RI						X
SC						X
TN		X	X		X	
TX	X	X	X	X	X	
UT	A	Α	Λ	Λ	Λ	X
VT	+					X
VA					X	Λ
WA	+			X	X	
WA	+			^	1 A	X
WI	+				+	X
WY					X	Λ -

				lepartment/division		DI/A
	Title Insurers	Title Agents	Attorneys	Abstractors	Escrow/	N/A
					Settlement	
					Agents	
AL	X	X				
AK	X	X				
AS						X
ΑZ	X	X			X	
AR		X				
CA	X	X				
CO	X	X	X			
CT	X					
FL	X	X				
GA	X					
ID	X	X				
IN	X	X			X	
KS	X	X				
LA	X	X				
ME	X	X				
MD	X	X			X	
MA	X					
MI	X	X				
MN	X	X		X	X	
MS	X	X				
MO	X	X				
MT	X	X				
NE	X	X			X	
NV	X	X			1	
NM	X	X			X	
NC	X	X			1	
ND	X	X				
ОН	X	X				
OK	X	X				
OR	X	X				
PA	X	X				
PR	X	X				
RI	X	X				
SC	X	X				
TN	X	X				
TX	X	X			X	
	X	X	X		X	
UT	X	X	Λ		Λ	
VT					v	
VA	X	X			X	
WA	X	X				
WV	X	37				
WI	X	X				
WY	X	X				

	50. From which of the foll	lowing does the state department/divis	sion require a title agent license?
	Title Agencies	Individual Title Agents	N/A
AL		X	
AK		X	
AS			X
ΑZ		X	
AR		X	
CA	X		
CA CO		X	
CT			X
FL	X		
GA			X
ID	X		
IN	X	X	
KS	11	X	
LA	X		
ME	11	X	
MD	X	X	
MA	A	A	X
MI		X	The state of the s
MN		X	
MS		X	
MO	X	Α	
MT	X		
NE	A	X	
NV		X	
NM	X	Λ	
NC	A	X	
ND	X	Λ	
	Λ	X	
OH OK		X	
	v	Λ	
OR PA	X	X	
PR		X	
		X	
RI	V	A A	
SC	X	V	
TN	37	X	
TX	X	Y.	
UT	X	X	
VT		X	
VA	**	X	
WA	X		
WV			X
WI		X	
WY		X	

	51. If title participants	are not licensed by state depa	rtments/divisions, by who	are they licensed?
	Title Agents	Attorneys	Abstractors	Escrow/Settlement
AL	N/A	Alabama State Bar Association. Attorneys are not required to be licensed as title insurance agents but are also not prohibited from being licensed as title insurance agents.	N/A	N/A
AK	N/A	Alaska Bar Association. However, to do a title search and give an opinion on which a title insurance insurer will issue a policy requires the attorney to have a licensed title insurance limited producers license under A.S. 21.66.270.	N/A. Alaska has licensed title insurance limited producers under A.S. 21.66.270.	21.66.270.
AS	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
AZ	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
AR	Licensed by State Department/Division	Arkansas Supreme Court	Arkansas Abstractors Board	N/A
CA	Licensed by State Department/Division	Licensed by State Department/Division	N/A	Department of Financial Protection and Innovation
СО	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
CT	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
FL	Licensed by State Department/Division	Florida Bar Association	N/A	N/A
GA	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
ID	N/A	N/A	N/A	Licensed Title Agents and their Employees can act as Escrow/ Settlement Agents. Escrow/Settlement only Agents are licensed by the Idaho Department of Finance.
IN	Licensed by State Department/Division	Indiana Supreme Court	Licensed by State Department/Division	Licensed by State Department/Division
KS	N/A	Kansas Supreme Court	Abstracters' Board of Examiners	N/A
LA	N/A	Louisiana State Bar Association	N/A	Louisiana Office of Financial Institutions
ME	Licensed by State Department/Division	Maine Supreme Judicial Court	Licensed by State Department/Division	Maine Bureau of Consumer Credit Protection
MD	Licensed by State Department/Division	Maryland Supreme Court	Maryland Depart of Labor Licensing Regulation	Licensed by Maryland Insurance Administration

	51. If title participants are not licensed by state departments/divisions, by who are they licensed?			
	Title Agents	Attorneys	Abstractors	Escrow/Settlement
MA	N/A	Massachusettes Bar Association	N/A	N/A
MI	Licensed by State Department/Division	Michigan State Bar	N/A	N/A
MN	N/A	Minnesota Supreme Court	N/A	N/A
MS	N/A	Mississippi Bar Association	N/A	N/A
МО	N/A	Missouri Supreme Court	N/A	N/A
MT	N/A	Montana State Bar	N/A	Division of Banking and Financial Institutions
NE	Licensed by State Department/Division	Licensed by Nebraska Supreme Court; Regulated by Nebraska Bar Association and Supreme Court	Nebraska Abstracters Board of Examiners	see Neb. Rev. Stat. 76-2,121 (3) & (4) for applicable state Department
NV	Licensed by State Department/Division	N/A	N/A	Escrow officers employed by title insurers/agents are licensed by the Division of Insurance. Escrow agents/agencies are licensed by the Division of Mortgage Lending.
NM	Licensed by State Department/Division	State Bar	N/A	Licensed by State Department/Division.
NC	N/A	North Carolina State Bar	N/A	N/A
ND	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
ОН	N/A	Ohio Supreme Court	N/A	N/A
OK	N/A	Oklahoma Bar Association	Oklahoma Abstractors Board	N/A
OR	Licensed by State Department/Division	Oregon State Bar	N/A	Oregon Real Estate Agency
PA	Licensed by State Department/Division	Pennsylvania Supreme Court	N/A	N/A
PR	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
RI	Licensed by State Department/Division	Rhode Island Supreme Court	N/A	N/A
SC	Licensed by State Department/Division	South Carolina Bar	N/A	N/A
TN	N/A	Board of Professional Responsibility	N/A	Real Estate Commission
TX	Licensed by State Department/Division	State Bar of Texas	N/A	Licensed by Texas Department of Insurance

	51. If title participants are not licensed by state departments/divisions, by who are they licensed?			
	Title Agents	Attorneys	Abstractors	Escrow/Settlement
UT	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
VT	N/A	If a title attorney is a title agent, they must be licensed by the Department of Financial Regulation.	N/A	N/A
VA	Licensed by State Department/Division	Attorneys can elect to register with State Dept/Division or the Virginia State Bar, which oversees attorneys.	N/A	Licensed by State Department/Division
WA	N/A	Washington State Supreme Court and the Washington State Bar Association		Those not licensed as title insurers/agents are licensed by the Washington State Department of Financial Institutions (for financial professions unrelated to insurance).
WV	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
WI	Licensed by State Department/Division	Wisconsin State Supreme Court	N/A	N/A
WY	Licensed by State Department/Division	Wyoming State Bar	N/A	N/A

	52. Statutes and regulations regarding the licensing of title participants:
AL	N/A
AK	A.S. 21.66.270 requires title Insurance limited producers to be licensed. A.S. 21.66.190(a) requires title insurance companies to only transact title insurance and no other type of insurance.
AS	N/A
ΑZ	N/A
AR	Ark. Code. Ann. 23-103-401 et seq.
CA	Title Insurers-Insurance Code Section 699 et. Seq. and Insurance Code Sections 12340 et. Seq. Underwritten title companies-Insurance Code Section 12389 et. Seq., Escrow Companies-Financial Code Sections 7000 et. Seq.
CO	N/A
CT	N/A
FL	Sections 626.8412, (licensed and appointed), 626.8417, (agent licensure), 626.8418, (agency licensure), F.S.
GA	N/A
ID	§§ 41-2710, 41-2711, Idaho Code, IDAPA 18.05.01.021.07 and 18.05.01.021.08.
IN	IC 27-1-5-1, IC 27-7-3, IC 27-1-15.6-3, and IDOI Bulletin 135
KS	Title Insurers: K.S.A. Chapter 40 - licensed to do business in Kansas. Title Agents/Agencies: K.S.A. 40-4903 and 40-4905. Abstractors: K.S.A. 58-2801 - licensing requirements.
LA	Louisiana Administrative Code; Title 10, section XV-903
ME	24-A M.R.S. § 1420 et seq. for producers, 24-A M.R.S. § 404 for insurers; 10 M.R.S. § 1400-A for escrow and settlement agents
MD	Annotated Code of Maryland, Title 10, Subtitle 1, Section 10-125, 10-103, 104,111, 113,114,116,121, 121.1, 126.
MA	MGL c 175 ss 47 (11), 114, 116 and 116A for title insurers
MI	MCL 500.7302, 500.7303, 500.7317, 500.1201
MN	Minn. Stat. §§ 60A.07, subd. 4; 60K.32; 82.641; 386.62.
MS	Mississippi Code, Section 83-15-3
MO	Missouri Regulation 20 CSR 700-8 Section 381.115, RSMo
МТ	Except as expressly otherwise provided in this code, a person acting as an insurer and an insurer transacting insurance in this state must have a subsisting certificate of authority issued by the commissioner [MCA § 33-2-101 (1)]. Title insurer means an insurer formed and authorized under the laws of this state to transact the business of title insurance in this state or a foreign or alien insurer so authorized [MCA § 33-25-105 (14)]. A person may not sell, solicit, or negotiate insurance or act as an insurance producer in this state unless licensed as an insurance producer under this chapter [MCA § 33-17-201 (1)]. Title insurance producer means a person who holds a valid title insurance producer's license and is authorized in writing by a title insurer [MCA § 33-25-105 (13)(a)]. The MT Financial Institutions statute MCA § 32-7-103 (1)(c) exempts a person whose principal business is that of preparing abstracts or making searches of title that are used as a basis for the issuance of any title insurance policy. MCA § 32-7-109 Application for license – bond – issuance. (1) A person must be licensed pursuant to this part before engaging in an escrow business.
NE	Neb. Rev. Stat. 44-19,109 - required licensing for title insurance agents, pursuant to Nebraska Insurance Producers Act [Neb. Rev. Stat. 44-4047-4069]
NV	NRS 692A.1001037, NAC 692A.030060.
NM	Title 13 Insurance NMAC Chapters 1, 2, 4 and 14

	52. Statutes and regulations regarding the licensing of title participants:
NC	Chapter 58 of the NC General Statutes. Title insurers are licensed under Article 7. Title agents are licensed under Article 33.
ND	N/A
ОН	Ohio Revised Code Sections 3905.01, 3905.02, 3905.06, 3905.07, and 3953.21; Ohio Administrative Code 3901-5-09
OK	36 O.S. § 5001, 36 O.S. §1435.4, 36 O.S. § 1435.7
OR	N/A
PA	40 P.S. §§ 910-1(3), 910-3, 910-22, 910-26, 910-41
PR	Chapter 3, 11, 12, 24, 29, 40, 45 of the Puerto Rico Insurance Code for title insurers. For producers and authorized representatives with title insurance line of business- Section 9.020, 9.021,9.022, 9.060, 9.061, 9.070, 9.090, 9.110, 9,140, 9.160, 9.170, 9.190, 9.200, 9.210, 9.260, 9.270, 9.340, 9.350, 9.351, 9.360, 9.370, 9.380, 9.400, 9.401, 9.420, 9.430, 9.440, 9.450, 9.460, 9.471, 9.480 Puerto Rico Insurance Code. Chapter 27 of the Puerto Rico Insurance Code.
RI	R.I. Gen. Laws §§ 27-2.4-3, 27-2.6-4
SC	N/A
TN	N/A
TX	Texas Insurance Code Chapters 2651 and 2652; Basic Manual for Rules, Rates, and Forms for the Writing of Title Insurance in the State of Texas, Section VI
UT	Utah Code Section 31A-23a-204; Utah Admin. Code R592-8
VT	Producer licensing statute (not specific to title insurance) 8 V.S.A. § 4813b
VA	38.2-1814.1 of the Code of Virginia 55.1-1014 of the Code of Virginia
WA	RCW 48.05.030, 48.05.330, 48.05.340, 48.17.060, 48.17.090, 48.17.173, 48.29.020, 48.29.040, 48.29.155, 48.29.160, and 48.29.170. Chapter 284-29 WAC.
WV	N/A
WI	Chapter 611, Wis. Stat.; ss. 601.04, 610.11, 628.02, 628.03 and 628.04, Wis. Stat.; and ss. Ins 6.58 and 6.59, Wis. Adm. Code.
WY	W.S. 26-23-316 - 318

