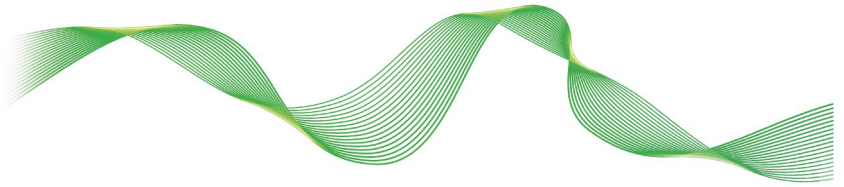




2026 SUMMER NATIONAL MEETING
COLUMBUS, OH



Attachment Two
Innovation, Cybersecurity, and Technology (H) Committee
8/14/26

*2026 Summer National Meeting
Columbus, Ohio*

BIG DATA AND ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (H) WORKING GROUP

Thursday, August 13, 2026
1:00 p.m. – 2:00 p.m.

Meeting Summary Report

The Big Data and Artificial Intelligence (H) Working Group met Aug. 13, 2026. During this meeting, the Working Group:

1. Adopted its July 22 minutes. During this meeting, the Working Group took the following action:
 - A. Adopted its June 1 minutes. During this meeting, the Working Group took the following action:
 - i. Adopted its Spring National Meeting minutes (*see NAIC Proceedings – Summer 2026, Innovation Cybersecurity and Technology (H) Committee, Attachment One*).
 - ii. Received an update on the Artificial Intelligence (AI) Systems Evaluation Tool pilot process.
 - iii. Heard a panel discussion on AI governance trends.
 - B. Received an update on the AI Risk Evaluation Supplement (formerly known as the AI Systems Evaluation Tool) pilot process.
 - C. Heard a panel discussion on perspectives from actuarial organizations on generalized linear models (GLMs) and AI governance.
2. Received an update on the AI Risk Evaluation Supplement pilot process. The pilot, which began in March, involves 12 participating states and will continue through September. Pilot states are using the supplement in support of a mix of market conduct exams, financial exams, and financial analyses, as well as in the context of a more general regulatory inquiry. Pilot state insurance regulators are coordinating regulatory communication and determining which companies to include in the pilot. Public updates will be provided throughout the pilot process.
3. Received a presentation from AM Best on AI governance in insurance. The presentation explained how governance should evolve as insurers move from predictive to generative and agentic AI, with governance proportional to the risk of each use case. It emphasized validation, human oversight, monitoring, documentation, and controls such as authorization limits and rollback procedures. AI risks should be managed within existing enterprise risk management frameworks, with governance designed to keep pace with the increasing autonomy and complexity of AI.