	53. Are title insurers	51 T-41
		54. Is the state department/division authorized to review contracts
	required to appoint the title agents they use?	between title insurers and title agents?
A T	* *	N.
AL	Yes	No
AK	Yes	Yes, but the department rarely reviews these contracts
AS	Yes	N/A
AZ	No	Yes, and the department regularly reviews these contracts
AR	Yes	Yes, but the department rarely reviews these contracts
CA	Yes	Yes, and the department sometimes reviews these contracts
CO	No	No
CT	No	Yes, but the department rarely reviews these contracts
FL	Yes	Yes, and the department sometimes reviews these contracts
GA	Yes	N/A
ID	Yes	Yes, and the department sometimes reviews these contracts
IN	Yes	Yes, and the department sometimes reviews these contracts
KS	Yes	No
LA	Yes	No
ME	Yes	Yes, but the department rarely reviews these contracts
MD	Yes	Yes, and the department regularly reviews these contracts
MA	N/A	N/A
MI	Yes	Yes, and the department sometimes reviews these contracts
MN	Yes	Yes, but the department rarely reviews these contracts
MS	Yes	No
MO	Yes	Yes, and the department sometimes reviews these contracts
MT	Yes	Yes, and the department sometimes reviews these contracts
NE	Yes	Yes, and the department sometimes reviews these contracts
NV	Yes	Yes, and the department sometimes reviews these contracts
NM	Yes	*
		Yes, and the department regularly reviews these contracts
NC	Yes	No
ND	Yes	No
OH	Yes	Yes, but the department rarely reviews these contracts
OK	Yes	Yes, but the department rarely reviews these contracts
OR	Yes	Yes, but the department rarely reviews these contracts
PA	Yes	Yes, but the department rarely reviews these contracts
PR	Yes	Yes, but the department rarely reviews these contracts
RI	Yes	Yes, but the department rarely reviews these contracts
SC	Yes	No
TN	Yes	No
TX	Yes	Yes, and the department sometimes reviews these contracts
UT	Yes	No
VT	Yes	Yes, but the department rarely reviews these contracts
VA	Yes	Yes, and the department sometimes reviews these contracts
WA	Yes	Yes, but the department rarely reviews these contracts
WV	N/A	N/A
	1 N/ /A	11/11
WI	Yes	Yes, but the department rarely reviews these contracts

	55. Is the state department/division required to keep the details of these contracts confidential?	56. When is the state department/division required to keep the details of contracts confidential?	
AL	N/A		
AK	Yes	A.K. 216. 060(b-g) requires confidentiality of documents provided to the Director.	
AS	N/A		
ΑZ	Yes	ARS 20-1593, 20-158	
AR	In certain circumstances	If the contract is part of an investigatory file, the files contents are subject to disclosure under the Freedom of Information Act once the file is closed.	
CA	In certain circumstances	May be confidential pursuant to California Public Records Act. California insurance Code sections 735.5, 12919. Civil Code Sections 3426 et. Seq. (Uniform Trade Secret Act)	
CO	In certain circumstances	C.R.S. 10-3-808 and 10-3-1709	
CT	In certain circumstances		
FL	In certain circumstances	Agency agreements may be kept confidential if requested by either party.	
GA	N/A		
ID	Yes	§ 41-2710(7), Idaho Code, relating to documents and working papers as provided under the subsection (7), and Title 41, Chapter 1, Idaho Code.	
IN	No		
KS	N/A		
LA	N/A		
ME	Yes		
MD	In certain circumstances	In cases where records are obtained, it is pursuant to Section 2-205, 206 of the Insurance Article and Annotated Code of Maryland Title 7.	
MA	N/A		
MI	Yes	MCL 500.222 specifies the procedures and requirements for the disclosure of confidential information. Specifically, Section 222(7), MCL 500.222(7), generally requires DIFS to withhold from public inspection all information and testimony furnished to DIFS and DIFS work papers, correspondence, memoranda, reports, records, and other written or oral information related to an examination report or an investigation. In addition, MCL 500.1246 specifies, with limited exceptions, confidentiality requirements for documents, materials, or other information furnished by an insurer or otherwise obtained by DIFS' Director in an investigation.	
MN	In certain circumstances		
MS	N/A		
МО	Yes	Section 374.070, RSMo; Section 374.071, RSMo	
МТ	In certain circumstances	There is a constitutional presumption that all documents in the hands of public officials are subject to public inspection (Great Falls Tribune v. MT Public Service Commission, 2003 MT 359, P 54, 319 Mont. 38, P 54, 82 P.3d 876, P 54). ¶¶ 56 – A non-human entity must make a prima facie case showing that data is confidential.	

	55. Is the state department/division required to keep the details of these contracts confidential?	56. When is the state department/division required to keep the details of contracts confidential?
NE	Yes	Regulated by Neb. Rev. Sta. 44-5906(8)(a) through Nebraska Administrative Code Title 210, Chapter 34, section 006.01 & Neb. Rev. Stat. 44-19,110
NV	Yes	Typically, such contracts are proprietary company information and kept confidential per NRS 679B.190(5).
NM	In certain circumstances	It depends on the information provided. For example, personal identified information will be kept confidential.
NC	N/A	
ND	N/A	
ОН	In certain circumstances	Ohio Revised Code Sections 149.43, 3901.045, 3901.075, 3901.36, 3901.48, and 3905.24
OK	No	
OR	Yes	
PA	In certain circumstances	Depends on why/how the agreement was obtained by the Department. For example, materials that are investigatory or obtained in a Market Conduct examination are privileged and are generally required to be protected. Also, materials otherwise submitted to the Department that are claimed to be trade secret or confidential proprietary financial information must also be treated as such, unless a determination is made in the context of a public records request that such claims are not, in fact, valid (which the party that submitted the materials may then appeal).
PR	No	
RI	In certain circumstances	If requested in an examination it would fall under the exclusion from public access in our examination statute. If requested in another manner it would fall under our general access to public records statute and depend upon the information requested.
SC	N/A	
TN	N/A	
TX	No	
UT	N/A	
VT	Yes	If the contract is collected and/or reviewed in the course of an investigation, examination, or complaint it would be kept confidential.
VA	Yes	Contracts and all documentation obtained during an investigation are kept confidential. 55.1-1016 of the Code of Virginia
WA	No	
WV	N/A	
WI	In certain circumstances	These contracts would be subject to Wisconsin's open records laws, confidentiality would depend on the circumstances of each case.
WY	N/A	

	57. Statutes and regulations regarding the relationship between title insurers and title agents:			
AL	Ala. Code Section 27-25-4 has the requirement for title insurance agents to be licensed by the Department and appointed to represent the title insurance company.			
AK	A.S. 21.66.170 Determination of insurability required, A.S. 21.66.290 Title insurance limited producer replies to director inquiries, A.S. 21.66.350 Division of rates, A.S. 21.66.480(8) Definition of title insurance limited producer.			
AS	N/A			
ΑZ	Title 20, Chapter 6, Article 9			
AR	Ark. Code Ann. 23-103-407			
CA	California Insurance Code Sections 12340.1, 12340.3, 12340.4, 12340.5, 12389, 12389.5 and 12389.6, 12418.1, 12418.4			
CO	N/A			
СТ	CGS section 38a-402 (13). Title insurers may authorized in writing for title agents to "solicit, collect premium, determine insurability of risks, issue policies"			
FL	Sections 626.8412, 626.8419, 627.792, F.S.			
GA	N/A			
ID	§§ 41-2702, 41-2705, 41-2710, 41-2711, Idaho Code.			
IN	IC 27-1-5-1 Class 2(j), IC 27-7-3, IC 27-1-15.6-2, and IC 27-1-16.6-18			
KS	Agents must be appointed by insurer to sell, solicit or negotiate policies: K.S.A. 40-241, K.S.A. 40-252, K.S.A. 40-4912(a).			
LA	La.R.S. 22:520 - La.R.S. 22:527			
ME	24-A M.R.S. §§ 1420-M, 1445, and 2422			
MD	Annotated Code of Maryland, Title 10, Subtitle 1, Section 10-103, 10-118;10-121.1 and 4-205 of the Insurance Article.			
MA	N/A			
MI	MCL 500.7317, 500.1201			
MN	Minn. Stat. §§ 60K.30 et seq.			
MS	83-15-3			
MO	Missouri Regulation 20 CSR 500-7 Section 381.018, RSMo			
MT	Title insurance producer means a person who holds a valid title insurance producer's license and is authorized in writing by a title insurer [MCA § 33-25-105 (13)(a)]. Title insurers and insurance producers may share rate proceeds between or among themselves in any combination and may accept commissions unless the sharing of rate proceeds is an unlawful rebate or inducement under this title or is a payment of a forwarding fee or a finder's fee (MCA § 33-25-202). The commissioner may disapprove a title agency contract between a title insurance producer and title insurer, upon appropriate notice to the parties to the contract (MCA § 33-25-302).			
NE	Neb. Rev. Stat. 44-1993 [Duties of Title Insurers Utilizing Services of Title Agents]			
NV	NRS 692A.1045, NAC 692A.080115, NAC 692A.160			
NM	13.14.1 et. seq. NMAC; 59A-30-1 et. seq. NMSA; 59A-30-4 NMSA			
NC	N/A			
ND	N/A			
ОН	Ohio Revised Code Sections 3905.20, 3905.21, and 3953.21			
OK	N/A			

	57. Statutes and regulations regarding the relationship between title insurers and title agents:		
OR	ORS 744.078 through 087		
PA	40 P.S. §§ 910-24 to 910-24.2		
PR	Sections 9.020, 9.021, 9.040, 9.060, 9.061, 9.062, 9.063, 9.211, 9.212 Puerto Rico Insurance Code		
RI	R.I. Gen. Laws § 27-2.6-13		
SC	38-75-960		
TN	N/A		
TX	Primarily regulated by Texas Insurance Code Chapters 2651		
UT	Utah Code Section 31A-23a-115		
VT	N/A		
VA	38.2-4600 et seq. of the Code of Virginia		
WA	RCW 48.17.160		
WV	N/A		
WI	Sections 628.11, 628.40 and 631.09, Wis. Stat.; and s. Ins 6.57, Wis. Adm. Code.		
WY	W.S. 26-23-303(a)(xix) and W.S. 26-23-316(b)(iii)		

	58. What are the requirements for title insurers to confirm/verify valid license status of title agents? How often is confirmation/verification completed?			
AL	License can be verified online by anyone. Insurer seeking to process title insurance agent appointment would be notified if agent is not licensed.			
AK	A.S. 21.27.140(c) allows the Director to penalize a firm who has someone unlicensed act or represent them on their behalf. An inquiry to the Department would verify the license.			
AS	N/A			
ΑZ	N/A			
AR	N/A			
CA	Title insurers will require valid licenses for underwriting companies they appoint as their issuing agents in California. Title insurers will verify this information when they enter into an issuing agent contract with the underwritten title company.			
СО	N/A			
CT	N/A			
FL	Title insurers confirm an agent has a valid license upon their initial appointment and every two years thereafter when the insurer is required to reappoint their agents.			
GA	N/A			
ID	Section 41-2710, Idaho Code			
IN	N/A			
KS	Like all insurers, title insurers must verify appointed agents are properly licensed as title agents, pay an initial appointment fee, and pay annual appointment renewal fees.			
LA	La.R.S. 22:530 requires a title insurer to maintain a file that illustrates that an appointed title producer is licensed by the State of Louisiana and that the title producer maintains errors and omissions coverage. There is no time requirement or frequency requirement provided.			
ME	N/A			
MD	At least once every 31 days, an insurer shall determine whether the license of any insurance producer who currently is appointed by the insurer has been suspended or revoked. Code of Maryland Regulation Title 31, Subtitle 03			
MA	N/A			
MI	N/A			
MN	Minn. Stat. §§ 60K.30 et seq.			
MS	Title insurance companies must comply with the same laws and requirements regarding the licensure of their agents as insurance companies and their agents.			
MO	Missouri Regulation 20 CSR 500-7.080 Section 381.023, RSMo			
MT	MCA § 33–17–231 (1). Each insurer appointing an insurance producer in this state shall file with the commissioner the appointment, specifying the kinds of insurance to be transacted by the insurance producer for the insurer. MCA § 33–17–231 (2). Each appointment remains in effect until the insurance produce license is revoked or otherwise terminated unless written notice of earlier termination of appointment is filed with the commissioner by the insurer or the insurance producer.			
NE	Neb. Rev. Stat. 44-1993(6) for requirements for insurers to verify licensure of agents/employees under them. Title agent licenses require renewal every two years; expiration date depends on agent's birthdate.			

	58. What are the requirements for title insurers to confirm/verify valid license status of title agents? How often is confirmation/verification completed?		
NV	NAC 692A.115 prohibits a title insurer from allowing a title agent to issue a policy or allowing a title agent or escrow officer to disburse money from an escrow account unless the title agent or escrow officer has been certified to the Commissioner in an annual certification required by NAC 692A.110.		
NM	Annually		
NC	The Commissioner annually licenses the agents of title insurance companies as required under GS 58-26-10.		
ND	N/A		
ОН	Title insurers are required to annually certify all title insurance agents representing it.		
OK	Pursuant to 36 O.S. § 1435.13, the license of a business entity, such as a title insurer, is subject to administrative penalty for knowingly accepting insurance business from an unlicensed individual. 36 O.S. § 1435.14 prohibits an insurer from paying any commission or other consideration to an unlicensed producer. Pursuant to 36 O.S. § 1435.15, insurers must file appointments with the OID within 15 days of the date the agent contract is executed for a determination of eligibility, which the Department must complete within 30 days.		
OR	N/A		
PA	The agent needs to be appointed by the company and the company needs to verify license status at that time. They should be tracking that throughout and the appointment would cancel if the license expires.		
PR	Section 3.340, 9.060, 9.061 of the Insurance Code of Puerto Rico		
RI	R.I. Gen. Laws § 27-2.6-13		
SC	License status is reported to the State Producer Licensing Database. Insurers should verify that they are licensed. Insurers are also supposed to vet the background before appointing.		
TN	N/A		
TX	N/A		
UT	N/A		
VT	The title producer must be licensed and appointed at the time of the transaction. So, the confirmation/verification must occur at such time as to ensure that is the case.		
VA	N/A		
WA	A valid license is required to sell/solicit/negotiate title insurance in this state (RCW 48.17.060). A licensed title agent must be appointed by an insurer to act as an agent for the title insurer (RCW 48.17.160(1)). All appointments are completed online (WAC 284-17-055). The title insurer cannot appoint the title agency if the agency does not have an active insurance producer license with the title line of authority (WAC 284-17-429). The verification of a valid title agent license is made: 1) during the initial online appointment process, 2) during the title agents' license renewal process (every 2 years), 3) during the insurers' appointment renewal process (every 2 years), and 4) if the title agency license becomes inactive (all appointments are automatically cancelled by the online system).		
WV	N/A		
WI	Insurers must confirm/verify valid license status of agents at appointment and should monitor status on an ongoing basis.		
WY	W.S. 26-23-315, annual basis		

	59. Are title insurers liable for losses resulting from defalcation by title agents?	60. Are title insurers liable for losses resulting from defalcation by escrow/settlement agents?	
AL	Yes	Yes, if a closing protection letter is issued	
AK	Yes, if a closing protection letter is issued	There is no statute or regulation making them liable. However, A.S. 21.36.390(b) requires reporting. An insurer or licensee that has reason to believe that an insurance producer with which it is doing business is involved in a defalcation, embezzlement, or violation of the provisions of AS 21.36.030, 21.36.050, or 21.36.360 shall immediately send the Director a report disclosing the basis for that belief and any other information that the director may require.	
AS	N/A	N/A	
AZ	Yes	Yes	
AR	Yes	Yes, if a closing protection letter is issued	
CA	Yes	Yes	
CO	Yes	Yes, if a closing protection letter is issued	
СТ	Yes, if a closing protection letter is issued	N/A	
FL	Yes	Yes	
GA	Yes, if a closing protection letter is issued	Yes, if a closing protection letter is issued	
ID	Yes, if a closing protection letter is issued	Title agents comprise their employees acting as escrow agents. In this capacity, yes, if a closing protection letter is issued.	
IN	Yes	Yes	
KS	Possibly	Possibly	
LA	Yes	Yes, if a closing protection letter is issued	
ME	Yes	Yes	
MD	Yes	Yes	
MA	N/A	N/A	
MI	Yes	No	
MN	Yes, if a closing protection letter is issued	Yes, if a closing protection letter is issued	
MS	Yes	N/A	
МО	Yes, if a closing protection letter is issued	Yes, if a closing protection letter is issued	

	59. Are title insurers	60. Are title insurers liable for losses resulting from defalcation by	
	liable for losses resulting from defalcation by title agents?	escrow/settlement agents?	
MT	MCA § 28-10-602.	MCA § 28-10-602. Principal's responsibility for agent's negligence, omissions, and wrongs. (1) Unless required by or under the authority of law to employ that particular agent, a principal is responsible to third persons for the negligence of the principal's agent in the transaction of business of the agency, including wrongful acts committed by the agent	
NE	Yes	Title insurers are not liable, but under Neb. Rev. Stat. 44-19,109(3), the Director requires the title ins agent, or any "bona fide employee" of a title insurer (defined in statute), to maintain a surety bond or similar.	
NV	Yes, if a closing protection letter is issued	No	
NM	Yes	Yes	
NC	Based on contract	N/A	
ND	N/A	N/A	
ОН	Yes	Yes	
OK	Yes	Yes	
OR	Depends on the terms of the contract	Depends on the terms of the contract	
PA	Yes	Yes	
PR	Yes	N/A	
RI	Yes, if a closing protection letter is issued	Ves if a closing protection letter is issued	
SC	N/A	N/A	
TN	N/A	N/A	
TX	Yes, if a closing protection letter is issued	Ves if a closing protection letter is issued	
UT	Yes	Yes	
VT	Yes	Yes	
VA	Yes	Yes, if a closing protection letter is issued	
WA	Yes	Yes	
WV	N/A	N/A	
WI	Title insurers may be held responsible for the acts of their agents.	N/A	
WY	Yes	N/A	
44 1	1 08	IV/A	

	61. If title insurers are liable for losses resulting from defalcations, by what is that liability imposed?	62. Statutes and regulations regarding the liability of title insurers for defalcations of other title participants:	
AL	Contract	N/A	
AK	Common law	N/A	
AS	N/A	N/A	
ΑZ	Closing protection letter	ARS §6-841.02(C) through (E)	
AR	Common law	N/A	
CA	Common law	Common law	
СО	Statue, Closing protection letter	C.R.S. 10-3-131	
CT	N/A	N/A	
FL	Statue	Section 627.792, F.S.	
GA	N/A	O.C.G.A. 33-7-8.1 Closing protection letter	
ID	Contract, Closing protection letter	N/A	
IN	Common law	N/A	
KS	Common law, Closing protection letter	Title agent/agencies that handle escrow, settlement or closing services must post a bond with the Department to protect customers against defalcations. Also, they must comply with statutory requirements for segregation of escrow funds, and must have an annual audit done of their escrow accounts each year by a CPA or a title insurer for which they do business. K.S.A. 40-1137 to 40-1139.	
LA	Statue, Closing protection letter	La.R.S. 22:515 (C)	
ME	Contract	N/A	
MD	Contract, Statue, Common law, Closing protection letter	N/A	
MA	N/A	N/A	
MI	Closing protection letter	N/A	
MN	Closing protection letter	N/A	
MS	Common law	Common contract law	
МО	Statue, Contract, Closing protection letter		
MT	MCA § 28-10-602. Principal's responsibility for agent's negligence, omissions, and wrongs.	MCA § 33–1–1205. Duties of authorized insurers, adjusters, administrators, consultants, and producers. MCA § 28-10-602. Principal's responsibility for agent's negligence, omissions, and wrongs.	

	61. If title insurers are liable for losses resulting from defalcations, by what is that liability imposed?	62. Statutes and regulations regarding the liability of title insurers for defalcations of other title participants:	
NE	Statue	Neb. Rev. Stat. 44-19,109(3) and Neb. Rev. Stat. 44-1993(8)(a) [NOTE: only applies if title ins policy is ISSUED]; Neb. Rev. Stat. 44-1984(2)(a)(1)	
NV	Closing protection letter, Statue	NRS 692A.110, NRS 692A.225	
NM	Common law, Statue, Contract, Closing protection letter	13.14.1 et. seq. NMAC	
NC	Contract	N/A	
ND	N/A	NA	
ОН	Common law, Statue, Closing protection letter	Ohio Revised Code Section 3905.20 and 3953.32	
OK	Common law	N/A	
OR	Depends on the terms of the contract	N/A	
PA	Contract	N/A	
PR	Contract. The insurer is the ultimate responsible for the insurance contract issued.	N/A	
RI	Statue	R.I. Gen. Laws § 27-2.6-6	
SC	N/A	N/A	
TN	N/A	N/A	
TX	Closing protection letter	Closing protection letters are governed by Ins Code Sections 2702.001 and 2702.002, and promulgated under the Texas Department of Insurance. Ins Code Ch. 2602 governs the Texas Title Insurance Guaranty Association, which can assess title insurers.	
UT	Statue, Closing protection letter	Utah Code Sections 31A-4-117, 31A-23a-407	
VT	Common law	Common law	
VA	Statue, Closing protection letter	38.2-1801 of the Code of Virginia	
WA	Statue	RCW 48.29.155(5)	
WV	N/A	N/A	
WI	It would depend on the circumstances of the case.	Sections 628.34(1)(a), 628.40, and 631.09 Wis. Stat.	
WY	Common law	N/A	

	63. Is a title	64. Are title	65. Is it	66. Is it acceptable	67. Is it acceptable
	search required	insurers required	acceptable for the	•	for title plants to
	before a title	to maintain a title	title plant's	conducted from	offer their records
	policy is issued?	plant?	records to be	publicly available	via a secured web
			electronic?	recorders' websites?	portal?
AL	No	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
AK	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	N/A
AS	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
ΑZ	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
AR	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
CA	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
CO	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
СТ	Yes	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
FL	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
GA	Yes	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
ID	Yes	N/A	Yes	No	Yes
IN	Yes	No	N/A	No	Yes
KS	Yes	No	N/A	No	Yes
LA	Yes	Yes	N/A	N/A	N/A
ME	No	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
MD	Yes	N/A	N/A	Yes	N/A
MA	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
MI	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
MN	No	No	N/A	Yes	Yes
MS	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
MO	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
MT	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
NE	Yes	No	Yes	N/A	N/A
NV	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
NM	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
NC	Yes	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
ND	Yes	Yes	Yes	N/A	N/A
ОН	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
OK	Yes	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
OR	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
PA	Yes	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
PR	Yes	N/A	N/A	Yes	N/A
RI	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
SC	Yes	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
TN	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
TX	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
UT	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
VT	Yes	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
VA	Yes	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
WA	No	Yes	Yes	No	No
WV	N/A	No	N/A	No	N/A
WI	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
WY	Yes	No	N/A	N/A	Yes

	68. Statutes and regulations regarding title plants:		
AL	N/A		
AK	A.S. 21.66.200, A.S. 21.66.210 and A.S. 21.66.240		
AS	N/A		
ΑZ	ARS 20-1562(10), 20-1564 (F), 20-1567		
AR	N/A		
CA	See CICS 12389, 12372, AND 12372.5		
CO	N/A		
CT	CGS sections 38a-402(17), 38a-406 (single risk limitation), and 38a-412 (Investments)		
FL	N/A		
GA	N/A		
ID	§§ 41-2702, 41-2708(1)(a), 41-2710, Idaho Code. IDAPA 18.05.01.011		
IN	N/A		
KS	K.S.A. 40-235 requires "a reasonable search and examination of the title to the property and must be based on all applicable records of the county, state and federal offices in which the real estate is located." There are many records which may be confidential and not publicly available which may only be available for inspection at the applicable court, county, or state office.		
LA	N/A		
ME	N/A		
MD	N/A		
MA	N/A		
MI	N/A		
MN	N/A		
MS	N/A		
МО	Missouri Regulation 20 CSR 500-7.200, Section 381.071, RSMo Section 381.115.8, RSMo		
MT	MCA § 33–25–105 (16). "Title plant" means a set of privately maintained records in which entries have been made of documents imparting constructive notice, under the law, of matters affecting title to real property, an interest therein, or an encumbrance thereon, that have been filed or recorded in the jurisdiction for which the title plant is maintained and from which the ownership of real property within the jurisdiction can be ascertained and liens, encumbrances, defects, and clouds on title to the real property can be determined.		
NE	Nebraska Administrative Code Title 210 Chapter 34, section 006.05 [Title Plant Maintenance]		
NV	NRS 692A.080, NRS 692A.220, NRS 692A.230		
NM	13.14.1 et. seq. NMAC; 13.14.2 NMAC; 59A-1-1 et. seq. NMSA; 59A-30-4 NMSA; 59-A-30-12 NMSA; 59A-12-13 NMSA; 59A-12-2-2 NMSA		
NC	N/A		
ND	NA		
ОН	N/A		
OK	36 O.S. § 5001(C)(1); 1 O.S. §§ 21 and 27–37; OAC 5:2-1-2; OAC 5:11-3-1; OAC 5:11-3-6; OAC 5:11-7-1 through OAC 5:11-7-4		
OR	ORS 731.438		
PA	40 P.S. § 910-39(c)		

	68. Statutes and regulations regarding title plants:		
PR	N/A. The Government of Puerto Rico maintains a database where all transactions of a property title and their tract are recorded (named "Registro de la Propiedad") that is part of the Puerto Rico Department of Justice and gives protection to citizens of its records by civil law.		
RI	R.I. Gen. Laws § 27-2.6-3(21)		
SC	N/A		
TN	T.C.A. 56-35-103		
TX	Texas Insurance Code Chapters 2501.004; Basic Manual for Rules, Rates, and Forms for the Writing of Title Insurance in the State of Texas, Procedural Rule P-12. (Note: Title agent required to maintain title plants.)		
UT	N/A		
VT	N/A		
VA	N/A		
WA	RCW 48.29.020, 48.29.040, 48.29.160, and Chapter 284-29 WAC		
WV	N/A		
WI	N/A		
WY	W.S. 33-2-101		

	69. In your state, closing protection letters are:	70. To who are closing protection letters provided?		
		Buyer	Seller	Lender
AL	Voluntary and Typically Used	X	X	X
AK	Voluntary and Typically Used	X		X
AS	N/A			
ΑZ	Required by Statute	X	X	X
AR	Voluntary and Typically Used	X	X	X
CA	N/A			
CO	Voluntary and Typically Used	X	X	X
CT	Voluntary and Typically Used	X		X
FL	Voluntary and Typically Used	X		X
GA	Voluntary and Typically Used	X	X	X
ID	Voluntary and Typically Used	X	X	X
IN	Required by Statute	X		X
KS	Voluntary and Typically Used	X	X	X
LA	Voluntary and Typically Used	X	X	X
ME	Voluntary and Typically Used	X		X
MD	Voluntary and Typically Used	X	X	X
MA	N/A			
MI	Voluntary and Typically Used			X
MN	Voluntary and Typically Used	X	X	
MS	N/A			
МО	Required by Statute	X	X	X
MT	N/A			
NE	Required by Statute	X		X
NV	Voluntary and Typically Used	X	X	X
NM	Voluntary and Typically Used	X		X
NC	Voluntary and Typically Used	X		
ND	Voluntary and Typically Used			
ОН	Required by Statute	X	X	X
OK	N/A			
OR	Voluntary and Not Typically Used	X	X	X
PA	Voluntary and Typically Used	X		
PR	N/A			
RI	Voluntary and Typically Used	X		X
SC	Voluntary and Typically Used			
TN	N/A			
TX	Voluntary and Typically Used	X	X	X
UT	Voluntary and Typically Used	X	X	X
VT	Voluntary and Typically Used	†	1	X
VA	Voluntary and Typically Used	X	X	X
WA	Voluntary and Typically Used	71	71	71
WV	Voluntary and Typically Used			X
WI	Voluntary and Not Typically Used			X
	Voluntary and Typically Used			
WY	voluntary and Typicarry Used			X

	71. Can title insurers	72. If closing	73. Statutes and regulations regarding closing
	issue closing	protection letters are	protection letters:
	protection letters? used, how ar		protection letters.
	protection retters:	paid?	
AL	Yes	By separate charge to the consumer	Ala. Code Section 27-3-6.1
AK	Yes	Included in the rate	N/A
AS	N/A	N/A	N/A
AZ	Yes	By separate charge to the consumer	ARS §6-841.02(C) through (E)
AR	Yes	By separate charge to the consumer	Rule 87, Section 14
CA	Yes	N/A	California Insurance Code Section 12340.3(e)
СО	Yes	By separate charge to the consumer	Regulation 8-1-3
СТ	Yes	By separate charge to the consumer	CGS section 38a-404
FL	Yes	Included in the rate	Sections 627.782(2) and 627.786, F.S.
GA	Yes	N/A	O.C.G.A. 33-7-8.1
ID	Yes	By separate charge to the consumer	§ 41-2714, Idaho Code
IN	Yes	By separate charge to the consumer	IC 27-1-22-8
KS	Yes	By separate charge to the consumer	Bulletin 1996-6 authorizes insurance companies to issue closing protection letters at their option to purchasers, sellers, and lenders.
LA	Yes	By separate charge to the consumer	La.R.S. 22:515 (C)
ME	Yes	By separate charge to the consumer	24-A M.R.S. § 3202
MD	Yes	By separate charge to the consumer	N/A
MA	N/A	N/A	N/A
MI	Yes	N/A	N/A
MN	Yes	Included in the rate	N/A
MS	N/A	N/A	N/A
МО	Yes	By separate charge to the consumer	Missouri Regulation 20 CSR 500-7.200, Section 381.071, RSMo, Section 381.115.8, RSMo
MT	N/A	N/A	N/A
NE	Yes	By separate charge to the consumer	Neb. Rev. Stat. 44-1978 et seq., 44-1984 and 44-19,106 et seq., also [NOT LEGALLY BINDING] Insurance Guidance Doc ("IGD") C12
NV	Yes	By separate charge to the consumer	NRS 692A.225
NM	Yes	N/A	13.14.18.1 et. seq NMAC

	71. Can title insurers issue closing protection letters?	72. If closing protection letters are used, how are they paid?	73. Statutes and regulations regarding closing protection letters:
NC	Yes	By separate charge to the consumer	N/A
ND	N/A	N/A	NA
ОН	Yes	By separate charge to the consumer	Ohio Revised Code Section 3953.32
OK	Yes	N/A	N/A
OR	Yes	Included in the rate	It is the Department of Financial Regulation's position that CPLs can be issued if incidental to a title insurance policy (without a separate charge).
PA	Yes	By separate charge to the consumer	N/A
PR	N/A	N/A	N/A
RI	Yes	By separate charge to the consumer	R.I. Gen. Laws § 27-2.6-6
SC	Yes	Included in the rate	38-75-1010
TN	N/A	N/A	N/A
TX	Yes	N/A	Texas Insurance Code Chapters 2702, Subchapter A; Basic Manual for Rules, Rates, and Forms for the Writing of Title Insurance in the State of Texas, Procedural Rules P-67 and P-69
UT	Yes	By separate charge to the consumer	Utah Code Section 31A-4-117
VT	Yes	By separate charge to the consumer	Bulletin 108 and 8 VSA Section 3541
VA	Yes	By separate charge to the consumer	38.2-4606 of The Code of Virginia
WA	Yes	N/A	N/A
WV	Yes	N/A	N/A
WI	Yes	Included in the rate	N/A
WY	Yes	Included in the rate	N/A

74 Dagg tha	75 Daggitha	76 Ama titla	77 Doog the	70 What liaman is magnined?
				78. What license is required?
		_		
*			1	
	"			
letters?	oninion	the state	the title	
No	No	No	Yes	Attorney
No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Licensed title insurance limited producer and
	103	105	105	licensure of title company insurer.
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Certificate of Authority and Business
NT/A	NT/A	NT/A	NT/A	License from DOC N/A
				N/A
-		_		
				N/A
		<u> </u>	+	N/A
				N/A
				N/A
No	No	No	No	N/A
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	A title insurance agent license is required.
No	No	No	No	N/A
No	No	No	No	N/A.
No	No	No	No	Louisiana State Bar Association license
No	No	No	No	The opinion is generated by a licensed attorney.
No	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
			1	N/A
		<u> </u>		N/A
				Attorney license
		<u> </u>	+	N/A
				N/A
				N/A
_	 	<u> </u>	+	N/A
_				N/A
				N/A
No	No	No	Yes	An attorney licensed to practice law in North
DT/A	DT/A	DT/A	DT/A	Carolina.
	-		+	N/A
No	NO	No	No	N/A
No	No	No	Yes	Title opinion letters must be issued by an attorney licensed to practice law in Oklahoma by the Oklahoma Bar Association and the title is required to prominently display the attorney's bar number.
No	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	No	state department regulate title opinion No	state department regulate title opinion lattere? No N	state department regulate title opinion letter forms and rates filed with letterse? No No No No No Yes Yes Yes Yes No

	74. Does the	75. Does the	76. Are title	77. Does the	78. What license is required?
	state	state	opinion	state license	
	department	department	letter forms	the entity	
	regulate title	regulate the	and rates	that	
	opinion	pricing of title	filed with	generates	
	letters?	oninion	the state	the title	
PA	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Insurers use opinion letters and the insurers are licensed. A licensed rating organization also files one on behalf of its member insurers.
PR	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
RI	No	No	No	No	N/A
SC	No	No	No	No	N/A
TN	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
TX	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
UT	No	No	No	No	N/A
VT	No	No	No	Yes	The attorney must conduct real estate transactions per Vermont Bar Association rules.
VA	No	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
WA	No	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
WV	No	No	No	Yes	State Bar license for attorneys
WI	No	No	No	N/A	N/A
WY	Yes	No	No	Yes	Wyoming Bar Association

v require the maintenance of surety insurance?	80. If surety bonds or fidelity insurance is required, what amount is required for escrow officers?
	N/A
onal liability insurance policy	N/A
mentanes peney	N/A
	N/A
	N/A
for title agents/agencies only	N/A
5 6 7	N/A
	N/A
	N/A
	N/A
	Surety bond required in amount of \$10,000 in each county title insurance agent is licensed, and in increments of \$10,000 for each additional person employed as an escrow officer in the county, up to a total of \$50,000. § 41-2711, Idaho Code.
	N/A
nt or closing services. Also	N/A
	No specified amount- Louisiana Administrative Code; Title 10, section XV-903
	N/A
	\$150,000.
	N/A
equate reserve as to outstanding I under MCA § 33–2–511, a title ntain a guaranty fund or unearned A title insurer may not engage in paranteeing payment of the	N/A
onal liability insurance policy	Neb. Rev. Stat. 44-19, 109(3) -requires surety bond [or other, similar financial instrument] of \$100,000.00 for EVERY title insurance agent or "bona fide employee" of a title insurer who handle escrow accounts or security deposits.
	N/A
	N/A
	N/A
	N/A
for title agents/agencies only	N/A
	N/A
	Tritle agents/agencies that conduct nt or closing services. Also used abstractors. Title insurance reserves. (1) In equate reserve as to outstanding a funder MCA § 33–2–511, a title ntain a guaranty fund or unearned. A title insurer may not engage in unaranteeing payment of the est of bonds or mortgages [MCA § ional liability insurance policy

	79. Does state law require the maintenance of surety bonds or fidelity insurance?	80. If surety bonds or fidelity insurance is required, what amount is required for escrow officers?
OR	No	N/A
PA	Yes, but required for title agents/agencies only	N/A
PR	Yes, it is required to participate in a guaranty fund by Section 24.020 of the Puerto Rico Insurance Code. Producers with the title insurance line of business need a surety to obtain a license (Section 9.170(9) PR Insurance Code).	N/A
RI	No, not required	N/A
SC	No, not required	N/A
TN	Yes, but required for title agents/agencies only	N/A
TX	Yes	Varies, maximum \$50,000, Texas Insurance Code \$2652.103
UT	Yes, or a professional liability insurance policy	N/A
VT	No, not required	N/A
VA	Yes, but required for escrow officers only	Surety Bond - \$200,000; Fidelity Bond - \$100,000; E&O - \$250,000
WA	Yes, but required for title agents/agencies only	RCW 48.29.155 - \$200,000
WV	No, not required	N/A
WI	No, not required	N/A
WY	No, not required	N/A

	81. If surety bonds or fidelity insurance is required, what amount is required for title agents?
AL	N/A
AK	N/A
AS	N/A
ΑZ	N/A
AR	N/A
CA	For underwritten title companies (UTCs), CIC Section 12389(b)(2)(A) requires UTCs to establish an escrow surety bond or cash deposit, either \$50,000 or \$100,000, depending on the county(ies) of licensure. CIC Section 12389.6 requires UTCs to maintain a fidelity bond or insurance policy. The face amount of the fidelity bond or insurance policy shall be at least 10 times the UTC's minimum net worth required by CIC Section 12389; thus, the face amount may vary from \$750,000 to \$4,000,000, depending on the aggregate number of documents the UTC records in all counties.
CO	N/A
CT	N/A
FL	Surety Bond; \$35,000 - Fidelity Bond; \$50,000 - Errors and Omissions; \$250,000 with a deductible that does not exceed \$10,000.
GA	N/A
ID	Surety bond required in amount of \$10,000 in each county title insurance agent is licensed, and in increments of \$10,000 for each additional person employed as an escrow officer in the county, up to a total of \$50,000. § 41-2711, Idaho Code.
IN	N/A
KS	Required only for title agents/agencies which handle escrow, settlement or closing. Amounts are \$25,000/\$50,000/\$100,000 based on population of county in which real estate is located. Most companies file a \$100,000 bond to cover all counties in the state.
LA	N/A
ME	N/A
MD	\$150,000.
MA	N/A
MI	N/A
MN	N/A
MS	N/A
MO	N/A
МТ	MCA § 33–2–517. Title insurance reserves. (1) In addition to an adequate reserve as to outstanding losses as required under MCA § 33–2–511, a title insurer shall maintain a guaranty fund or unearned premium reserve. A title insurer may not engage in the business of guaranteeing payment of the principal or interest of bonds or mortgages [MCA § 33-25-213 (2)].
NE	Neb. Rev. Stat. 44-19, 109(3) -requires surety bond [or other, similar financial instrument] of \$100,000.00 for EVERY title insurance agent or "bona fide employee" of a title insurer who handle escrow accounts or security deposits.
NV	2% of average collected balance of the trust account, not less than \$20,000 nor more than \$250,000
NM	N/A
NC	N/A
ND	N/A

	81. If surety bonds or fidelity insurance is required, what amount is required for title agents?
ОН	Title agents must maintain at least \$250,000 in E&O coverage. Surety bond coverage of at least \$150,000 is required for agents who handle escrow transactions not involving the issuance of title insurance. However, E&O coverage and surety bond coverage is not required to be maintained by title agents employed by a title insurer.
OK	N/A
OR	N/A
PA	\$100,000 for Surety; \$150,000 for Fidelity
PR	For title insurers - Section 24.020 of the Puerto Rico Insurance Code. Producers with the title insurance line of business needs a surety to obtain a license by Section 9.170(9) PR Insurance Code
RI	N/A
SC	N/A
TN	\$25,000
TX	Varies, maximum \$100,000, Texas Insurance Code §2651.101(b)
UT	\$250,000 minimum
VT	N/A
VA	N/A
WA	RCW 48.29.155 - \$200,000
WV	N/A
WI	N/A
WY	N/A

	82. Are title agents authorized to put title premiums into separate trust accounts rather than general trust accounts?	83. Statutes and regulations regarding title escrow and trust accounts:
AL	N/A	N/A
AK	Yes	A.S. 21.66.280 (a) In addition to any other requirement of this title, a title insurance limited producer licensee shall maintain books of accounts and records and vouchers pertaining to the business of title insurance in a manner that the director, or an authorized representative, may readily ascertain whether the licensee has complied with the provisions of this chapter. (b) A title insurance limited producer licensee may engage in the business of handling escrows, settlements, and closings in connection with the business of title insurance; however, (1)the licensee shall maintain a separate record of all receipts and disbursements of escrow funds and may not commingle the funds with personal funds or with funds held by the licensee in any other capacity; (2) the licensee shall comply with the standards of solvency that the director requires; and (3) the licensee shall submit financial statements that the director requires. (c) In addition to any other penalty provided by law, if the director determines that a title insurance limited producer licensee has failed to comply with a provision of this section, the director may, after a hearing, revoke the limited producer license. A.S. 34.80.010-095, A.S. 21.18.010(2)(C), A.S. 21.66.460
AS	N/A	N/A
AZ	Yes	ARS §6-834
AR	Yes	N/A
CA	Yes	California Insurance Code sections 12413.1, 12413.2, and 12413.5, and California Financial Code section 17000 et seq.
CO	Yes	C.R.S. 10-2-704, 10-11-127, and Regulation 8-1-4
CT	N/A	N/A. CT only allows licensed Connecticut attorneys to act as title agents.
FL	Yes	Section 626.8473, F.S.
GA	N/A	N/A
ID	No	IDAPA 18.05.01.021.04
IN	Yes	IC 27-7-3.7-6-10; IC 27-7-3.7-7; IC 27-7-3.7-8; IC 27-7-3.7-9; IC 27-7-3.7-10
KS	Yes	K.S.A. 40-1136 to 40-1138.
LA	Yes	La.R.S. 22:532 (A)(1)(a)
ME	No	24-A M.R.S. § 1447; C.M.R. 02 032 540
MD	Yes	Annotated Code of Maryland, Title 10, Subtitle 1, Section 10-121; and Title 22, Section 22-101 through 22-105.
MA	N/A	N/A
MI	Yes	MCL 500.7304, 500.1207(1)&(2), 500.1239, DIFS Insurance Bulletin 2002-03-INS
MN	Yes	Minn. Stat. § 82.75
MS	No	N/A
МО	N/A	Section 381.022.2, RSMo; Section 381.022.3, RSMo; Section 381.022.4, RSMo

	82. Are title agents authorized to put title premiums into separate trust accounts rather than general trust accounts?	83. Statutes and regulations regarding title escrow and trust accounts:
МТ	Yes	ARM 6.6.2202 ESCROW, CLOSING, OR SETTLEMENT SERVICES. MCA § 33-17-1102. Reporting and accounting for premiums – misappropriation. MCA § 33-25-201. Escrow, closing, or settlement services – title indemnification – maintenance of accounts – maintenance of nominal or short-term accounts (1). MCA § 33-25-201 (2)(a).
NE	Yes	Neb. Rev. Stat. 44-1994(1)(b)
NV	Yes	NRS 692A.250225, NRS 683A.400
NM	Yes	58-28-1 et. seq. NMSA; 59A-1-1 et seq. NMSA; 13.14.4 NMAC; 13.14.1 et seq. NMAC
NC	N/A	N/A
ND	No	N/A
ОН	Yes	Ohio Revised Code Sections 3953.23, 3953.231, and 3953.33
OK	N/A	N/A
OR	Yes	ORS 744.083-086.
PA	Yes	40 P.S. §§ 910-39.1, 910-26.1(5)
PR	N/A	Section 24.020 of the Puerto Rico Insurance Code
RI	Yes	R.I. Gen. Laws § 27-2.4-19
SC	N/A	N/A
TN	Yes	T.C.A. 56-35-130
TX	Yes	Texas Insurance Code Chapters 2651 and 2652; Basic Manual for Rules, Rates, and Forms for the Writing of Title Insurance in the State of Texas, Section V
UT	Yes	Utah Code Section 31A-23a-204, -406, -409
VT	N/A	N/A
VA	Yes	55.1-1008 of the Code of Virginia
WA	Yes	RCW 48.29.190, 48.29.193, 48.29.195, and 48.29.200 WAC 284-29-320 and 284-29-330.
WV	N/A	N/A
WI	N/A	N/A
WY	Yes	W.S. 26-23-314

	84 Statutes and regulations regarding the use of surety hands or fidelity insurance in title or real
	84. Statutes and regulations regarding the use of surety bonds or fidelity insurance in title or real estate closing processes
AL	N/A
AK	A.S. 21.66.480(2) "business of title insurance" is (A) the making or proposing to make as insurer, guarantor, or surety, a contract or policy of title insurance; A.S. 08.88.455(a) A real estate licensee, when applying for or renewing a real estate license, (a) A real estate licensee, when applying for or renewing a real estate license, in lieu of obtaining a corporate surety bond, shall pay to the commission, in addition to the license fee, a recovery fund fee not to exceed \$125. After each two-year licensing cycle, if the commission finds that the average balance in the recovery fund during the two-year licensing cycle was less than \$250,000 or more than \$500,000, the commission shall by regulation adjust the recovery fund fees so that the average balance of the recovery fund during the next two-year licensing cycle is anticipated to be an amount that is not less than \$250,000 or more than \$500,000. In this subsection, "average balance" means the average balance after taking into account anticipated expenditures for awards from the fund and legal expenses directly related to fund operations, and for real estate educational purposes. See A.S. 08.99.450 Real Estate recovery fund that operates in lieu of surety bonds. A.S. 08.88.460 & 08.88.465.
AS	N/A
AZ	ARS §6-814
AR	N/A
CA	California Insurance Code Sections 12389(b)(2)(A), 12389.6(a)(1)
CO	N/A
CT	N/A
FL	Section 626.8419, F.S.
GA	N/A
ID	§ 41-2711, Idaho Code, IDAPA 18.05.01.021
IN	N/A
KS	K.S.A. 40-1139
LA	N/A
ME	N/A
MD	Licensees of the Maryland Insurance Administration are required to comply with the federal law regarding disclosure - 12 U.S.C. Section 2607 (c) (4). 24 C.F.R. 3500.15, and Appendix D to 24 C.F.R. Part 3500, as applicable, regarding disclosures of affiliated business arrangements, as defined in 12 U.S.C. Section 2602. Licensees are also required to comply with the Annotated Code of Maryland, Real Property Article Title 14, Subtitle 1, Section 14-127. Annotated Code of Maryland, Title 10, Subtitle 1, Section 10-121
MA	N/A
MI	N/A
MN	N/A
MS	N/A
МО	N/A
MT	N/A
NE	Neb. Rev. Stat. 44-19,109(3)
NV	NRS 692A.1041-1044
NM	N/A
NC	N/A
ND	N/A

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	84. Statutes and regulations regarding the use of surety bonds or fidelity insurance in title or real
	estate closing processes
ОН	Ohio Revised Code 3953.23 and Ohio Administrative Code 3901-7-02
OK	N/A
OR	N/A
PA	40 P.S. §§ 910-26.1(2) and (3)
PR	N/A
RI	N/A
SC	N/A
TN	T.C.A. 56-35-202
TX	Texas Insurance Code Chapters 2651 and 2652
UT	N/A
VT	N/A
VA	55.1-1004 of the Code of Virginia
WA	RCW 48.29.155
WV	N/A
WI	N/A
WY	N/A

	85. Does state law limit or restrict the use of affiliated business arrangements? If yes, how?
	(An affiliated business arrangement means an arrangement in which a person who is in a position to refer business incident to or a part of a real estate settlement service involving a federally related mortgage loan, or an associate of such person, has either an affiliate relationship with or a direct or beneficial ownership interest of more than one percent in a provider of settlement services and either of such persons directly or indirectly refers such business to that provider or affirmatively influences the selection of that provider.)
AL	No
AK	It regulates joint plant companies under A.S. 21.66.210. Rebates, inducements, special favors, etc. are prohibited under A.S. 21.66.310.
AS	N/A
ΑZ	No
AR	No
CA	Yes. Affiliated business arrangements are required to comply with the Controlled Business Source law. Insurance Code Sections 12396-12399, including record keeping and reporting of closed title orders from controlled business sources, an intent to not rely on more than 50% of such from controlled business sources, and active competition in the market place. In addition, companies must also comply with anti-kickback, rebating provisions in Insurance Code Section 12404 et. seq.
CO	No
СТ	No. The title insurer or title agent may accept an order for a title insurance policy if such insurer or title agent knows or has reason to believe that the applicant was referred to such insurer or agent by any producer of title insurance business where to producer has a financial interest in the title insurer or agent unless the producer has disclosed, in writing, to the buyer, seller and lender the financial interest of the producer. Also, Conneticut has restriction on accepting title insurance business if (1) the title insurer or title agent knows or has reason to believe that the transaction will constitute controlled business for that title insurer; and (2) 20% or more of the gross operating revenue of that title insurer in the calendar year in which the transaction takes place is derived from controlled business.
FL	No
GA	N/A
ID	Yes, in general in the same way RESPA regulates/restricts the use of AFBAs.
IN	No
KS	Yes. No title insurer or title agent may accept an order for title insurance business, issue a title insurance policy, or receive or retain any premium, or charge in connection with any transaction if: (i) The title insurer or title agent knows or has reason to believe that the transaction will constitute controlled business for that title insurer or title agent; and (ii) 70% or more of the closed title orders of that title insurer or title agent during the 12 full calendar months immediately preceding the month in which the transaction takes place is derived from controlled business. The prohibitions do not apply to transactions involving real estate located in a county that has a population,of 10,000 or less.
LA	N/A
ME	No
MD	Licensees of the Maryland Insurance Administration are required to comply with the federal law regarding disclosure - 12 U.S.C. Section 2607 (c) (4). 24 C.F.R. 3500.15, and Appendix D to 24 C.F.R. Part 3500, as applicable, regarding disclosures of affiliated business arrangements, as defined in 12 U.S.C. Section 2602. Licensees are also required to comply with the Annotated Code of Maryland, Real Property Article Title 14, Subtitle 1, Section 14-127.
MA	N/A
MI	No
MN	No
MS	N/A

	85. Does state law limit or restrict the use of affiliated business arrangements? If yes, how?
	(An affiliated business arrangement means an arrangement in which a person who is in a position to refer business incident to or a part of a real estate settlement service involving a federally related mortgage loan, or an associate of such person, has either an affiliate relationship with or a direct or beneficial ownership interest of more than one percent in a provider of settlement services and either of such persons directly or indirectly refers such business to that provider or affirmatively influences the selection of that provider.)
МО	In Missouri, an "affiliated business," is any portion of a title insurance agency's business written in this state that was referred to it by a producer of title insurance business or by an associate of the producer, where the producer or associate, or both, have a financial interest in the title agency.
МТ	Associate means a corporation, partnership, or other business entity organized for profit, of which a producer of title business is a director, officer, partner, employee, or owner of 5% or more of its equity or capital [MCA § 33-25-105 (4)(a)]. Financial interest means a legal or beneficial interest that entitles the holder, directly or indirectly, to 1% or more of the net profits or net worth of the entity in which the interest is held [MCA § 33-25-105 (6)]. Producer of title business means a person, corporation, partnership, or other business entity, including an officer, director, or owner of 5% or more of the equity or capital thereof, engaged in this state in the trade, business, occupation, or profession [MCA § 33-25-105 (8)]. MCA § 33-25-401. Prohibited practices – referrals – splitting charges – exemptions.
NE	Yes. Neb. Rev. Stat. 44-19,112 [entire], "Affiliated Business Provisions"
NV	No
NM	N/A
NC	No
ND	No
ОН	Yes. Ohio law does not allow a bank, trust company, bank and trust company, or other lending institution, mortgage service, brokerage, mortgage guaranty company, escrow company, real estate company, or any subsidiaries thereof or individuals so engaged to act as a title insurance agent.
OK	No
OR	N/A
PA	No
PR	Restrict - Section 9.061, 3.031 and 9.070 Puerto Rico Insurance Code
RI	Yes, R.I. Gen. Laws § 27-2.6-14 prohibits rebating and fee splitting.
SC	Yes. See 38-75-960
TN	§ 56-35-131. Terms and conditions for licenses or certificates (a) Except as provided by §§ 56-35-201 and 56-35-204, the commissioner shall refuse to issue any new license or certificate to any title insurance company, title insurance agent, or title insurance agency, unless the applicant therefor shall agree to abide by any one (1) of the following terms and conditions: (1) The gross operating revenues for any fiscal year attributable to the placement or issuance of policies or contracts of title insurance derived from all sources of controlled business shall not exceed forty percent (40%) of the gross operating revenues of the company, agent or agency; (2) The company, agent or agency will be operated as a subsidiary of a financial institution with its primary business being that of accepting deposits and making real estate loans and subject to regulation, inspection, and supervision of the United States government or an agency of the United States; or (3) The title insurance agency or agent is to be operated by an attorney, a single partnership of attorneys, or a single professional corporation of attorneys as an ancillary part of the general practice of law. (b) Any violation of the terms and conditions of the agreement shall serve as grounds for the commissioner to suspend or revoke the license or certificate to which the agreement pertains and to assess a civil penalty as provided by § 56-35-127. Tenn. Code Ann. § 56-35-131

	85. Does state law limit or restrict the use of affiliated business arrangements? If yes, how?
	(An affiliated business arrangement means an arrangement in which a person who is in a position to refer business incident to or a part of a real estate settlement service involving a federally related mortgage loan, or an associate of such person, has either an affiliate relationship with or a direct or beneficial ownership interest of more than one percent in a provider of settlement services and either of such persons directly or indirectly refers such business to that provider or affirmatively influences the selection of that provider.)
UT	31A-23a-1003. Affiliated business arrangements. (1) An affiliated business arrangement between a person and a title entity violates Section 8 of RESPA for purposes of state law if: (a)the title entity does not have sufficient capital and net worth in a reserve account in the title entity's name; or (b) more than 70% of the title entity's annual title insurance business is affiliated business on or after the later of: (i) two years after the title entity begins an affiliated business arrangement; or (ii) June 1, 2021. (2) In addition to Subsection (1), the division may find that an affiliated business arrangement between a person and a title entity violates Section 8 of RESPA after evaluating and weighing the following factors in light of the specific facts before the division: (a) whether the title entity: (i) is staffed with the title entity's own employees to conduct title insurance business; (ii) manages the title entity's own business affairs; (iii) has a physical office for business that is separate from any producer's or associate's office and pays market rent; (iv) provides the essential functions of title insurance business for a fee, including incurring the risks and receiving the rewards of any comparable title entity; and (v) performs the essential functions of title insurance business itself; (b)if the title entity contracts with another person to perform a portion of the title entity's title insurance business, whether the contract: (i) is with an independent third party; and (ii)provides payment for the services that bears a reasonable relationship to the value of the services or goods received; and (c) whether the person from whom the title entity receives referrals under the affiliated business arrangement also sends title insurance business to other title entities.
VT	N/A
VA	No
WA	RCW 48.29.015 and WAC 284-29-130 require title insurance agents to submit an Affiliated Business Ownership report with the Commissioner annually. State law outlines when certain payments are authorized for return on ownership in transactions involving title insurance, including with affiliated relationships (RCW 48.29.213). RCW 48.29.210 and WAC 284-29-200 outline prohibited practices regarding business inducements, including with associates and affiliates.
WV	Yes
WI	Yes, individuals engaged in certain affiliated business arrangements may be regulated in accordance with s. Ins. 3.32, Wis. Adm. Code.
WY	Regulations governing the transaction of controlled business by title insurers and title agents.

	86. Is the state department/division authorized by state law to require disclosure of affiliated business		
	arrangements? If yes, by whom must they be disclosed?		
AL	No		
AK	A.S. 21.66.210 requires two or more title insurance companies or title insurance limited producers or any combination thereof to apply to the Director of Insurance and disclose along the lines of the statute their business arrangement for a joint title plant.		
AS	N/A		
ΑZ	No		
AR	No		
CA	Yes. Underwritten title companies are required to report on controlled business sources.		
СО	Yes. Individual licensed title insurance producers and title entities are required to complete and submit the Affiliated Business Arrangement Disclosure form to the Division of Insurance, if they are a party to an affiliated business arrangement.		
СТ	Yes, per CGS section 38a-416(b), the title insurer and title agent must make the disclosure per CGS section 38a-416(b).		
FL	No		
GA	N/A		
ID	Yes, all affiliated business arrangement must be disclosed in writing by the producer of title business, signed by parties to the transaction, and provided to the title agent at the time of the sell and/or purchase contract is entered into.		
IN	Yes, Title agency and insurer		
KS	The title insurer's, title agency's or title agent's chief executive officer or designee.		
LA	N/A		
ME	No		
MD	Agents must comply with federal laws.		
MA	N/A		
MI	No		
MN	N/A		
MS	N/A		
МО	The title insurer, title agency, title agent must report annually on or before March 31st, any affiliated business arrangement on a form prescribed by the Director.		
МТ	Controlled business means that portion of the business of title insurance in this state of a title insurer of title insurance producer that is referred to it by a producer or associate having a financial interest in the title insurer or title insurance producer [MCA § 33-25-105 (5)]. A person may pay a return on an investment, based on a percentage of an ownership interest in a title insurance agency if at or prior to the time of a referral, a disclosure of the existence of the arrangement is made to the person being referred and, in connection with the referral, the person is provided with a written estimate of the charge or range of charges generally made by the title insurance producer to which the person is referred, and the person is not required to use a particular insurance producer [MCA § 33-25-401 (2)(a)(i)(ii). MCA § 33-2-1601. Licensure of managing general agent.		
NE	Yes, must be disclosed to either (A) title insurance agent or (B) party making a referral constituting "affiliated business" - Neb. Rev. Stat. 44-19, 112(4)(a)		
NV	Yes, during an examination pursuant to NRS 679B.230240		
NM	Title Insurance Bureau		
NC	No		

	86. Is the state department/division authorized by state law to require disclosure of affiliated business
	arrangements? If yes, by whom must they be disclosed?
ND	No
ОН	Yes. The applicant or the applicant's responsible designated agent is responsible for the disclosure.
OK	No
OR	Federal law would apply.
PA	No
PR	N/A
RI	N/A
SC	Yes. Each title insurer and agent shall file with the department reports setting forth the names of persons who have had a financial interest in the title insurer or title agent who are producers of title business or associates of producers.
TN	N/A
TX	Title agents have to disclose their ownership information. (Texas Basic Manual, Procedural Rule P-21)
UT	No
VT	N/A
VA	Yes, 55.1-905 of the Code of Virginia, must be disclosed by settlement service providers (escrow officers)
WA	RCW 48.29.015 and WAC 284-29-130 require title insurance agents to submit an Affiliated Business Ownership report with the Commissioner annually. Title insurance agents are required to submit this report.
WV	Financial institutions engaged in the sale of insurance.
WI	Yes, in accordance with s. 601.42, Wis. Stat., and ss. Ins. 3.32 and 6.61(11), Wis. Adm. Code.
WY	Title insurers and title agents

	87. Please list the statutes and regulations regarding affiliated business arrangements.	
AL		
AK AK	N/A	
AK AS	A.S. 21.66.210	
	N/A	
AZ	ARS 20-223	
AR	N/A	
CA	California Insurance Code Sections 12396-12399 and 12397-12397.5.	
СО	C.R.S. 10-2-401 (6), 10-11-124, 10-11-126, Regulation 8-1-3	
СТ	CGS section 38a-416 entitled Disclosure of Financial Interest. CGS section 38a-402 (6) includes the	
	definition of "Financial interest".	
FL	N/A	
GA	N/A	
ID	IDAPA 18.05.01.014 & 015.	
IN	HUD; 61 Fed. Reg 29258-64	
KS	K.S.A. 40-2404(14)(h), K.A.R. 40-3-52, K.A.R. 40-3-43.	
LA	N/A	
ME	N/A	
MD	Licensees of the Maryland Insurance Administration are required to comply with the federal law regarding disclosure - 12 U.S.C. Section 2607 (c) (4). 24 C.F.R. 3500.15, and Appendix D to 24 C.F.R. Part 3500, as applicable, regarding disclosures of affiliated business arrangements, as defined in 12 U.S.C. Section 2602. Licensees are also required to comply with the Ann. Code of Maryland, Peal Property Article Title 14. Subtitle 1. Section 14.127	
MA	Real Property Article Title 14, Subtitle 1, Section 14-127. N/A	
MI	N/A	
MN	N/A	
MS	N/A	
MO	Missouri Regulation 20 CSR 500-7.070 Section 381.029, RSMo	
MT	[MCA § 33-25-105 (5)], [MCA § 33-25-401 (2)(a)(i)(ii), MCA § 33-2-1601	
NE	Neb. Rev. Stat. 44-19, 112 [entire]	
NV	N/A	
NM	N/A	
NC	N/A	
ND	N/A	
OH	Ohio Revised Code Section 3953.21 Ohio Administrative Code 3901-5-09 and 3901-7-04	
OK	N/A	
OR	N/A	
OK		
PA	40 P.S. § 910-31 prohibits any form of compensation or benefit, directly or indirectly, to an "applicant for title insurance" as an inducement for the placement or referral of title insurance business. Under 40 P.S. § 910-1, the term "applicant for title insurance" is "deemed to include approved attorneys, real estate brokers, real estate salesmen, attorneys at law and all others who from time to time apply for title insurance, and are not agents for a title insurance company."	
PR	Section 9.061, 3.031 and 9.070 Puerto Rico Insurance Code	
RI	R.I. Gen. Laws § 27-2.6-14	
SC	38-75-960	
TN	Tenn. Code Ann. § 56-35-131	

	87. Please list the statutes and regulations regarding affiliated business arrangements.
TX	Texas Insurance Code Chapter 2651.203 and Texas Basic Manual, Procedural Rule P-21
UT	Utah Code Section 31A-23a-1001, et seq.
VT	N/A
VA	55.1-905 of the Code of Virginia
WA	RCW 48.29.015, 48.29.210, and 48.29.213. WAC 284-29-130 and 284-29-200. Also, generally WAC 284-29-120 through 284-29-160.
WV	33-11A-1 et seq.
WI	Sections Ins. 3.32 and 6.61(11), Wis. Adm. Code.
WY	Wyoming regulations Chapter 3

	88. Does the state have a	89. Is the guaranty association	90. Is the guaranty association	
	guaranty association that covers	for title	operated in conjunction with	
	title insurance?	insurance only?	other states?	
AL	No	N/A	N/A	
AK	Yes	Yes	No, it is for one state only	
AS	No	No	N/A	
ΑZ	No	N/A	N/A	
AR	No	N/A	N/A	
CA	No	N/A	N/A	
CO	No	N/A	N/A	
CT	No	N/A	N/A	
FL	No	N/A	N/A	
GA	No	N/A	N/A	
ID	No	N/A	N/A	
IN	No	N/A	N/A	
KS	No	N/A	N/A	
LA	No	N/A	N/A	
ME	No	No	N/A	
MD	Yes	No	No, it is for one state only	
MA	No	N/A	N/A	
MI	Yes	No	No, it is for one state only	
MN	No	N/A	N/A	
MS	No	N/A	N/A	
MO	No	N/A	N/A	
MT	No	N/A	N/A	
NE	No	N/A	N/A	
NV	No	N/A	N/A	
NM	Yes	Yes	No, it is for one state only	
NC	No	N/A	N/A	
ND	No	N/A	N/A	
ОН	No	N/A	N/A	
OK	No	N/A	N/A	
OR	No	N/A	N/A	
PA	No	N/A	N/A	
PR	No	N/A	No, it is for one state only	
RI	No	N/A	N/A	
SC	No	Yes	N/A	
TN	No	N/A	No, it is for one state only	
TX	Yes	Yes	No, it is for one state only	
UT	No	N/A	N/A	
VT	No	N/A	N/A	
VA	Yes	No	No, it is for one state only	
WA	No	N/A	N/A	
WV	No	N/A	N/A	
WI	No	N/A	N/A	
WY	No	N/A	N/A	

	91. Please list the statutes and regulations regarding guaranty associations.
AL	N/A
AK	A.S. 21.66.020
AS	N/A
ΑZ	ARS §20-685
AR	N/A
CA	N/A
СО	N/A
СТ	CGS section 38a-836 et seq. CGS section 38a-837(6) excludes title insurance. See also, CGS section 38a-409 concerning use of reserves on liquidation, dissolution or insolvency of a Conneticut domestic title insurer.
FL	N/A
GA	N/A
ID	N/A
IN	N/A
KS	K.S.A. 40-2901 et seq. K.S.A. 40-2902 exempts from guaranty association coverage policies insuring titles to property against loss by reason of defective titles, and other policies which insure the correctness of searches for liens or charges of instruments affecting property.
LA	La.R.S. 22:2051- 22:2070
ME	24-A M.R.S. § 4433(2)(E) (title insurance exclusion in guaranty association law)
MD	Annotated Code of Maryland, Title 9 Impaired Entities, Subtitle 3 Property and Casualty Insurance Guaranty Corporation.
MA	N/A
MI	MCL 500.7901
MN	N/A
MS	N/A
MO	N/A
MT	Each title insurer shall maintain its own guaranty fund or unearned premium reserve (MCA § 33-2-517). A title insurer shall establish and maintain its guaranty fund [MCA § 33-25-211].
NE	N/A. Neb. Rev. Stat. 44-2402 (guaranty associations in general)
NV	N/A
NM	59-A-30A-1 et seq. NMSA; 13.5.2 NMAC
NC	N/A
ND	N/A
ОН	N/A
OK	N/A
OR	N/A
PA	N/A
PR	Title Insurance has its own guaranty fund required in Section 24.020 of Puerto Rico Insurance Code. Puerto Rico Insurance Guaranty Association is regulated in Chapter 38 of the Puerto Rico Insurance Code. Section 38.030(5) specifically excludes title insurance from its coverage.
RI	N/A
SC	N/A
TN	T.C.A. 56-12-101 et seq.
TX	Texas Insurance Code Chapters 2602; Basic Manual for Rules, Rates, and Forms for the Writing of Title Insurance in the State of Texas, Procedural Rule P-30 and Administrative Rule G-1
UT	N/A
VT	N/A
VA	38.2-1600 et seq. of the Code of Virginia
WA	Chapters 48.32 and 48.32A RCW
WV	N/A
WI	N/A
***	11/12

	92. What types of issues, if any, related to title insurance have been the source of regulatory (investigation or enforcement) activity in the past five years?	
A T	None	
AL AK		
AS	Outsourced work to unlicensed persons	
AS AZ	None	
AR	None None	
AK		
CA	Twelve market conduct exams covering title insurance during the past five years have been completed. Eight of these focused-on claim handling practices of eight separate title insurers, the remaining four covered rating and underwriting issues, each of which included the title insurer and its affiliated underwritten title companies. In the rating and underwriting examinations, common themes were failure to file all schedules of rates and fees (including fees for escrow services), failure to adhere to rates that were filed, unclear/vague rules for qualifications for special contract or discounted rates that resulted in inconsistency in their application and therefore unfair discrimination, and unlawful rebates in the form of premium undercharges in comparison to filed rate schedules. There was no specific pattern of findings in the claims exams. Findings were miscellaneous in nature and consisted of limited instances of failure to thoroughly document claim files, delays in accepting or denying claims, and failure to conduct and certify annual training of claims agents. For all of these examination findings, the insurers implemented corrective actions to resolve the issue as part of the examination. No administrative enforcement action was initiated.	
CO	Marketing, handling of fiduciary funds, closing and settlement	
СТ	The Department worked with the Conneticut Attorney General's office concerning an investigation related to a "free charge" for title agent vetting services undertaken by lenders. The particular title insurer agreed to resolve the matter by agreeing to charge a reasonable amount for vetting services provided to lenders.	
FL	None	
GA	None	
ID	§§ 41-1314 AND 41-2708, Idaho Code. Rebates and illegal inducements. IDAPA 18.05.01.031 & Exhibit 1 (attachment to Idaho Rule 18.05.01).	
IN	Failing to timely enter real estate transactions into the RREAL IN database within the statutory time period; lack of fitness/trustworthiness/misappropriation of funds	
KS	None	
LA	None	
ME	None	
MD	The Maryland Insurance Administration examines the annual on-site reviews conducted by insurers of their appointed title agencies, pursuant to the Annotated Code of Maryland, Title 10, Subtitle 1, Section 10-121, as well as COMAR 31.04.22.	
MA	None	
MI	None	
MN	Unfair claims practices, RESPA anti-kickback, unlicensed activity, defalcation, failure to supervise, failure to appoint, misrepresentation regarding required purchase of title insurance, failure to reconcile trust accounts, unauthorized disbursement of trust funds resulting in consumer harm, and provision of false and misleading information.	
MS	None	
МО	Misstatement on the insurance producer application. Misappropriation of escrow funds. Failure to adhere to written instructions. Delay in timely issuance of the title insurance policy to the insured. Conducting the business of title insurance without a valid insurance producer license issued by this Department. Failure to timely submit the annual agency financial interest report and affiliated business arrangement report.	
MT	Revoked title producer defalcation license and suspended title producer defalcation license	

	92. What types of issues, if any, related to title insurance have been the source of regulatory (investigation	
	or enforcement) activity in the past five years?	
NE	None	
NV	The majority of investigation and enforcement activity is related to unlawful inducements.	
NM	Fraud, premium calculations, claims, escrow procedures, non-promulgated forms	
NC	None	
ND	None	
ОН	The Department's Fraud and Enforcement Division has investigated title insurance issues related to rebating, fraudulent or coercive practices, failure to file annual escrow account reviews, unlicensed activities, affiliated business arrangements, actions on professional license, and wire fraud.	
OK	Conducting insurance business without a license	
OR	Whether title insurers are providing an intermediary a thing of value exceeding state law limits and/or inducements	
PA	None	
PR	None	
RI	A market conduct sweep was conducted of all title insurers writing in Rhode Island, involving interrogatories and follow-up questions. This was prompted by a Rhode Island Supreme Court decision on whether title insurance agents could conduct real estate closings (yes) and perform all ancillary activities (some, but not all). That sweep will result in some observation letters, a warning letter and a referral to enforcement.	
SC	None	
TN	There has been no significant regulatory activity related to title insurance in the past five years. However, the Department is currently researching the issue of attorney opinion letters that are becoming available to consumers in lieu of title insurance.	
TX	Late annual escrow audit reports, rebating, CE violations, late underwriter remittances, late policy guaranty fees, thefts of escrow funds, unauthorized insurance, failure to properly close the transaction, failure to defend, insuring around, policy issuance, claims handling, fraud, noncompliance with escrow accounting regulations	
UT	Unfair inducements; defalcations	
VT	None	
VA	Unlicensed/unregistered activity of title agents and settlement agents (escrow), failure to handle funds in a fiduciary capacity, rebating/kickbacks, failure to escheat escrow funds annually, failure to retain settlement records in accordance with the Code of Virginia, acting without an appointment from underwriter/insurer, failure to complete duties of a settlement agent	
WA	The most common issue seen in investigations have been related to title insurance agencies not following the terms and conditions of sale and not distributing funds correctly from escrow. On the enforcement side, title agencies and agents not complying with escrow rules or other terms and conditions of sales, not meeting compliance requirements under the Insurance Code, and violating inducement law.	
WV	None	
WI	Record retention, rate downward deviation, blanket exceptions, and the use of arbitration	
WY	None	

	93. How many full-time equivalent staff are dedicated to, or on average, work on title insurance	
	issues in your state?	
AL	4	
AK	None	
AS		
ΑZ	1	
AR	None	
CA	Licensing has one program technician who processes title marketing representative license applications, appointments, and renewal.	
CO	Two FTE. One dedicated to Market Regulation and one dedicated to Investigations.	
СТ	5	
FL	One full-time equivalent staff at the Office of Insurance Regulation and one full-time equivalent staff at the Department of Financial Services.	
GA	1	
ID	1	
IN	3	
KS	less than one	
LA	3	
ME	1/2	
MD	3-5	
MA	None	
MI	3	
MN	1 FTE	
MS	None. The Department has little regulatory oversight regarding title insurance.	
МО	Consumer Affairs Division - 1 full time employee; Market Regulation Division - 0.25 full time employee	
МТ	15 - the Montana CSI has 5 P&C Insurance Consumer Services compliance specialists who may investigate title insurance consumer complaints, 3 Producer Licensing specialists who may investigate title producer licensing and appointment issues, 2 Market Conduct examiners who may investigate title insurer issues, 4 investigators who may investigate allegations of title producer or insured violations of MCA § 33, and 1 staff attorney dedicated to title insurance.	
NE	2 staff members work on title issues, as needed.	
NV	1	
NM	4	
NC	The Department does not have staff solely dedicated to work on title insurance issues.	
ND	1 FTE	
ОН	26 individuals at the Department handle title insurance related issues, but none are wholly dedicated to title insurance issues.	
OK	Variable	
OR	Title insurance work is encompassed under P&C - there are at least half a dozen staff who can answer questions about title insurance.	

	93. How many full-time equivalent staff are dedicated to, or on average, work on title insurance issues in your state?	
PA	No Department staff are dedicated to title insurance issues alone. Title insurance rate filings are reviewed by P&C actuarial staff. Title insurance policy form filings are reviewed by P&C policy form examiner staff. Title insurance consumer complaints are handled by the Bureau of Consumer Services. Title insurance companies are licensed by Company Licensing Staff. Title insurance agents are licensed by Producer Licensing Staff. Market conduct issues are handled by the Bureau of Market Actions. Etc.	
PR	11 approximately from the Actuarial/Property Division, Licensing Division, Market Conduct and Investigation Division, Financial Analisis and Exam Division - not exclusively dedicated to title insurance tasks	
RI	None	
SC	None	
TN	There are no full-time staff dedicated to work on title insurance.	
TX	About 30	
UT	The Department does not assign specific staff to do title insurance work only. Licensing is done by the company licensing section or the agent/agency licensing section. Market conduct matters concerning title insurance are handled within the market conduct section.	
VT	less than one	
VA	8	
WA	The Department has at least seven staff dedicated to, or on average work, on title insurance issued in Washington. This includes one Policy Analyst, one Functional Program Analyst, one Producer and Licensing Oversight Manager, and several Insurance Attorneys, Attorney Managers, Investigators and Deputy Insurance Commissioners. While the Department has several staff with specific experience on title insurance issues in the investigative and enforcement side of Legal Affairs, everyone takes on cases involving the issues for cross training.	
WV	None	
WI	1	
WY	2	

	94. Miscellaneous comments:
AL	
AK	
AS	
AZ	
AR	
CA	
СО	
CT	
	Florida's regulatory set-up invloves oversight by two separate state agnecies. The Office of Insurance
FL	Regulation oversees the tile insurance underwriters and the Department of Financial Services
GA	oversees the title insurance agents and agencies.
ID	
IN	Pursuant to IC 27-1-22-28, the Indiana Department of Insurance must maintain a title insurance rate comparison tool. The tool is located here: https://www.in.gov/idoi/consumers/title-insurance-rate-comparison-tool
KS	Companison-tool
LA	
ME	
MD	
MA	
MI	
MN	
MS	
МО	Missouri issues an insurance producer license for persons conducting the business of insurance as defined in Section 381.031(19), RSMo.
MT	The American Land Title Association (ALTA) Standard Owners Policy sold in Montana is separate from the ALTA Extended Owners Policy; and Multiple owners' policies may be written as a single risk, but the insureds, however, receive separate policies. Policy Rate And Form Regulation-MCA § 33-25-214. Underwriting standards – record retention. ARM 6.6.2201. Liens, Encumbrances, and Standards of Insurability. ARM 6.6.2203. Rebates and Inducements
NE	
NV	
NM	
NC	
ND	
ОН	
OK	
OR	
PA	
PR	
RI	
SC	
TN	

	94. Miscellaneous comments:
TX	Texas promulgates the forms and does not have standard or enhanced policies. Endorsements can be added to the promulgated policy forms as needed. Title Insurance rates are promulgated and include a charge for closing. Escrow fees are not part of the promulgated rates. Title Insurance premium rates are promulgated. Rates include a charge for closing, but not escrow. Rates must be reasonable to the public and non-confiscatory to the title insurers and title agents. The Department promulgate the title insurance policy forms and endorsements. The Department sets premium rates, which must be reasonable to the public and non-confiscatory to title insurers and title agents. Liable for losses resulting from defalcations is primarily imposed through a closing protection letter, but it might be possible for liability to be imposed by other means such as common law, statutory grounds, or contract. Searches are not ordinarily conducted from publicly available recorders' websites, but can be under certain special circumstances. Buyers and sellers can request insured closing letters – T-51, 2702.002
UT	
VT	
VA	
WA	
WV	The Department does little to no activity on title insurance or real estate closing issues. All closings have to be performed by attorneys who are regulated by the West Virginia State Bar.
WI	Additional processes, such as title search or examination of title, may be included in title rates pursuant to s. Ins. 3.32(3)(d), Wis. Adm. Code. Certain exemptions on filing rates with the Department may apply. See ss. Ins. 6.78 and 6.785, Wis. Adm. Code. In regards to filing fees, an agent may be subject to disclosure requirements under s. 628.32, Wis. Stat. There are no insurance laws prohibiting the preparation of a title policy by an entity located outside of the state. There are no insurance requirements for a licensed entity to have physical offices or perform activities within the state.
WY	



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